# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE GUYANA WATER INCORPORATED

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

CONTRACTED AUDITORS: MAURICE SOLOMON

& COMPANY

92 ORNONQUE ST. QUEENSTOWN GEORGETOWN

AUDITORS: AUDIT OFFICE
63 HIGH STREET
KINGSTON
GEORGETOWN
GUYANA

# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE GUYANA WATER INCORPORATED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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166/PC: 80/1/2018

9 April 2018

Mr. Clifton Nigel Hinds Chairman - Board of Directors Guyana Water Incorporated Vlissengen Road and Church Street, Bel Air Park Georgetown.

Dear Mr. Hinds,

# AUDIT OF THE BOOKS AND ACCOUNTS OF THE GUYANA WATER INCORPORATED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Please find attached four (4) copies of the audited financial statements, together with the report of the Auditor General, thereon.

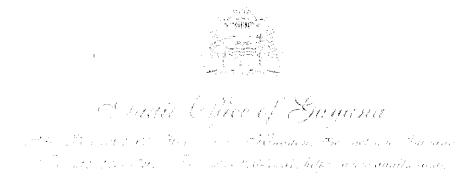
Should you need any further explanation, please do not hesitate to contact us.

With best regards.

Yours sincerely,

Nichette Harcourt Nichette Harcourt Audit Manager (ag.) for Auditor General

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AG: 129/2018 9 April 2018

# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE GUYANA WATER INCORPORATED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

**Opinion** 

Chartered Accountants Maurice Solomon & Company have audited on my behalf the financial statements of Guyana Water Incorporated, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes as set out on pages 4 to 29.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Guyana Water Incorporated as at 31 December 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

### Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) issued by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC), the International Standards of Supreme Audit Institution (ISSAIs) and the Audit Act 2004. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Guyana, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

### Emphasis of Matter

I draw attention to Note 7 of the financial statements which shows the Company's Trade Receivables as \$4,841,729,149 for the year ended 31 December 2016 and \$4,850,516,896 in respect of the previous year.

For the year ended 31 December 2016, Trade Receivables represent 14% of total assets of the company and 13% for the previous year. Further, such Trade Receivables were 140% of the total operating income of the year 2016, and 134% of the total operating income of the year 2015.

Such recurring high levels of Trade Receivables indicate there is a degree of uncertainty to whether these debts may be collectible and may cast significant doubt about the policies and procedures used for the debt collection.

My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and the Companies Act 1991 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs and ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.
  The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
  one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

AUDITOR GENERAL

AUDIT OFFICE 63 HIGH STREET KINGSTON GEORGETOWN GUYANA



# Maurice Bolomon & Co.



Chartered Accountants/Management Consultants

# REPORT OF THE CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS MAURICE SOLOMON& CO. TO THE AUDITOR GENERAL ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GUYANA WATER INCORPORATED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Guyana Water Incorporated which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December, 2016 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December, 2016 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes as set out on pages 8 to 29.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Guyana Water Incorporated in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 7 of the financial statements which shows the Company's Trade Receivables as \$4,841,729,149 for the year ended 31 December 2016 and \$4,850,516,896 in respect of the previous year.

For the year ended 31 December 2016, Trade Receivables represent 14% of total assets of the company and 13% for the previous year. Further, such Trade Receivables were 140% of the total operating income of the year 2016, and 134% of total operating income of the year 2015.

Such recurring high levels of Trade Receivables indicate there is a degree of uncertainty to whether these debts may be collectible and may cast significant doubt about the policies and procedures used for debt collection.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

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### Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, Companies Act 1991 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Maurice Solomon & Co. Chartered Accountants

April 6, 2018

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note	2016	2015
ASSETS		G\$	· <b>G</b> \$
NON - CURRENT ASSETS:			<b></b>
Property, plant and equipment	3	23,492,494,021	23,990,314,540
Intangible assets	4	13,972,812	83,858,068
Capital work in progress	5	3,861,307,361	2,814,542,933
Fixed deposit investments	9	1,206,857,990	1,176,857,143
Total Non-Current Assets:	•	28,574,632,184	28,065,572,684
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	6	1,118,833,405	1,211,101,347
Accounts receivables	7	4,841,729,149	4,850,516,896
VAT receivable	8	127,824,932	71,693,453
Cash and cash equivalents	9	657,868,903	1,799,413,911
Total Current Assets		6,746,256,389	7,932,725,607
TOTAL ASSETS		35,320,888,573	35,998,298,291
EXTERNAL FUNDINGS			
External Funding -Government of Guyana Counterpart	10	14 782 011 200	14 252 440 006
External Funding -Department for International Development	10	14,782,011,399 396,229,695	14,253,440,896
External Funding - World Bank	10	•	462,083,631
External Funding -Inter- American Development Bank	10	2,233,257,604	2,379,009,207
External Funding -European Union		6,178,227,796	6,233,191,217
External Funding -Japan International Cooperation Agency	10	8,754,884	9,668,420
TOTAL EXTERNAL FUNDING	10	1,794,976,546	1,963,613,986
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	•	25,393,457,924	25,301,007,357
Share capital	11	8,825,300	8,825,300
Additional share capital	11	3,372,346,395	3,372,346,395
Revaluation reserve		1,892,206,079	1,892,206,079
Retained earnings		1,055,887,843	2,223,236,237
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		6,329,265,617	7,496,614,011
TOTAL EXTERNAL FUNDING AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		31,722,723,541	32,797,621,368
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES: ->			
Deferred income from other funding sources	I	307,468,582	305,404,280
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Trade and other payables	12	1,308,573,284	1 144 010 3=1
Deferred billings	13	77,988,597	1,144,010,371
Taxation payable	14	1,904,134,569	76,161,794 1,675,100,478
, m. 10	٠. د	1,704,134,307	1,073,100,478
Total Current Liabilities		3,290,696,450	2,895,272,643
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		35,320,888,573	35,998,298,291
The Board of Directors approved these financial statements for issue	on April 6,2018	19 Bu	0
o CHAIRMAN	_	DIRECTOR	

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note	2016 G\$	2015 G\$
Operating Income		2,123,067,191	2,360,859,441
Measured water supply	15	1,315,471,419	1,256,667,204
Unmeasured water supply		1,515,471,415	1,230,001,201
Total Operating Income		3,438,538,610	3,617,526,645
Operating Expenses	,		
Employment costs	16	1,554,190,375	1,207,593,561
Depreciation and amortisation		1,351,747,300	1,739,544,821
Director's fees	17	1,056,000	1,082,000
Administrative expenses	18	294,318,926	190,437,303
Audit and professional fees	•	8,253,665	7,520,600
Premises costs	r <b>ì</b> 9	3,133,526,473	2,733,935,717
Rates and taxes		529,078	581,664
Bad debts write off		-	495,761,661
Adjustment to prior year income	20	336,960,471	453,134,596
Transport costs	21	112,128,564	63,036,261
Supplies and services costs	22	1,259,352,889	596,974,536
Provision for slow moving stock	6	-	81,038,384
Total Operating Expenses		8,052,063,741	7,570,641,104
Operating Expenses For The Year		(4,613,525,131)	(3,953,114,459)
Other Income	23	2,513,958,221	2,134,960,094
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of assets		(237,033)	389,725
Reduction/ (increase) in the provision for bad debts		(35,936,789)	2,223,702,492
Interest Income		49,044,571	44,481,256
Withholding tax		(9,809,064)	(8,895,249)
Deferred income -amortisation of government grants	10	1,158,190,921	1,087,452,146
Net Profit/ (Loss) Before Taxation	r	(938,314,304)	1,528,976,006
Taxation		(229,034,090)	(244,422,505)
Net comprehensive income / (loss) for the year attributable to shareholder's equity		(1,167,348,394)	1,284,553,500
Basic Earnings/(Loss) Per Share	25	(132)	146

