## NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF THE FIRST SESSION OF THE ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT OF GUYANA (2015-2019)

# REPORT OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016 -BILL NO. 22/2016

PRESENTED TO THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY BY THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE COMMITTEE ON  $26^{TH}$  April 2019

## REPORT OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY ON THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016 - BILL NO. 22/2016

#### Publication

1. This Bill was published on the 2<sup>nd</sup> November, 2016

#### Introduction, First and Second Reading

 The Bill was introduced in the National Assembly and read a first and second time on 4<sup>th</sup> November, 2016 and 9<sup>th</sup> February, 2017, respectively.

#### Committal to Select Committee

3. Following its second reading on the 9<sup>th</sup> February, 2017, the Bill was committed to a Special Select Committee, by the National Assembly, for consideration.

#### Members of the Committee

4. At a meeting held on the 9<sup>th</sup> March, 2017, the Committee of Selection nominated the following Members to comprise the Special Select Committee to consider the Food Safety Bill 2016- Bill No. 22/2016.

#### Members of A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change (APNU/AFC) (5)

Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., Minister of State

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture

Hon. Annette N. Ferguson, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Infrastructure

Hon. Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Health

Mr. Charrandas Persaud, M.P.

#### From the People's Progressive Party (PPP) (4)

Dr. Frank C.S. Anthony, M.P.

Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P.

Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P.

Mr. Vickram O. Bharrat, M.P.

#### First Meeting of the Committee - Election of Chairperson

At its 1<sup>st</sup> meeting held on 13<sup>th</sup> April 2017, the Committee elected the Hon. Noel L. Holder,
 M.P., Minister of Agriculture, as Chairperson of the Special Select Committee.

#### Other Meetings of the Committee

6. The Committee met on four (4) other occasions, as follows:

Thursday, 18th May 2017

Thursday, 14th June, 2017

Monday, 21st January 2019

Monday, 1st April 2019

See Appendix I for the complete Minutes of the Meetings of the Committee.

#### Methodology

7. The Committee, at its 2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting dated 18<sup>th</sup> May, 2017, agreed to examine the Bill, Clause by Clause which would be displayed on a projector at the Committee's next meeting to facilitate Members in the examination. Also, a representative from the Attorney General's Chamber, Ministry of Legal Affairs and Dr. Mark Pierre, Agriculture Health and Food Safety Specialist, Ministry of Agriculture would be invited to the meeting to assist the Committee in its work.

- 8. The Committee agreed that proposed dates for meetings of the Committee should be by round-robin to ascertain the availability of Members to attend the meeting.
- 9. At its 3<sup>rd</sup> Meeting held on 14<sup>th</sup> June 2017, discussion preceded in relation to general concerns by Members as it relates to consideration of the Bill.

#### Consultations

- 10. The Chairman (at that meeting) welcomed Dr. Mark Pierre, Agriculture Health and Food Safety Specialist and Dr. Ozaye Dodson, Director, Veterinary Public Health to the meeting and Mr. Omadat Chandan, Legal Officer, Ministry of Agriculture. He Informed the Committee that Dr. Pierre had extensive knowledge of the Food Safety Bill, Bill No. 22/2016 and had proposed some amendments in an effort to bring the Bill in tandem with international standards and Caricom best practices.
- 11. Dr. Pierre informed the Committee that preparation of the Food Safety Bill was done with reference to the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) Food Law (1976) and the Caricom Harmonised Food Safety Bill (2014). During the period of 2001 to 2003, the FAO had proposed to Guyana the upgrading of the Food Safety Legislation.
- 12. Dr. Pierre further stated that the FAO/WHO Food Law Model was used as a baseline for the drafting of the Food Safety Bill-Bill No. 22 of 2016 and that the Bill was prepared in compliance with the Food Safety Modernisation Act (FSMA) of the United States and the European Union Food Law.
- 13. Further, a Member suggested that copies of the relevant Regulations should be circulated to Members to guide the Committee in enabling the current Food Safety Bill to be in compliance with international standards.
- 14. Subsequent to the discussion which ensued, Dr. Pierre proceeded to explain the proposed amendments to the Bill Section by Section.

15. The Committee, however, concurred to commence consideration of the Bill Clause by Clause at its next meeting taking into consideration the discussion which ensued on the proposed amendments made by Dr. Pierre.

