



I assent.

C. Donaldson

Officer Administering the Government.

26th March, 1930.

BRITISH GUIANA.

[THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.]

ORDINANCE NO. 13 OF 1930.

AN ORDINANCE to amend the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, 1899, with respect to the sale of drugs and poisons. A.D. 1930.

BE it enacted by the Governor of British Guiana, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, 1929, and shall be construed with the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, 1899, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance, and any Ordinances amending the same. Short Title.
No. 3 of 1899.

2. Section nineteen of the Principal Ordinance, as amended by section three of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, 1928, is hereby repealed and the following is substituted therefor :— Repeal and re-enactment of sec. 19 of Ord. 3 of 1899.

"Prohibition
of sale of
drugs by un-
registered
persons.

19.—(1) No person shall keep any shop for selling, retailing, dispensing or compounding drugs, proprietary medicines or poisons excluding patent medicines in sealed original packages unless all such drugs and poisons are dispensed, compounded and sold or retailed under the direct charge and supervision of a duly registered chemist and druggist engaged therein for that purpose and no person shall sell, retail, dispense or compound drugs or poisons as aforesaid unless such drugs or poisons are sold, retailed, dispensed or compounded in a shop as aforesaid and by or under the direct charge and supervision of a duly registered chemist and druggist.

(2) No registered chemist and druggist under whose direct charge and supervision drugs and poisons as aforesaid are sold, retailed, dispensed or compounded shall leave such shop or such part thereof as may be used for selling, retailing, dispensing or compounding such drugs or poisons open during his absence without leaving some registered chemist and druggist in charge thereof and actually in attendance therein, unless before leaving he puts away and properly secures all poisons named or described in Schedule IV. to this Ordinance.

(3) The Governor may by notice published in the *Gazette* remove from or add any article to Schedule IV. of this Ordinance. Any removals or additions made in pursuance of this section shall have the same effect as if enacted in this Ordinance.

(4) The registered person by whom or under whose supervision any drugs or poisons are dispensed or compounded, shall write on a label on the bottle or other package containing such drugs or poisons his name or initials, and any label attached to any such bottle or package and having the name or initials of any registered person written thereon, shall be *prima facie* evidence in any case that such drugs or poisons were dispensed or compounded by him or under his supervision.

(5) The person by or in whose name any such open shop as aforesaid is kept shall see that the provisions of the preceding sub-section are complied with in respect of all drugs or poisons sent from his shop.

(6) Any person offending against any of the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars."

3. Section twenty-four of the Principal Ordinance as enacted by section five of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, 1928, is hereby repealed and the following is substituted therefor :—

Repeal and re-enactment of sec. 24 of Ord. 3 of 1899.

“ Sign on shop for the sale of drugs.

24.—(1) Every person keeping open any shop for the sale, retailing, dispensing or compounding of drugs or poisons shall have over the principal entrance of such shop painted in legible characters, at least one inch each in length, the name of the registered chemist and druggist under whose direct charge and supervision drugs and poisons as aforesaid are sold, retailed, dispensed or compounded, and the words ‘ licensed to sell drugs and poisons.’

(2) Any person offending against any of the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars.”

4. Sub-section (1) of Section twenty-five of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended—

Amendment of Section 25 (1) of Ordinance 3 of 1899.

- (a) by inserting the word “ compounded ” after the word “ dispensed ” in the third line of paragraph (1) thereof ;
- (b) by inserting the words “ and compounding ” after the word “ dispensing ” in the first and second lines of paragraph (6) thereof ; and
- (c) by adding the following as paragraph (9) thereof :—

“ (9) The sale or supply or the dispensing or compounding of drugs or poisons in Public Hospitals and Public Dispensaries by Dispensers appointed under the Public Hospitals Ordinance, 1885, or the Dispensaries Ordinance, 1907.”

No. 2 of 1885.
No. 10 of 1907.

5. Any person who at the commencement of the Medical (Consolidation) Ordinance 1926, was duly registered as a sicknurse and dispenser and was at that time and still is the proprietor of an established shop for selling, retailing, dispensing or compounding of drugs, poisons or patent and proprietary medicines within the municipal boundaries of Georgetown and New Amsterdam or within one mile thereof shall be entitled to be registered as a chemist and druggist within the meaning of the Principal Ordinance and any Ordinances amending the same.

Registration of persons in certain cases as Chemists and Druggists.
No. 23 of 1926.

Provided that any person who at the commencement of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, 1899, was entitled to exemption under sub-section (1) of section seven thereof shall also be entitled to be registered as a chemist and druggist within the meaning of the Prin-

No. 3 of 1899

principal Ordinance and any Ordinances amending the same on furnishing proof to the satisfaction of the Board of Examiners that he was entitled to exemption.

6. The Schedule hereto annexed and numbered IV. is hereby added as Schedule IV. to the Principal Ordinance.

New
Schedule to
Ord. 3 of
1899.

SCHEDULE IV.

- Aconite, Aconitine and their preparations.
 Antimony, Soluble salts of—and all preparations or admixtures containing 1 or more per cent. of emetic tartar.
 Arsenic and its preparations.
 Atropine, and its salts and their preparations.
 Belladonna, and all preparations or admixtures (except Belladonna Plasters) containing 0.1 or more per cent. of Belladonna Alkaloids.
 Cantharides and its poisonous derivatives.
 Corrosive Sublimate, its solutions and preparations containing 0.5 or more per cent. of corrosive sublimate and other soluble salts of Mercury.
 Cyanide of Potassium, and all poisonous cyanides and their preparations.
 Diamorphine (also known as Heroin) and all preparations or admixtures containing 0.1 per cent. of Diamorphine.
 Diethyl Barbituric Acid and other Alkyl, aryl or metallic derivatives of Barbituric acid, whether described as Veronal, Proponal, Medinal or by any other trade name, mark or designation and all poisonous urethanes and ureides.
 Nux Vomica, and all preparations or admixtures containing 0.2 or more per cent. of strychnine.
 Opium, and all preparations or admixtures of opium containing 0.2 or more per cent. of Morphine.
 Prussic Acid, and all preparations or admixtures containing 0.1 or more per cent. of Prussic Acid.
 Strychnine, Cocaine and all poisonous alkaloids not specially mentioned in this Schedule, and their Salts, and all poisonous derivatives of alkaloids.
 Sulphuric Acid, and all preparations or admixtures containing more than 15 per cent. of Sulphuric Acid.
 Carbolic Acid, and liquid preparations of Carbolic Acid and its homologues containing more than three per cent. of those substances.
 Chloral hydrate.
 Chloroform and all preparations and admixtures containing more than 20 per cent. of Chloroform.
 Ether.
 Hydrochloric Acid.
 Lead, soluble salts of.
 Mercuric iodide.
 Mercuric sulphocyanide.
 Nitric Acid Fort.
 Oxalic Acid, and all soluble oxalates.
 Paraldehyde.
 Precipitate Red, and all oxides of Mercury.
 Precipitate White.
 Sulphonal, and its homologues, whether described as trional, tetronal, or by any other trade name, mark or designation.
 Vermin or weed killers containing any poison.
 Zinc, soluble salts of—including Zinc Chloride, and liquid preparations of Zinc Chloride.

Passed by the Legislative Council this 6th day of February, 1930.

H. Blain

Clerk of the Council.

(M.P. 3810/25).