GUYANA WATER INC.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

For the year ended 31 December 2016	Share Capital G\$	Additional Paid -in-Capital G\$	Retained Earnings G\$	Revaluation Reserve G\$	Total G\$
As at beginning of year  Total comprehensive loss  Deferred income -amortisation of government grants  Net loss for the year	8,825,300	3,372,346,395	<b>2,223,236,237</b> (2,325,539,315) 1,158,190,921 (1,167,348,394)	1,892,206,079	7,496,614,011 (2,325,539,315) 1,158,190,921 (1,167,348,394)
As at end of year	8,825,300	3,372,346,395	1,055,887,843	1,892,206,079	6,329,265,617
For the year ended 31 December 2015	8 825 300	301 9P1 CL1 E		1.892.206.079	6.212.060.511
As at beginning of year  Total comprehensive profit  Deferred income -amortisation of government grants	0000000 -	٠ / كوك لـ كون -	1,087,452,146		1,087,452,146
Net profit for the year	•	ı	1,284,553,500	•	1,284,553,500
As at end of year	8,825,300	3,372,346,395	2,223,236,237	1,892,206,079	7,496,614,011

### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

PRETAING ACTIVITIES:         (1,167,348,394)         1,284,553,500           Profit (Loss) for the year         (1,167,348,394)         1,284,553,500           Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) / profit to net cash provided by operating activities:           Depreciation and amortisation         1,351,747,300         1,379,544,821           Loss)/Gain on disposal of property and equipment         237,033         389,725           Adjustment of receivables         336,960,471         948,896,257           (Reduction)/Increase in the provision for bad debts         35,960,878         81,038,384           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.         (1,838,610,100)         (1,087,452,146)           Amortisation of government grants         (44,044,57)         (44,044,57)           Interest income         92,267,942         (273,842,747)           (Increase) Decrease in inventories         92,267,942         (273,842,737)           (Increase) In accounts receivables         (395,423,807)         413,462,462           CASH ARSORBED FROM OPERATIONS         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATION ACTIVITIES         (30,055,244)         (30,055,244)           Investment in non-current assets         (509,552,346)		2016 G\$	2015 G\$
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) / profit to net cash provided by operatines activities:         1,351,747,300         1,739,544,821           Depreciation and amortisation         1,351,747,300         1,739,544,821           (Loss)/Gain on disposal of properly and equipment         237,033         (389,725)           Adjustment of receivables         336,960,471         948,896,257           (Reduction)/Increase in the provision for bad debts         35,936,789         (2,223,702,492)           Provision for slow moving stock         (1,388,610,100)         (1,738,615,541)           Government subsidy for electricity changes from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.         (1,838,610,100)         (1,738,615,541)           Amortisation of government grants         (11,158,190,20)         (1,087,452,146)           Interest income         (49,044,571)         (44,481,256)           (Increase) / Decrease in inventories         (2,488,312,393)         (1,040,608,198)           (Increase) / Decrease in inventories         (420,240,992)         (317,787,283)           (Increase) / Decrease in inventories         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           (Increase) / Decrease in inventories         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           (Increase) / Decrease in trade and other payables         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           NET CASH	OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Depreciation and amortisation	Profit/ (Loss) for the year	(1,167,348,394)	1,284,553,500
Depreciation and amortisation   1,351,747,300   1,739,544,821   1,237,033   3,897,255   1,237,033   3,897,255   1,237,033   3,696,471   348,96,257   336,960,471   348,96,257   336,960,471   348,96,257   336,960,471   348,96,257   359,367,89   (2,223,702,492)   1,000,000,000   1,000,0	Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) / profit to net cash provided by operating		
Class   Gain on disposal of property and equipment   237,033   36,960,471   948,896,257   336,960,471   948,896,257   336,960,471   948,896,257   336,960,471   948,896,257   35,936,789   (2223,702,492)   Provision for slow moving stock   35,936,789   (2233,702,492)   Provision for slow moving stock   81,038,848   (30,007,848   10,100   1,738,615,541)   Amortisation of government grants   (1,58,190,921)   (1,687,452,146)   (1,688,610,100   (1,788,615,541)   (44,481,256)   (44,481,	activities:		
Adjustment of receivables         336,960,471         948,896,257           (Reduction)/Increase in the provision for bad debts         35,936,789         (2,223,702,492)           Provision for slow moving stock         81,038,384           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.         (1,888,610,100)         (1,738,615,541)           Amortisation of government grants         (1,158,190,921)         (1,087,452,146)           Interest income         (49,044,571)         (44,481,256)           OPERATING LOSS BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES         (2,488,312,393)         (1,040,608,198)           (Increase) / Decrease in inventories         92,267,942         (273,842,737)           (Increase) in accounts receivables         (420,240,992)         (317,787,283)           (Increase) in accounts receivables         395,423,807         (413,462,462           CASH ABSORBED FROM OPERATIONS         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           INET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         (30,003,407)         (30,003,407)           Investinent in non-current assets         (509,552,346)         (380,751,504)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         (50,000,000)         (500,000,000)           FINANC	Depreciation and amortisation	1,351,747,300	1,739,544,821
Reduction)/Increase in the provision for bad debts   7,35,36,789   7,223,702,492   7,223,702,702   7,223,702		•	• • •
Provision for slow moving stock   81,038,384     Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.   (1,838,610,100)   (1,738,615,541)     Amortisation of government grants   (1,158,190,921)   (1,087,452,146)     Interest income   (49,044,571)   (44,481,256)     OPERATING LOSS BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES   (2,488,312,393)   (1,040,608,198)     (Increase) / Decrease in inventories   (2,488,312,393)   (1,040,608,198)     (Increase) / Decrease in inventories   (420,240,992)   (317,787,283)     Increase in trade and other payables   (420,240,992)   (317,787,283)     Increase in trade and other payables   (420,240,992)   (317,787,283)     Increase in trade and other payables   (2,420,861,636)   (1,218,775,756)     NET CASH ABSORBED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES   (2,420,861,636)   (1,218,775,756)     Interest income   (47,893,722)   (14,989,949)     Investment in non-current assets   (309,552,346)   (380,751,504)     Investment in capital work in progress   (1,321,490,637)   (1,492,687,063)     Investment in certificate of deposit   (30,000,847)   (500,000,000)     Proceeds from disposal of non current assets   (1,813,150,108)   (2,352,682,124)     FINANCING ACTIVITIES:   (1,813,150,108)   (3,000,847)     Contribution from Government of Guyana   (1,157,623,000)   (504,108,182)     Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank   (94,169,334)   (648,641,734)     Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.   (1,818,610,100)   (1,738,615,541)     Other funding received   (3,000,847)   (3,000,847)     Other funding received	· ·		
Covernment subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc. Amortisation of government grants (1,588,610,100) (1,738,615,541) (1,087,452,146) (1,087,452,1	·	35,936,789	
Amortisation of government grants Interest income         (1,158,190,921) (49,044,571)         (1,087,452,146) (44,481,256)           OPERATING LOSS BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES         (2,488,312,393)         (1,040,608,198)           (Increase) / Decrease in inventories (Increase) in accounts receivables         92,267,942 (273,842,737)         (317,787,283)           Increase in trade and other payables         395,423,807 (413,462,462)         413,462,462           CASH ABSORBED FROM OPERATIONS         (2,420,861,636) (1,218,775,756)           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         (2,420,861,636) (1,218,775,756)           Investment in come         47,893,722 14,989,949           Investment in non-current assets         (509,552,346) (380,751,504)           Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637) (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847) (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         5,766,494           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,1813,150,108) (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (1,813,150,108) (3,000,847) (500,000,000)           Contribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000 (504,000) (50	,	-	, ,
Interest income         (49,044,571)         (44,481,256)           OPERATING LOSS BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES         (2,488,312,393)         (1,040,608,198)           (Increase) / Decrease in inventories         92,267,942         (273,842,737)           (Increase) in accounts receivables         (420,240,992)         (317,787,283)           Increase in trade and other payables         395,423,807         413,462,462           CASH ABSORBED FROM OPERATIONS         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         47,893,722         14,989,949           Investment in non-current assets         (509,552,346)         (380,751,504)           Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637)         (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (1,813,150,108)         (375,2682,124)           FOntribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank         94,169,334         648,641,734			
OPERATING LOSS BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES         (2,488,312,393)         (1,040,608,198)           (Increase) / Decrease in inventories         92,267,942         (273,842,737)           (Increase) in accounts receivables         (420,240,992)         (317,787,283)           Increase in trade and other payables         395,423,807         413,462,462           CASH ABSORBED FROM OPERATIONS         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         37,893,722         14,889,949           Investment come         47,893,722         14,889,949           Investment in non-current assets         (599,552,346)         (380,751,504)           Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637)         (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FONT CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FUNANCING ACTIVITIES:         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           Contribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Int			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories         (92,267,942         (273,842,737)           (Increase) in accounts receivables         (420,240,992)         (317,787,283)           Increase in trade and other payables         395,423,807         413,462,462           CASH ABSORBED FROM OPERATIONS         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         47,893,722         14,989,949           Investment in non-current assets         (509,552,346)         (380,751,504)           Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637)         (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         5,766,494           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (1,813,150,108)         504,108,182           Contribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank         94,169,334         648,641,734           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.         1,838,610,100         1,738,615,541	Interest income	(49,044,571)	(44,481,256)