#### Resignation of a Member

16. The Committee, at its 4<sup>th</sup> meeting held on the 21<sup>st</sup> January 2019 noted that Mr. Charrandas Persaud, M.P, was no longer a Member of the Committee due to his resignation from the National Assembly.

#### Consideration of the Bill

At that meeting, the Committee commenced consideration of the Food Safety Bill 2016 –
 Bill No. 22/2016.

#### Clauses accepted as amended and printed

18. The following Clauses were accepted as amended:

Clauses 1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 10, 19, 20, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, 39, 40, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 58, 59, 61, 68, 71, 74, 77, 78, 79, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91.

19. The following Clauses were *accepted* as *printed*:

Clauses 3, 4, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27, 31, 32, 35, 38, 41, 43, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 69, 70, 72, 73, 75, 76, 80, 81, 82, 83, and 92.

20. See Appendix II for Matrix containing amendments to the Bill.

#### Report of the Special Select Committee

- 21. At its Meeting held on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2019, the Special Select Committee on the Food Safety Bill 2016 Bill No. 22/2016, agreed that this Report, on its consideration of the Bill, should be presented to the National Assembly.
- 22. The Report is accordingly hereby submitted.

#### Verbatim Record

23. The Verbatim Records of Proceedings of the Committee have been prepared and will be available at the Parliament Office.

The Hon. Noel Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture, Chairperson

Committee Division
Parliament Office
Public Buildings
Brickdam,
Georgetown

11<sup>th</sup> April 2019

## APPENDIX I

### THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF THE FIRST SESSION OF THE ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT OF GUYANA (2015-2017)

#### MINUTES OF THE 1<sup>ST</sup> MEETING OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016 - BILL NO. 22 OF 2016 HELD AT 4.30 P.M

#### ON THURSDAY, 13<sup>TH</sup> APRIL, 2017 IN THE SPEAKER'S CHAMBER, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, BRICKDAM, GEORGETOWN.

#### MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE

#### Presiding Member

Hon. Dr. Barton U.A. Scotland, O.R., C.C.H., M.P., Speaker of the National Assembly

#### Other Members

### A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change (APNU/AFC) (5) (Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Transmitted by the Committee of Selection on Water 7, 2017

Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., Minister of State

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture

Hon. Annette N. Ferguson, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Infrastructure

Hon. Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Health

Mr. Charrandas Persaud, M.P.

#### From the People's Progressive Party (PPP) (4)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Dr. Frank C.S. Anthony, M.P.

Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P.

Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P.

(Excused)

Mr. Vickram O. Bharrat, M.P.

#### officers in Attendance

Ms. Debra H. Cadogan - Head of Committees Division

Ms. Sueanna Reynolds - Clerk of Committees

Ms. Sereeta Bethune - Assistant Clerk of Committees

#### ITEM 1: CALL TO ORDER

1.1 The Speaker, as Presiding Officer for the election of a Chairperson for the Committee, called the meeting to order at 4.30 p.m.

#### ITEM 2: CIRCULATION OF DOCUMENTS

- 2.1 The following document was circulated prior to the Meeting:-
  - Notice of the 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting dated 12<sup>th</sup> April, 2017.

### ITEM 3: ELECTION OF CHAIRPERSON OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE ANIMAL WELFARE BILL, BILL NO. 21 OF 2016

- 3.1 The Speaker called for nominations of a Chairperson for the Committee.
- 3.2 The Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., proposed and the Hon. Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., seconded the nomination of the Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., as Chairperson of the Committee.
- 3.3 There being no other nomination, the Speaker declared the Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., as Chairperson of the Committee.

#### Adjournment

At 4.35 p.m. the meeting was adjourned sine die'.

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture and Chairperson

### THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF THE FIRST SESSION OF THE ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT OF GUYANA (2015-2017)

## MINUTES OF THE 2<sup>ND</sup> MEETING OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016 - BILL NO. 22 OF 2016 HELD AT 1.00 P.M

#### ON THURSDAY, 18<sup>TH</sup> MAY, 2017

## COMMITTEE ROOM NO. 2 (GROUND FLOOR, WESTERN SIDE), PUBLIC BUILDINGS, BRICKDAM, GEORGETOWN

#### ATTENDANCE

#### CHAIRMAN (1)

#### A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change APNU/AFC

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on 27<sup>th</sup> October, 2016) (Elected by the Committee on 9th March, 2017)

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture

#### Other Members

#### A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change (APNU/AFC) (5)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., (Excused)

Minister of State

Hon. Annette N. Ferguson, M.P.,

Minister within the Ministry of Public Infrastructure

Hon. Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P.,

Minister within the Ministry of Public Health

Mr. Charrandas Persaud, M.P.

(Excused)

#### From the People's Progressive Party (PPP) (4)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Dr. Frank C.S. Anthony, M.P.

(Excused)

Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P.

Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P.

(Excused)

Mr. Vickram O. Bharrat, M.P.

(Excused)

#### Officers in Attendance

Ms. Savitha D' Andrade - Clerk of Committees

Ms. Koalla Robertson - Assistant Clerk of Committees

Ms. Tracy Armstrong - Assistant Clerk of Committees

#### ITEM 1: CALL TO ORDER

1.1 The Chairman called the meeting to order at 1.25 p.m.

#### ITEM 2: ANNOUNCEMENT

#### 2.1 Welcome

2.1.1 The Chairman welcomed Members and staff to the meeting.

#### 2.2 Excuses

- 2.2.1 The Chairman informed the Committee that the following Members had asked to be excused from the meeting:
  - (i) Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., Minister of State;
  - (ii) Mr. Charrandas Persaud, M.P;
  - (iii)Dr. Frank C.S. Anthony, M.P;
  - (iv)Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P; and
  - (v) Mr. Vickram O. Bharrat, M.P.

#### 1 TEM 3: CIRCULATION OF DOCUMENTS

- 3.1 The following document had been circulated prior to the Meeting:
  - (i) Notice of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting dated 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2017; and
  - (ii) Minutes of the 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting held on the 13<sup>th</sup> April, 2017.
- 3.2 The following document was circulated at the meeting:
  - Copy of Food Safety Bill-Bill No. 22 of 2016

## ITEM 4: CORRECTION AND CONFIRMATION OF THE MINUTES OF 1<sup>ST</sup> MEETING HELD ON 13<sup>TH</sup> APRIL, 2017

4.1 The Minutes were confirmed, without corrections, on a motion moved and seconded by Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., and Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P., respectively.

## ITEM5: TO CONSIDER THE METHODOLOGY, TIME AND DATE OF THE COMMITTEE'S PROCEEDINGS

#### 5.1 METHODOLOGY

5.1.1 The Chairman proposed and Members agreed that the Bill would be examined Clause by Clause, which would be displayed on a projector at the next meeting of the Committee, to facilitate Members in the examination. Also, a representative from the Attorney General's Chamber, Ministry of Legal Affairs and Dr. Pierre, Agriculture Health and Food Safety Specialist, Ministry of Agriculture would be invited to the meeting to assist the Committee in its work.

#### 5.2 STATUTORY MEETINGS

5.2.1 The Chairman suggested that the next meeting of the Committee should be held on the 14<sup>th</sup> June, 2017. Subsequently, Members agreed that the proposed date should be round-robin to ascertain the availability of Members to attend the meeting.

#### TEM 6: ANY OTHER BUSINESS

- 6.1 Food Safety Bill- Bill No.22/2016
- 6.1.1 The Committee was informed that the current Bill required some modifications in an effort to bring it in tandem with other Caricom countries.

#### Adjournment

At 2.35 p.m., the meeting was adjourned to 1.00 p.m. on Wednesday, 14th June, 2017.

Confirmed this.....day of June, 2017

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture and Chairperson

### THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF THE FIRST SESSION OF THE ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT OF GUYANA (2015-2019)

## MINUTES OF THE 3<sup>RD</sup> MEETING OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016 - BILL NO. 22 OF 2016 HELD AT 1.00 P.M

ON THURSDAY, 14 TH JUNE, 2017

IN COMMITTEE ROOM NO. 1, COMMITTEES DIVISION, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, BRICKDAM, GEORGETOWN.

#### **ATTENDANCE**

#### CHAIRMAN (1)

#### A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change APNU/AFC

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on 27<sup>th</sup> October, 2016) (Elected by the Committee on 9th March, 2017)

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture

#### Other Members

#### A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change (APNU/AFC) (5)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., (Excused) Minister of State

Hon. Annette N. Ferguson, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Infrastructure

Hon. Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Health

Mr. Charrandas Persaud, M.P.