Clincrease in raccounts receivables   1420,240,992   317,787,283   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,462   143,462,465   143,462,465   143,462,465   143,462,465   143,462,465   143,475,756   143	OPERATING LOSS BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	(2,488,312,393)	(1,040,608,198)
Clarcease in raccounts receivables   1420,240,992   317,787,283   395,423,807   413,462,462,462   413,462,462	(Increase) /Decrease in inventories	92,267,942	(273,842,737)
NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATIONS   C,420,861,636   (1,218,775,756)	(Increase) in accounts receivables	(420,240,992)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         (2,420,861,636)         (1,218,775,756)           INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         47,893,722         14,989,949           Investment in non-current assets         (509,552,346)         (380,751,504)           Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637)         (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         -         5,766,494           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         Contribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank         94,169,334         648,641,734           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.         1,838,610,100         1,738,615,541           Other funding received         2,064,302         127,870,753           NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         3,092,466,736         3,019,236,210           NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (1,141,545,008)         (552,221,670)           NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,799,413,911         2,351,635,5582	Increase in trade and other payables	395,423,807	413,462,462
Investment in non-current assets   14,889,349   14,989,949   10,000,000   10,000,	CASH ABSORBED FROM OPERATIONS	(2,420,861,636)	(1,218,775,756)
Interest income         47,893,722         14,989,949           Investment in non-current assets         (509,552,346)         (380,751,504)           Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637)         (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         -         5,766,494           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         Contribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank         94,169,334         648,641,734           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.         1,838,610,100         1,738,615,541           Other funding received         2,064,302         127,870,753           NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         3,092,466,736         3,019,236,210           NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (1,141,545,008)         (552,221,670)           NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,799,413,911         2,351,635,582	NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,420,861,636)	(1,218,775,756)
Investment in non-current assets         (509,552,346)         (380,751,504)           Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637)         (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         -         5,766,494           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         -         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Government of Guyana         94,169,334         648,641,734           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.         1,838,610,100         1,738,615,541           Other funding received         2,064,302         127,870,753           NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         3,092,466,736         3,019,236,210           NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (1,141,545,008)         (552,221,670)           NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,799,413,911         2,351,635,582	INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment in non-current assets         (509,552,346)         (380,751,504)           Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637)         (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         -         5,766,494           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         -         -         504,108,182           Contribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank         94,169,334         648,641,734           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.         1,838,610,100         1,738,615,541           Other funding received         2,064,302         127,870,753           NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         3,092,466,736         3,019,236,210           NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (1,141,545,008)         (552,221,670)           NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,799,413,911         2,351,635,582	Interest income	47,893,722	14.989.949
Investment in capital work in progress         (1,321,490,637)         (1,492,687,063)           Investment in certificate of deposit         (30,000,847)         (500,000,000)           Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         -         5,766,494           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         -         -           Contribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank         94,169,334         648,641,734           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light inc.         1,838,610,100         1,738,615,541           Other funding received         2,064,302         127,870,753           NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         3,092,466,736         3,019,236,210           NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (1,141,545,008)         (552,221,670)           NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,799,413,911         2,351,635,582			
Investment in certificate of deposit	Investment in capital work in progress	• • • •	
Proceeds from disposal of non current assets         5,766,494           NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (1,813,150,108)         (2,352,682,124)           FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         Contribution from Government of Guyana         1,157,623,000         504,108,182           Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank         94,169,334         648,641,734           Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc. Other funding received         1,838,610,100         1,738,615,541           Other funding received         2,064,302         127,870,753           NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         3,092,466,736         3,019,236,210           NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (1,141,545,008)         (552,221,670)           NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,799,413,911         2,351,635,582			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         Contribution from Government of Guyana       1,157,623,000       504,108,182         Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank       94,169,334       648,641,734         Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.       1,838,610,100       1,738,615,541         Other funding received       2,064,302       127,870,753         NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES       3,092,466,736       3,019,236,210         NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       (1,141,545,008)       (552,221,670)         NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,799,413,911       2,351,635,582	•	-	
Contribution from Government of Guyana       1,157,623,000       504,108,182         Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank       94,169,334       648,641,734         Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.       1,838,610,100       1,738,615,541         Other funding received       2,064,302       127,870,753         NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES       3,092,466,736       3,019,236,210         NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       (1,141,545,008)       (552,221,670)         NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,799,413,911       2,351,635,582	NET CASH OUTFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,813,150,108)	(2,352,682,124)
Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank       94,169,334       648,641,734         Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.       1,838,610,100       1,738,615,541         Other funding received       2,064,302       127,870,753         NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES       3,092,466,736       3,019,236,210         NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       (1,141,545,008)       (552,221,670)         NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,799,413,911       2,351,635,582	FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Contribution from Inter-American Development Bank       94,169,334       648,641,734         Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.       1,838,610,100       1,738,615,541         Other funding received       2,064,302       127,870,753         NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES       3,092,466,736       3,019,236,210         NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       (1,141,545,008)       (552,221,670)         NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,799,413,911       2,351,635,582	Contribution from Government of Guvana	1.157.623.000	504 108 182
Government subsidy for electricity charges from the Guyana Power & Light Inc.       1,838,610,100       1,738,615,541         Other funding received       2,064,302       127,870,753         NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES       3,092,466,736       3,019,236,210         NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS       (1,141,545,008)       (552,221,670)         NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,799,413,911       2,351,635,582	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Other funding received         2,064,302         127,870,753           NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         3,092,466,736         3,019,236,210           NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         (1,141,545,008)         (552,221,670)           NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,799,413,911         2,351,635,582	·		
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS(1,141,545,008)(552,221,670)NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR1,799,413,9112,351,635,582	, , , , ,		
NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,799,413,911 2,351,635,582	NET CASH INFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3,092,466,736	3,019,236,210
<del></del>	NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,141,545,008)	(552,221,670)
NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR 657,868,903 1,799,413,911	NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,799,413,911	2,351,635,582
	NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT END OF YEAR	657,868,903	1,799,413,911