#### From the People's Progressive Party (PPP) (4)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Dr. Frank C.S. Anthony, M.P.

Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P.

Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P.

Mr. Vickram O. Bharrat, M.P.

#### Officers

Mrs. Savitha D' Andrade - Clerk of Committees

Ms. Koalla Robertson - Assistant Clerk of Committees

Ms. Tracy Armstrong - Assistant Clerk of Committees

#### In Attendance

Dr. Mark Pierre - Agriculture Health and Food Safety Specialist

Dr. Hoaye Dodson - Director, Veterinary Public Health

#### ITEM 1: CALL TO ORDER

1.1 The Chairman called the meeting to order at 1.04 p.m.

#### ITEM 2: ANNOUNCEMENT

- 2.1 Welcome
- 2.1.1 The Chairman welcomed Members and staff to the meeting.
- 2.2.1 Excuse
- 2.2.1 The Chairman informed the Committee that the Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., had asked to be excused from the meeting.

#### ITEM 3: CIRCULATION OF DOCUMENTS

- 3.1 The following documents had been circulated prior to the Meeting:
  - (i) Notice of the 3rd Meeting dated 9th June, 2017; and
  - (ii) Minutes of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting held on the 18<sup>th</sup> May, 2017.
- 3.2 The following documents were circulated at the meeting:
  - Proposed amendments to the Food Safety Bill 2016 Bill No. 22 of 2016; and
  - Working document for the 22<sup>nd</sup> Meeting of the Legal Affairs Committee (LAC) Draft Food Safety Bill submitted by the Hon. Minister Holder.

## ITEM 4: CORRECTION AND CONFIRMATION OF THE MINUTES OF THE 2<sup>ND</sup> MEETING HELD ON 18<sup>TH</sup> MAY, 2017

4.1 The Minutes were confirmed, without corrections, on a motion, moved and seconded by Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P and Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., respectively.

#### ITEM5: MATTERS ARISING

#### 5.1 Page 3, paragraph 5.2.1- Statutory Meetings

5.1.1 The Committee agreed tentatively that the next meeting would be held on Thursday, 22<sup>nd</sup> June, 2017 from 3:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. However, if there was a Sitting of the National Assembly on that date, the Clerk of the Committee would email Members to ascertain their availability.

## ITEM 6: DISCUSSION IN RELATION TO GENERAL CONCERNS BY MEMBERS AS IT RELATES TO THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016- BILL NO. 22 OF 2016

- 6.1.1 The Chairperson welcomed Dr. Mark Pierre, Agriculture Health and Food Safety Specialist and Dr. Hoaye Dodson, Director, Veterinary Public Health to the meeting. He Informed the Committee that Dr. Pierre had extensive knowledge of the Food Safety Bill and had proposed some amendments in an effort to bring the Bill in tandem with international standards and Caricom best practices.
- 6.1.2 Thereafter, Dr. Pierre informed the Committee that preparation of the Food Safety Bill was done by the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) and the World Health Organisation (WHO) between 2001to 2003. He stated that the Bill was circulated around the world to be adopted by smaller countries. Notwithstanding that, it was done to improve the regulatory mechanisms in small countries in an effort to achieve compliance to trade Agricultural products both locally and internationally. It allows non-traditional food to be made available on the world market.
- 6.1.3 He further stated that the FAO/WHO Food Law Model was used as a baseline for the drafting of the Food Safety Bill-Bill No. 22 of 2016. The Bill was prepared in compliance with the Food Safety Modernisation Act (FSMA) of the United States and the European Union Regulations. It was done with the aim of regulating food products from the producers to the consumers.

- 6.1.4 Noting the comments made by Dr. Pierre, a Member suggested that copies of the relevant Regulations should be circulated to Members to guide the Committee in enabling the current Food Safety Bill to be in compliance with international standards.
- 6.1.5 Subsequent to the discussion which ensued, Dr. Pierre proceeded to explain the proposed amendments.