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 1. INCORPORATION AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Guyana Water Incorporation was incorporated in Guyana on May 30, 2002 under the Companies Act,1991 and is wholly owned by the Government of Guyana. The Company was formed out of a merger between the Guyana Water Authority (GUYWA) and the Georgetown Sewerage and Water Commissioners (GS & WC). The principal activities of the company are as follows:

- The supply of potable water to the citizens of Guyana.
- The provision of sewerage disposal services to the residents of Central Georgetown.
- Operation and maintenance of the water and underground sewerage system in Guyana.
- Customer billing and collection of tariffs for the services provided.

The Company's registered office is located at Vlissengen Road, Bel Air Park

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented.

### 2.1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the measurement at fair value revaluation of property, plant and equipment and financial instruments. Historic cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Such estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable in the circumstances and constitute management's best judgment at the date of the financial statements.

### 2.2 Foreign Currencies

### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Guyana Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.2 Foreign Currencies (Cont'd)

### (ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions involving foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

### 2.3 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historic cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Freehold land is not depreciated. Expenditure on assets, which will benefit the company economically for a period greater than the current reporting period, is capitalised and written off over the useful life of the assets.

Individual assets or groups of items making up a single identifiable asset of value less than \$50,000 are not capitalised but are expensed in the accounting period which the costs are incurred.

The capitalized asset value of purchased assets are measured at the full cost of bringing the asset to working condition for the intended use. Self constructed assets are stated at the accumulated cost of purchased elements together with the element of internal cost incurred in constructing the asset. These elements include materials, labor, consultancy fees, overheads (direct and indirect) and other additional costs. Finance cost that are directly attributable to the construction of tangible assets are capitalized as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of finance cost ceases when the asset is brought into use.

Subsequent expenditure on existing assets is capitalised where the expenditure provides an enhancement of the economic benefits of the asset in excess of the previously assessed standard of performance.

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Gains or losses on disposal of property and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amount and are taken into account in determining operating profit or loss. Repairs and renewals are charged to income statement when incurred.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 2.3 Property and Equipment (Cont'd)

Depreciation on all property, plant and equipment is charged on a straight-line basis. The rates used are expected to write off the value of the assets over their useful economic lives. The annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Other office equipment Infrastructure water Infrastructure sewerage	Estimated Life (years) Unlimited 25-60 10 5 7-15 5 10-50 10-40	Depreciation rate %  0 2-10 10 20 6.5-14 20 2-10 2-10 2.5-10
Computer hardware	5	2.5-10

Depreciation is not charged on land and work in progress. The useful life of assets capitalised from work in progress commences when the assets have been completed and are put into use in the company. Depreciation is charged in the year of capitalisation.

# 2.4 Intangible Asset (Computer Software)

The costs of acquiring and installing computer software are capitalised and amortised over their estimated useful economic life of three years on a straight line basis. Costs associated with maintenance of computer software are expensed as incurred.

### 2.5 Income Recognition

Operating income is recognised to the extent that the economic benefit, will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

# (i) Measured and unmeasured water and sewer income

Operating income comprise of sales of metered and unmetered water and sewerage services to customers. Income is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Measured and unmeasured water are recognised when the water has been delivered to the customers. Income is increased or reduced for estimated invoices by issuance of adjustments for the current year income as appropriate.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 2.5 Income Recognition (Cont'd)

# (ii) Current year billing adjustments

Income is increased or reduced for estimated billings by issuance of adjustments for the current year income as appropriate.

# (iii) Prior years billing adjustments

Operating income discovered as being overstated as a result of billing anomalies for prior accounting period(s) are reconciled. The results of the reconciliation is adjusted by reducing or increasing the receivables as appropriate by a financial adjustment which is recognise an as expense in the current year income statement.

### (iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the amount can be measured reliably. Interest is accrued on a timely basis by reference to the investment and at the effective rate applicable.

# 2.6 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognize when due and are measured on initial recognition at the fair value at the consideration received or receivables. Subsequent to initial recognition, receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The carrying value of accounts receivables is reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable with the impairment loss recorded in the income statement.

# Allowance for Doubtful Receivables

Provision is made in these Financial statements for amounts included in the accounts receivables of which the eventual cash realisation is considered remote. Provision is based on the company's Financial Regulations and is disclosed in the income statement.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.7 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Intangible assets with definite useful economic lives and property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that those assets may have suffered from an impairment loss. The recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value in use.

### 2.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events; it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

The amount that is shown as provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

### 2.9 Significant Accounting Policies

Standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective in current year and either not relevant or may have no or minimal impact on the Company's financial reporting when it becomes effective.

IAS 7 Statement of Cashflows

Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (amendments to IAS 16 & IAS 38)

IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

IFRS 5 Non Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities

IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with customers

IFIC 21 Levies

IFRS 41 -Agriculture : Bearer Plants (Amendments to IAS 16 & IAS 41) Amendments to IAS 27 - Equity method in separate financial statements

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

### 2.10 Inventories

### Materials and Supplies

Inventories consist of material and supplies and are stated at the lower of cost, as determined on a weighted average basis, and net realizable value. Provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stock.

### 2.11 Employee Benefits

### **Pension Plans**

Guyana Water Incorporated (GWI) operates a Defined Contribution Plan with Assuria Life (Guyana) since January 2015. The Pension Plan is funded by contribution from GWI (5% of gross salary) and its eligible employees (5% of gross salaries). The fund is paid into a separate (legal) entity and GWI will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay future contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees benefits relating to employee service. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due monthly.

The Company also operates a Defined Benefit Plan whereby the cost of monthly pension and one off gratuities are paid to employees who would have attained pensionable age. The costs are are charged to the Income Statement monthly and ceases upon an employee death. There are no other cost that are borne by the Company. The employees benefitting are not members of the Company's Defined Benefit Plan.

# 2.12 Government Subvention - IAS 20 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance

The company has adopted IAS 20 - Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance which is recognised in income statement on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises expenses for the related cost for which the grants are intended to compensate, which in the case of grants related to assets requires setting up the grant as deferred income.

### (i) Grants Related to Expense: Energy Cost supplied by the Guyana Power and Light (Inc.).

Government Subvention is recognized only when received and is treated as other income to offset against the electricity liability of Guyana Power and Light (Inc.).

### (ii) Contributions/Grants Related to Capital Works

Government contributions and grants from other funding agencies are recognised when there are reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attached to the contributions and grants received. The amounts received are recognised as other income corresponding with depreciation of assets capitalized.

### 2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, balances with banks and saving accounts.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 2.14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### Financial instruments

Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposit investments trade and other receivables including Value Added Tax (VAT) and trade and other payables.

### Recognition

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value, directly attributable costs are added to or deducted from the carrying value of those financial instruments that are not subsequently measured at fair value through the income statement.

### Derecognition

Financial liabilities are removed from the statement of financial position when the related obligation is discarded, cancelled or expired and measured at fair value through the income statement.

Financial assets are removed from the statement of financial position when the rights to the cash flows from the asset expired or when the risks and rewards of ownership transferred.

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), held-to-maturity investments, available for sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities held at "FVTPL" or held at amortized cost.

### Valuation techniques and assumptions applied for the purpose of measuring fair value:

Trade receivables, Value Added Tax (VAT) and other assets are net of provision for impairment. The fair value of trade receivables is based on other expected realisation of outstanding balances taking into account the Company's history with respect to delinquencies.

### **Categories of Financial Instruments**

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Financial Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	657,868,903	1,799,413,911
Fixed deposit investments	1,206,857,990	1,176,857,143
Trade receivables	4,841,729,149	4,697,229,540
Vat receivable	127,824,932	71,693,453
Total Financial Assets:	6,834,280,974	7,745,194,047
Financial Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	1,277,126,835	1,144,010,371
Provision	28,489,429	58,224,363
Taxation payable	1,904,134,569	1,675,100,478
Total Financial Liabilities	3,209,750,833	2,877,335,212

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 2.14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### (a) Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. Management sees to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company by applying procedures to appropriately identify, evaluate and manage these risks.

### (b) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a monetary asset or liability fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Management accepts the risk and would take the gain or loss on the transaction to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### (c) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge and obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivable. The amounts presented in the Statement of Financial Position are net of allowances of impairment. High risk accounts are monitored and pursued to maximize collection.

### (d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk, also referred to as funding risk, is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its commitment. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the management of the Company aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committee lines of credit available. All financial asset and liabilities as shown on the Statement of Financial Position. The Company also receive subvention funds from the Government to settle liabilities as they fall due.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 2.14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

The table below analyses major financial assets and liabilities of the Company into relevant grouping based on the remaining period to the maturity dates.

December 31,2016				
	Up to One Year G\$	Over 1- Five Years G\$	Over Five Years G\$	Total G\$
Assets				
Fixed deposit investments	1,206,857,990	-	-	1,206,857,990
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivables	157,868,902	500,000,001	-	657,868,903
Vat receivable	4,841,729,149	127 924 022	-	4,841,729,149
		127,824,932	-	127,824,932
Total Assets	6,206,456,041	627,824,933		6,834,280,974
.Liabilities	,	·		
Trade and other payables	1,308,573,284			1 200 555 201
Taxation payable	229,034,091	1,675,100,478	-	1,308,573,284
· •				1,904,134,569
Total Liabilities	1,537,607,375	1,675,100,478	<u> </u>	3,212,707,853
Net Liquidity Gap	4,668,848,666	(1,047,275,545)	-	3,621,573,121
December 31 ,2015				
Assets				
Fixed deposit investments	<u>.</u>	1,176,857,143		1 176 057 143
Cash and cash equivalents	1,799,413,911	1,170,037,143	-	1,176,857,143
Accounts receivables	4,850,516,896	_	-	1,799,413,911
Vat receivable	71,693,453	_	-	4,850,516,896
Takal A		·	-	71,693,453
Total Assets	6,721,624,260	1,176,857,143	-	7,898,481,403
Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	1,144,010,371			
Taxation payable	1,675,100,478	-	•	1,144,010,371
_	1,075,100,478	<u>-</u>		1,675,100,478
Total Liabilities	2,819,110,849		•	2,819,110,849
Net Liquidity Gap	3,902,513,411	1,176,857,143	•	5,079,370,554

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 2.14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### (e) Interest Rate Risk

### **Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The Company's interest rate risk arises primarily from its interest bearing investments with commercial banks.

The sensitivity analysis below is based on the exposure of interest rates for financial instruments at the end of the reporting period. A positive number indicates an increase in profits where the interest rates appreciate by 1% and 0.5% for the Certificate of Deposits and Save and Prosper account. For a decrease in the interest rate, this would have an equal and opposite effect on profit, and the balances below would be negative.

	Increase / (Decrease) in interest rates	(De	ncrease / ecrease) in profits 2016	Increase / (Decrease) in profits 2015
Certificate of Deposits Save and Prosper Account	+1% / -1% +0.5% / -0.5%	+ / - + / -	3;319,629 2,576,946	+ / - 5,518,297 + / - 1,015,550
		+/-	5,896,575	+/-6,533,847

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	EQUIPMENT						•		•
	Land	Buildings	Mechanical & Electrical	Motor Vehicles Mobile Plant	Furniture Fixtures &	Infrastructure Water	Infrastructure Sewerage	Computer Hardware	I otal G\$
Cost	\$5	68	Plant G\$	S	Office Equipment G\$		85	6.8	2016 G\$
As at 01 January 2016 Additions	820,007,897	2,059,312,543 1,592,760	5,601,932,415	317.297,103 39,887,904	160.284,201 42.362,642	30,392,890,220 252,541,934	1,246,898,403	295,096,199 53,095,359	40,893,718,982 509,553,778
capitatisation or completed assets Disposals		17,268,020	5,934,500	• •	(6,925,559)	251.523.689	3 I I	(1,302,430)	274,726,209 (8,227,989)
I ransier – As at 31 December 2016	820,007,897	2,078,173.323	5.727,938,662	357,185,007	195,721,284	30.896.955.843	1,246.898.403	346,889,128	41,669,769,548
Accumulated Depreciation As at 01 January 2016 Charges Disposals		515.870,278 99,523,736	3.941,955,517	221.325.067 32,149.824	123.080,220 13,578,589 (6.733.393)	11,723,157.047	122.254.614 29.386,260	255,761,700 23,921,293 (1,257,563)	16.903.404,442 1.281.862.041 (7.990,956)
As at 31 December 2016	•	615.394.014	4,193,572,622	253.474.891	129,925,416	12.554.842.281	151,640,874	278,425,430	18,177,275,527
Net Book Value As at 31 December 2016	820,007,897	1,462,779,309	1,534,366,040	103,710,116	65,795,868	18,342,113,562	1,095,257,529	68,463,698	23,492,494,021
I	Land	Buildings	Mechanical & Electrical Plant	Motor Vehicles & Mobile Plant	Furniture Fixtures & Office Equipment	Infrastructure Water	Infrastructure Sewerage	Computer Hardware	Total 2015
2000	Ş	ő	ş	ي	\$9	S	g	SS CS	SS
As at 01 January 2015	820.007,897	1,426,901,776	4,717,396,746	292,849,078	146,507,870	27,967,853,469	375,863,489	284,423,972	36,631,804,297
Additions	•	30,745,042	90,509,995	37,570,000	14,323,344	177,501.871	- 271 034 014	26,134,175	376,784,427 4 543 217 113
Capitalisation Disposale		601,665,726	804,755,951	(13,121,975)	(547.013)	2,203,102,222		(15,461,948)	(39,839,213)
Transfers	•	ı	-			(18.247,641)	1	•	(18.247.641)
As at 31 December 2015	820,007,897	2,059,312,544	5,601,932,415	317.297,103	160,284,201	30,392.890,220	1.246,898.403	295,096,199	40,893,718,982
Accumulated Depreciation As at 01 January 2015		434,248,918	3,388,451,611	197,814.597	113,723,601	10,792,810,823	106,751,403	233,877,238	15,267,678,191
Charges	•	81,621,360	563,011,691	•	9,834.380	930,346,224	15,503,211	36,864,382	1.670.188,692
Disposals	•	1	(9.507,785)	(9,496.975)	(477,760)	-		(14,979,920)	(34,462,440)
As at 31 December 2015		515,870,278	3,941,955,517	221,325.067	123,080,220	11,723,157,047	122.254,614	255,761,700	16,903,404,442
Net Book Value As at 31 December 2015	820,007,897	1,543,442,266	868,976,659,1	95,972,036	37,203,980	18,669,733,174	1,124,643,789	39,334,499	23,990,314,540
				18					