#### 6.2 PART I- PRELIMINARY

- Or. Pierre stated that the Draft Bill was prepared in conjunction with the Chief Parliamentary Council and the proposed definitions were included in the Bill but subsequently removed. He further explained that the proposed definitions were not included in the Bill at present, since it was not in the content of the Bill. However, he proposed that the definitions should be included in the Bill:
- 6.2.2 The following definitions were proposed:
  - "abattoir" means premises used for slaughter of non- aquatic animals for human consumption or animal feeding;
  - "adulterate" means to make food impure in order to give a false impression or value to hide defects, by the addition of a foreign, inferior or inert substance to the food, or by the exclusion or removal of a valuable or necessary ingredient;
  - "advertisement" includes any representation whether written, pictorial, visual or otherwise, made for the purpose of promoting directly or indirectly the sale or disposal of any food or any substance represented as food, and "advertise" shall have a corresponding meaning;
  - Deletion of the word "Advisory" in the definition of the word "Board" in Clause 2.
  - "batch or lot number" where used in relation to-
    - (a) "Goods" means a reference number assigned by a food business operator to a series of similar goods, or goods produced under similar conditions; or
    - (b) "Crops" means the crop harvesting date, as determined by the date on which the harvesting of the crop commences;

- "establishment" means premises and facilities where food products are prepared processed, chilled, frozen, packaged or stored. Auctions which only display and sale by wholesale takes place are not deemed to be an establishment.
- "food Fraud" means a false representation of a food whether by description, labeling, false or misleading representations or by concealment of what should have been disclosed, that is intended to deceive another;
- Insertion of the word "system" in the acronym "HACCP" in Clause 2.
- "National Codex Committee" means the body established under section 25;
- "official laboratory" means the laboratory which is approved by the competent authority and by that is able to carry out official analyses.
- Substitution of the word "persons" for the word "animals" in the definition of the word "population" in *Clause 2*.
- "recall" means the action of removing food from the market at any stage of the food chain, including food that is in consumers' possession;
- "sell" includes to put up for sale, advertise, keep, store, display, transmit, consign, convey or deliver for sale, or to exchange, or to dispose of to any person in any manner for profit, exhibition, donation or public gathering, and "sold", "selling" and "sale" shall have corresponding meanings; and
- Substitution of the word "food" for the word "animals in the definition of the word **transportation** in *Clause 2*.
- 6.2.3 Consequently, a suggestion was made with regarding the insertion of a definition for "wild meat" in the Bill, since a substantive portion of the population eat and trade wild meat. Dr. Pierre, in response stated that a definition for "wild meat" was not needed since "meat" fell under a general category.
- A Member then drew the Committee's attention to *Clause 58 (1) (c)*, which explained the concern of the term "wild meat" in a general view but consideration should be given for the insertion of a specific definition for "wild meat" wherever applicable in the Bill.
- 6.2.5 In response to a Member's query, the Committee agreed that provision would be made in the Bill for special Regulations when handling "wild meat".
- 6.2.6 Following a lengthy discussion, the Chairman highlighted some of the concerns raised by the Opposition in the National Assembly during the presentation of the Bill as follows:

- (i) The Bill would put constrain on small food vendors (Clause 58) (1);
- (ii) The establishment of a Food Safety Authority would create a bureaucracy;
- (iii) There were no provisions in the Bill for Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO's);
- (iv) The Bill did not address the issue of traceability and exported foods.
- 6.2.7 At the conclusion of the discussion, the Committee agreed that an Explanatory Memorandum should be included in the Bill.

#### 6.3 PART 111- ADMINISTRATION OR THE AUTHORITY

- 6.3.1 Salient views were expressed with regard to the Appointment of a Board for the National Food Safety Committee and the National Codex Committee. Thereafter, the Committee agreed that the Chairman, Dr. Pierre and other relevant personnel should establish an organogram of the reporting relationship of the above mentioned Boards.
- From the discussion which ensued, the Committee agreed to delete the words "an advisory" in line 1 of Clause 5. Thereafter, the Committee noted the concern expressed by a Member as it relates to the appointment of the Members of the Board being with the responsibility of the Minister. Appointment of Members to the Board should be extended to certain stakeholders and other relevant institutions, so as to ensure proper representation. The Board Members should not have direct relationship with the sector, in order to avoid a conflict of interest.

#### 6.4 PART IV- FINANCE OF THE AUTHORITY

A Member enquired whether the Authority would generate revenue. In response, the Chairman informed the Committee that revenues would be acquired through Grants, Appropriation from the National Assembly, and the issuance of fees attached to the Food Handler's Certificates.

#### 6.5 PART V -RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUTHORITY

6.5.1 Members were informed that during discussions at the CARICOM Legal Affairs Committee, the National Codex was not identify throughout the Caribbean. Dr. Pierre indicated that it should be included in the Bill in order for it to be considered a legal entity.