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4. INTANGIBLE ASSET				2016	2015
Computer Software				G\$	G\$
Cost					
As at 01 January				767,211,701	744.007.00
Additions				707,211,701	744,996,98 22,214,71
As at 31 December		•		767,211,701	767,211,70
Accumulated Amortisation					<u> </u>
As at 01 January					
Charges				683,353,633	613,997,509
				69,885,256	69,356,124
As at 31 December				753,238,889	683,353,633
Net Book Value					
As at 31 December					
				13,972,812	83,858,068
. CAPITAL WORK IN PRO	GRESS (WIP)				
	Inter - American Development Bank	World Bank	Government of Guyana	Guyana Water Inc.	Total G\$
Cost	G\$	G\$	G\$	0.0	
As at 01 January 2016	651,138,451	54,230,039		G\$	G\$
Additions	3,687,751	24,230,039	1,675,619,314	433,555,129	2,814,542,933
		<del>-</del>	937,731,540	380,071,346	1,321,490;637
As at 31 December 2016	654,826,202	54,230,039	2,613,350,854	813,626,475	4,136,033,570
Capitalisation					
Buildings	_	_	10.050.000		
Mechanical and Electrical		_	12,858,630	4,409,390	17,268,020
Plant					
Infrastructure Water	<del>-</del>	-	5,934,500	-	5,934,500
The second of all of	-		191,990,310	59,533,379	251,523,689
Total Capitalisation	<u>-</u>	-	210,783,440	63,942,769	274,726,209
As at 31 December 2016	654,826,202	54,230,039	2,402,567,414	749 683 706	3 861 307 371
' at 31 December 2010	654,826,202	54,230,039	2,402,567,414	749,683,706	3,861,307

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 5. CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS (Cont'd)

	Inter -American Development Bank	World Bank	Government of Guyana	Guyana Water Inc.	Total G\$
Cost	G\$	G\$	GS	G\$	G\$
As at 01 January 2015	3,332,388,468	54,230,039	1,856,437,467	622,009,728	5,865,065,702
Additions	723,213,443		479,640,120	289,840,780	1,492,694,343
Expensed		(7,100)		· · · · · ·	(7,100)
As at 31 December 2015	4,055,601,911	54,230,039	2,336,077,587	911,850,508	7,357,760,045
Capitalization					
Buildings	574,569,521	_	2,222,483	24 972 722	(0) ((5,5,5)
Mechanical and Electrical	5.1,505,521		4,24 <b>2,40</b> 3	24,873,722	601,665,726
Plant	804,733,951	-	_	_	804,733,951
Infrastructure Water	1,430,978,574	<b>.</b>	658,235,790	176,568,158	2,265,782,522
Infrastructure Sewerage	594,181,414	-	-	276,853,500	871,034,914
Total Capitalisation	3,404,463,460	_	660,458,273	478,295,380	4,543,217,113
As at 31 December 2015	651,138,451	54,230,039	1,675,619,314	433,555,128	2,814,542,933
6. INVENTORIES				2016	
				Z010 G\$	2015 G\$
Chemicals				86,886,136	60,712,182
Equipment			·	553,873,127	572,310,389
Materials				503,564,177	419,744,255
Others				529,129	19,106,780
Total			<del>-</del>	1,144,852,569	1,071,873,606
Provision for slow moving stoci	k consists of the fold	wing:			
Beginning provision				81,038,384	-
Ending provision			<del>-</del>	81,038,384	81,038,384
Net Inventories				1,063,814,185	990,835,222
Good in Transit				54,470,166	219,717,071
Others	!			549,054	549,054
Total Inventories				1,118,833,405	1,211,101,347

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

7. TRADE RECEIVABLES	2016 G\$	2015 G\$
Trade receivables Less direct write - offs	6,010,126,740 (69,067,807)	6,362,844,830 (495,761,661)
Provision for doubtful debts	(1,205,790,418)	(1,169,853,629)
Net receivables	4,735,268,515	4,697,229,540
Other receivables	106,460,634	153,287,356
Total	4,841,729,149	4,850,516,896
Provision for doubtful debts consists of:		
Beginning provision	1,169,853,629	3,393,556,121
Charge for the year	35,936,789	-
Reduction in provision	<u>-</u>	(2,223,702,492)
End provision	1,205,790,418	1,169,853,629

There is an ongoing exercise to examine customer database, which will result in a more accurate gross receivables and reduce the need for large provisioning for bad and doubtful accounts.

8. VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT) RECEIVABLE	2016 G\$	2015 G\$
Vat Recoverable	127,824,932	71,693,453

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances with banks and investments. Cash and cash equivalents included in the Statement of Financial position comprise of the following:

	9	2016	2015
		G\$	G\$
Cash on hand		2,883,126	2,771,520
Project funds		249,064,262	408,339,134
* Investment and Savings account		307,232,989	258,425,879
Current and bill payment accounts		98,688,526	1,129,877,378
		657,868,903	1,799,413,911

<sup>\*</sup> Investment with New Building Society Ltd

This investment in the New Building Society represents a Saving and Prosper accounts and earns 3% quarterly compounded.

### Fixed deposit investments

Investments represent two Certificate of Deposits held with Citizens Bank Guyana Inc.and earn 3% and 4% respectively.

Investments with maturity dates over three months

1,206,857,990

1,176,857,143

### 10. EXTERNAL FUNDINGS

The Company has fully adopted IAS 20 - Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance in 2012. Non-refundable grants contributed by the Government of Guyana and loans from the Inter-American Development Bank which are repaid by the Government of Guyana in respect of capital works are under the Coastal, Linden, Hinterland, Urban and the Georgetown Sewerage are credited to income which is amortised over the same period that the related assets are depreciated.

In accordance with the accounting policy described in the note above, the following capital contributions received from the Government of Guyana and the Inter-American Development Bank are amortised over the period related assets are depreciated.