- 6.5.2 The following were proposed amendments to Clause 25:
  - Substitution of "Establishment of Committees" for "Establishment of National Food Safety Committee" in the Marginal Note; and
  - Clause (25) (1) should be reworded to read "The Minister shall appoint the following Committees consisting of not less than five nor more than ten persons drawn from various relevant disciplines to advise him on matters pertaining to food safety".
    - National Food Safety Committee; and
    - National Codex Committee.
- 6.5.3 Thereafter, Members raised concerns with respect to *Clause 25*, where it was the Minister responsibility for establishing a National Food Safety Committee. Members were of the view that the responsibility of the Committee should be shared with stakeholders, so as to ensure proper representation of the Authority. The Committee agreed to seek further legal advice on the matter.
- Based on a comment made by a Member, Dr. Pierre informed the Committee that as Guyana's representative on the Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency Board (CAHFSA), it was mentioned that no food safety related issues were included in the Boards' work programme. As a result, it was agreed that National Codex Committee should fall under the purview of the National Food Safety Committee rather than the National Bureau of Standards.
- 6.5.5 Consequently, a Member stated that there was no objection to the amendments; however, a legal framework for the establishment of the National Codex Committee should be sought.

#### 6.6 PART VII- POWERS OF THE AUTHORITY

6.6.1 Following a lengthy discussion, regarding the Powers of the authority and the impact of the consultations on the Bill, Dr. Pierre stated that the Powers of the Authority gave Inspectors the entry and responsibility for inspecting food, and to certify that food preparation was done in keeping with good hygienic practices and regulations.

#### 6.7 PART VIII- REGISTRATION AND LICENSING REQUIREMENTS

A query was made in relation to the penalties to be instituted to small food vendors that were not honouring their obligations. A Member suggested that, as a result, the licenses should be suspended for a period of time. Thereafter, the Chairman suggested that the Committee should re-examine Clause 44.

- 6.8 PART X- OPERATOR OF FOOD-HANDLING ESTABLISHMENT AND FOOD HANDLER
- Dr. Pierre informed the Committee that Clause 59 referred to best practices developed from the FAO and the National Codex Committee and would be supported by other legislation that defined good hygienic practices. It was prepared in conjunction with the transportation standard of animals, which would impact the quality of meat produced for consumption. Therefore, mechanisms should be put in place to control such issues.
- 6.8.2 Following a deliberation, a Member posited that further consultations was required with the Leader of the Opposition in relation to Clauses 58 (3), 59 and 60 before proposals could be submitted.
- 6.8.3 At that point, Dr. Pierre proposed the following:
  - To enquire from Legal Advisor with respect to the use of "and/or" in Clause 58(3) (c).
  - Substitution of "food fraud" for "Falsely describing food" in the Marginal Notes at Clause (71);
  - Clause (71) (b) should be reworded to read "Commits food fraud which is an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.
  - Insertion of new paragraph (78) (a) to read "any Customs Officer that releases goods without the approval of the competent authority commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months".
- 6.9 PART XI- FOOD HAZARDS, FOOD BOURNE DISEASES AND FOOD RELATED ILLNESSES
- 6.9.1 The following were the proposed amendments:
  - Substitution of the word "recall" for "recalling" in the Marginal Notes in Clause 85.

- Clause 86 (2) should be reworded to read "in recommending corrective measures the authority may be guided by-
  - (a) National Codex Committee
  - (b) Codex Alimentarius
  - (c) Good Agricultural practice
- 6.9.2 All other subsections should be renumbered accordingly.

#### 6.10 PART XIII- REGULATIONS

- 6.10.1 The Committee was informed that the National Bureau of Standards was mentioned in the Bill since it was the body under which the National Codex Committee resided.
- 6.10.2 The following were proposed amendments:
  - Clause (91) (1) should be reworded to read "The Minister may, on the advice of the authority and the Committee make regulations for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.
  - Insertion of new sub-sections at Clause (91) (2):
  - (ab) entertainment which included and social gathering, amusement, exhibition, performance, game, sport or trail of skill;
  - (ac) notification of any disease outbreak associated with a food-handling establishment; and
  - (ad) disclosure of health and sanitation status of the food-handling establishment.
- 6.10.4 Thereafter, the Committee agreed that further discussion on the Bill would continue at its next meeting.