GOVERNMENT OF GUYANA COUNTERPART	2016	2015
	G\$	G\$
Balance as at beginning January 1	14,253,440,896	14,212,308,578
Payments made under the following program:		
Coastal	585,863,000	250,506,243
Linmine	103,253,938	27,715,764
Hinterland	195,400,000	91,480,051
Urban	226,100,000	102,655,878
Linden Water Supply Rehabilitation Program	47,006,062	31,750,246
	15,411,063,896	14,716,416,760
Amortisation of deferred income	(629,052,497)	(462,975,864)
Balance at 31 December	14,782,011,399	14,253,440,896

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 10. EXTERNAL FUNDINGS (cont'd)

INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK	2016 G\$	2015 G\$
Balance as at beginning January 1	6,233,191,217	5,675,938,456
Linden Water Supply Rehabilitation Program (LWSRP)	94,169,334	235,641,734
Water Supply and Sanitation Infrastructure Improvement Program (WSSIIP)		413,000,000
American CAC N	6,327,360,551	6,324,580,190
Amortisation of deferred income	(149,132,755)	(91,388,973)
Balance at 31 December	6,178,227,796	6,233,191,217
Linden Water Supply Rehabilitation Program (LWSRP)	2016	2015
Total disbursements received under the LWSRP program	G\$ 94,169,334	G\$ 235,641,734

Contract No.2535/BL-GY between Inter-American Development Bank "Bank" and Government of Guyana "Borrower". Agreement constitutes a loan between the bank and borrower, where Guyana Water Inc. is the executing agency. The total cost of the program, US\$12.3M, will be disbursed over a period of five (5) years from date on the agreement and shall be repaid by the borrower.

Water Supply and Sanitation Infrastructure Improvement Program	2016	2015
(WSSHP)	G\$	G\$
Total disbursements received under the WSSIIP program		413,000,000

The program, executed by the Guyana Water Inc., is financed by an agreement between the Government of Guyana and the Inter-American Development Bank and the European Union under Loan Contract Nos. 3242/OC-GY and 3243/BL-GY respectively, and Non Reimbursable Financing Agreement No.GRT/EX-14520-GY.

The loan of US\$16,832,250 and the Non Reimbursable Financing Agreement (NRFA) of €10,675,000/US\$14,838,250 will be disbursed over a five year period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 10. EXTERNAL FUNDINGS (cont'd)

Water Supply and Sanitation Infrastructure Improvement Program (WSSIIP)

The parties agree that the amount of the resources from the NRFA, up to the equivalent of US\$7,500,000, shall be distributed on a pari-passu basis.

pari-passu basis.	2016	2015
DEDA DEMANA DA SANCIA	G\$	2015 G\$
DEPARTMENT FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT (DFID)	·	33
Balance as at beginning January 1	462,083,631	527 027 566
Amortisation of deferred income	(65,853,936)	527,937,565
Dut the same	(00,000,000)	(65,853,934
Balance at 31 December	396,229,695	462,083,63
WORLD BANK (WB)		
WATER SECTOR CONSOLIDATION PROJECT GRANT #H180-0-GUA		
Balance as at beginning January I	2.270.000.00	
Amortisation of deferred income	2,379,009,207	2,676,691,666
;	(145,751,603)	(297,682,459
Balance at 31 December	2,233,257,604	2,379,009,20
World Bank Grant H180-0-GUA. Water Consolidation Program Developmer rehabilitation of water treatment facilities at Anna Regina, Parika and Rosignol ed	uivalent to US\$11.3M	e construction and
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK		
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT Balance as at beginning January I		
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK	9,668,420	10,581,894
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income		10,581,894 (913,474)
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT Balance as at beginning January I	9,668,420	•
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income Balance at 31 December	9,668,420 (913,536)	(913,474)
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA) Balance as at beginning January I	9,668,420 (913,536) 8,754,884	9,668,420
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income Balance at 31 December	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986	9,668,420 2,132,251,428
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income	9,668,420 (913,536) 8,754,884	9,668,420
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA) Balance as at beginning January I	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986	9,668,420 2,132,251,428
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986 (168,637,440)	9,668,420 2,132,251,428 (168,637,442)
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  Summary of Government Grant Amortised	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986 (168,637,440) <b>1,794,976,546</b>	9,668,420 2,132,251,428 (168,637,442)
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  Summary of Government Grant Amortised  External Funding -Government of Guyana Counterpart	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986 (168,637,440)  1,794,976,546	9,668,420 2,132,251,428 (168,637,442)
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  Summary of Government Grant Amortised  External Funding -Government of Guyana Counterpart  External Funding -Department for International Development	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986 (168,637,440) <b>1,794,976,546</b> 627,901,651 65,853,936	9,668,420 2,132,251,428 (168,637,442) 1,963,613,986
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  Summary of Government Grant Amortised External Funding -Government of Guyana Counterpart External Funding -Department for International Development External Funding - World Bank	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986 (168,637,440) <b>1,794,976,546</b> 627,901,651 65,853,936 145,751,603	9,668,420 2,132,251,428 (168,637,442) 1,963,613,986 462,975,864
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  Summary of Government Grant Amortised External Funding -Government of Guyana Counterpart External Funding -Department for International Development External Funding - World Bank External Funding -Inter- American Development Bank	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986 (168,637,440) <b>1,794,976,546</b> 627,901,651 65,853,936 145,751,603 149,132,755	9,668,420 2,132,251,428 (168,637,442) 1,963,613,986 462,975,864 65,853,934
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 31 December  Summary of Government Grant Amortised External Funding -Government of Guyana Counterpart External Funding -Department for International Development External Funding - World Bank External Funding -Inter- American Development Bank External Funding -European Investment Bank	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986 (168,637,440) <b>1,794,976,546</b> 627,901,651 65,853,936 145,751,603	9,668,420  2,132,251,428 (168,637,442)  1,963,613,986  462,975,864 65,853,934 297,682,459 91,388,973
EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK GUYANA ROSEHALL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 3I December  JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)  Balance as at beginning January I Amortisation of deferred income  Balance at 3I December  Summary of Government Grant Amortised External Funding -Government of Guyana Counterpart External Funding -Department for International Development External Funding - World Bank External Funding -Inter- American Development Bank	9,668,420 (913,536) <b>8,754,884</b> 1,963,613,986 (168,637,440) <b>1,794,976,546</b> 627,901,651 65,853,936 145,751,603 149,132,755	9,668,420 2,132,251,428 (168,637,442) 1,963,613,986 462,975,864 65,853,934 297,682,459

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 11. AUTHORISED & ISSUED CAPITAL

AUTHORISED	2016	2015
1,000,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of G\$100 each	G\$ 100,000,000	G\$ 100,000,000
Issued and fully paid shares 88,253 ordinary shares at G\$100 each	0.000	
	8,825,300	8,825,300

The Company is authorised to issue a maximum of 1,000,000 ordinary shares at a minimum issue price of G\$100 each. All issued shares are held by the Government of Guyana.

	2016	2015
Additional share capital	G\$	G\$
·	3,372,346,395	3,372,346,395

Additional share capital represents the net assets as a result of the merger of Guyana Water Authority (GUYWA) and the Georgetown Sewerage and Water Commissioners.

### 12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

•	2016	2015
Trade payables	G\$	G\$
Payroll liabilities	201,473,342	271,735,890
Retention payables	2,920,879	194,091
Other accruals and payables	38,039,236	227,090,256
Rates and taxes payable	782,638,594	281,753,967
Provision for legal settlement	255,011,804	305,011,804
and to be the ment	28,489,429	58,224,363
	1,308,573,284	1,144,010,371
Contingantia		

### **Contingencies**

As at 31 December 2015 claims against the Company not taken up in the financial position amounted to G\$7.4M (2015 - G\$7.4M). No provision has been made under the guidance of its legal department that such proceedings are either without merit or will result in an insignificant loss to the Company.

### 13. DEFERRED BILLING

Unmetered billings are done in advance for which the service has not yet been provided is treated as Deferred Billings. After the service has been provided the amount is recognised as Unmetered Billings in the respective period.

### 14. TAXATION

Taxation expense represents the sum of the statutory tax currently payable.

### Property Tax

The Company has made a provision for Property Tax for the last nine years .

### Corporation Tax

The Company has been making operating losses and therefore Corporation Tax has not been provided for in the financial

### Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax has not been recognised as a result of the company has been making significant opearting losses and it is not forecast that an opearting profit would be made withing the short term.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

15. INCOME  Measured water supply Unmeasured water supply	2016 G\$ 2,123,067,191 1,315,471,419	2015 G\$ 2,360,859,441 1,256,667,204
	3,438,538,610	3,617,526,645
16. EMPLOYMENT COSTS		
Salaries Overtime Employers' NIS Leave passage Pension & Gratuity Pension contribution Allowances Other employment costs	1,009,335,734 105,803,424 75,795,572 62,122,182 85,957,932 11,108,533 124,365,164 79,701,834	808,942,373 71,837,584 60,594,185 52,901,748 92,126,675 7,823,100 98,921,884 14,446,013
	1,554,190,375	1,207,593,561

Guyana Water Incorporated (GWI) operates a Defined Contribution Plan with Assuria Life (Guyana) since since January 2015. The Pension Plan is funded by contribution from GWI (5% of gross salary) and its eligible employees (5% of gross salaries). The fund is paid into a separate (legal) entity and GWI will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay future contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees benefits relating to employee service. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due monthly.

The number of staff contributed to the scheme as of December 31,2016 was 168 (2015 - 127). During the year the total contribution to the Pension Scheme was \$21,065,544 (\$15,656,160 - 2015) which was equally contributed by the company and employees.

17. DIRECTORS' FEES		2016 G\$ 1,056,000	2015 G\$ 1,082,000
Details are as follows: January - September 2015			
Ramesh Dookhoo - Chairman	note (i)	-	105,000
Dharamkumar Seeraj- Vice Chairman	``		108,000
Tarachand Balgobin		-	90,000
Donald Dyal	note (i)	•	70,000
Emil McGarrell	``	-	90,000
Denise King Tudor		<del>-</del>	90,000
Paulette Bynoe		-	90,000
Seepaul Naraine		-	90,000
Sukrinshanall Pasha	v	_	90,000
Subtotal carried forward			823,000
The Members served as directors up to September 2015.	•		020,000

note (i); Members were paid up to July 2015 for their service as directors.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

17. DIRECTORS' FEES (Cont'd)	2016 G\$	2015 G\$
New Board of Directors:	0.9	Gā
<b>B/f</b> Clifton Nigel Hinds-Chairman	- 150,000	<b>823,000</b> 45,000
Patricia Chase- Green-Vice Chairman Emil Mc Garrell	144,000 110,000	34,000 30,000
David Dewar Ryan Belgrave	110,000	30,000
Charles Ceres (note iii) Sherie Samantha Fedee	70,000	30,000 30,000
Savitree Singh- Sharma	120,000 120,000	30,000 30,000
Carol Smith Joseph (note iv)	122,000	-
Total	1,056,000	1,082,000

note ii: The new Board was published in the Official Gazette of September 12,2015. The Board's life is effective September 1,2015 to June 30,2017.

note iii: Charles Ceres donated his entire board stipend to a religious organisation.

note iv: Carol Smith Joseph was appointed on April 29,2016.

18. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	2016	2015
Stationery	G\$	G\$
•	43,271,928	25,415,022
Internet and telephone	40,551,001	36,674,945
Local and overseas travel	32,299,184	10,624,528
Training	39,598,656	26,429,814
Health and safety	20,716,320	15,010,201
Entertainment and accommodation	12,441,278	11,993,403
Agency fees	14,404,122	9,033,214
Insurance	7,222,742	7,052,505
Legal settlement	1,575,000	2,341,071
Freight and custom duty	9,292,466	3,620,499
Meals	21,094,658	11,612,098
Cleaning	14,418,639	12,193,586
Other administrative costs	37,432,932	18,436,417
	294,318,926	190,437,303

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

19. PREMISES COSTS	2016	2015
Electricity	G\$	G\$
Repairs and maintenance	2,660,585,045	2 201 ==
Fuel & Diesel	404,268,026	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Rental	30,127,030	, <b>,</b>
Weeding and cleaning	16,000,000	-0,002,10
Other costs	14,799,406	٠,,,,,,,
	7,746,966	12,243,44 1,346,41
20. ADJUSTMENTS PRIOR YEAR	3,133,526,473	2,733,935,717
	•	
Metered adjustments		
Unmetered adjustments	168,120,029	301 270 02
	168,840,442	391,270,028 61,864,568
	336,960,471	453,134,596
21. TRANSPORT COSTS		
Vehicle repairs	•	
Fuel and diesel	11,974,781	7,186,194
Hired rental vehicles and mobile plant	18,597,373	16,648,496
Other transport costs	65,884,182	32,512,159
	15,672,228	6,689,412
	112,128,564	63,036,261
2. SUPPLIES AND SERVICES COSTS		
Water quality - chemicals usage and filter media Leak repairs		
i opans	479,962,488	159,552,488
Disconnection & reconnection Security	195,446,620	132,689,249
	77,780,500	24,188,224
Professional fees	103,382,016	92,249,250
Hired outside services	51,323,968	40,255,995
Stock adjustment	176,960,945	88,577,055
Public relations and advertising	1,504,756	2,199,820
Other supplies and services cost	45,902,162	28,075,148
	127,089,434	29,187,308
	1,259,352,889	596,974,536

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

23. OTHER INCOME  Government subsidy for electricity charges from the		2016 G\$	2015 G\$
Guyana Power & Light Inc. Other operating income Other non-operating other income	4,	1,838,610,100 128,633,299 546,714,822	1,738,615,541 73,353,809 322,990,744
	•	2,513,958,221	2,134,960,094

### 24. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings/ (loss) per share are calculated by dividing the profit /(loss) or after tax with the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Basic earnings/(loss) per share	2016 G\$	2015 G\$
Net comprehensive income / (loss) for the year attributable to shareholder's equity	(1,167,348,394)	1,284,553,500
Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares	8,825,300	8,825,300
Basic earnings /(loss) per share	(132)	146
Diluted earnings per share		
Net comprehensive income / (loss) for the year attributable to shareholder's equity	(1,167,348,394)	1,284,553,500
Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares	8,825,300	8,825,300
Diluted earnings /(loss) per share	(132)	146

# 25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following related party transactions occurred during the period.

The following information is presented only in respect of those employees of the Company who would be considered as key management personnel, as defined under IAS 24 (Related Party Disclosures). At December 31, 2016, the number of key management personnel was 14 (2015 - 12).

# Compensations of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management during the year was as follows:

Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	ì	**	2016 G\$ 95,765,149 1,177,106	2015 G\$ 94,412,586 989,424
Total		_	96,942,255	95,402,010