#### ITEM 7: COMMENCE CONSIDERATION OF THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016-BILL NO.22 OF 2016

7.1 The Committee would commence consideration of the Bill Clause by Clause at its next meeting taking into consideration the proposed amendments under Item 6.

#### ITEM 7: ANY OTHER BUSINESS

7.1 The Chairman reminded Members that at the last meeting of the Committee, it was agreed that the Bill would be examined Clause by Clause. However, the Bill as examined Section by Section.

#### Adjournment

At 4.05 p.m., the meeting was adjourned to 3.00 p.m. on Thursday, 22<sup>nd</sup> June, 2017.

Confirmed this .....day of January, 2019

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture and Chairperson

## THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF THE FIRST SESSION OF THE ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT OF GUYANA (2015-2019)

## MINUTES OF THE 4<sup>TH</sup> MEETING OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016 - BILL NO. 22 OF 2016 HELD AT 1.00 P.M

ON MONDAY, 21ST JANUARY, 2019

IN COMMITTEE ROOM NO. 1, COMMITTEES DIVISION, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, BRICKDAM, GEORGETOWN.

#### **ATTENDANCE**

#### CHAIRMAN (1)

#### A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change APNU/AFC

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on 27<sup>th</sup> October, 2016) (Elected by the Committee on 9th March, 2017)

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture

#### Other Members

### A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change (APNU/AFC) (5)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., Minister of State

Hon. Annette N. Ferguson, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Infrastructure

Hon. Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Health

vacant seat

#### From the People's Progressive Party (PPP) (4)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Dr. Frank C.S. Anthony, M.P.

- Absent

Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P.

- Absent

Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P.

- Excused

Mr. Vickram O. Bharrat, M.P.

- Absent

#### Officers

Mrs. Savitha D' Andrade

- Clerk of Committees

Ms. Tracy Armstrong

- Assistant Clerk of Committees

Mr. Safraz Mohamed

- Assistant Clerk of Committees

#### In Attendance

Dr. Mark Pierre

- Agriculture Health and Food Safety Specialist, Ministry of

Agriculture

Mr. Omadatt Chandan

- Attorney - At- Law, Ministry of Agriculture

#### ITEM 1: CALL TO ORDER

1.1 The Chairman called the meeting to order at 1.13 p.m.

#### ITEM 2: ANNOUNCEMENT

#### 2.1 Welcome

2.1.1 The Chairman welcomed Members and staff to the meeting.

#### 2.2.1 Excuse

2.2.1 The Chairman informed the Committee that Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P., had asked to be excused from the meeting.

#### ITEM 3: CIRCULATION OF DOCUMENTS

- 3.1 The following documents had been circulated prior to the Meeting:
  - (i) Notice of the 4<sup>th</sup> Meeting dated 16<sup>th</sup> January, 2019;
  - (ii) Minutes of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Meeting held on the 14<sup>th</sup> June, 2017; and
  - (iii) Records of Proceedings of the following meetings of Committee:
    - 2nd Meeting dated 18th May, 2017; and
    - 3rd Meeting dated 14th June, 2017.

- 3.2 The following document had been circulated at the meeting:
  - Matrix of proposed amendments to the Food Safety Bill 2016 Bill No. 22 of 2016,

## ITEM 4: CORRECTION AND CONFIRMATION OF THE MINUTES OF THE 3<sup>RD</sup> MEETING HELD ON 14<sup>TH</sup> JUNE, 2017

- 4.1 Page 6, paragraph 6.2.6, bulletin (i) Part 1 Preliminary
- 4.1.1 Substitution of the word "constrains" for the word "constrain" in the first line of the bulletin.
- 4.2 Page 6, paragraph 6.5.1, Part V Responsibilities of the Authority
- 4.2.1 Substitution of the word "identified" for the word "identify" in the second line of the paragraph.
- 4.3 Page 7, paragraph 6.5.4 Part V Responsibilities of the Authority
- 4.3.1 Substitution of the word "Board's" for the word "Boards" in the fourth line of the paragraph.
- 4.4 Page 9, Paragraph 6.10.2, second bulletin, first sub-bulletin Part XIII Regulations
- 4.4.1 Substitution of the word "any" for the word "and" in the first line of the bulletin.
- 4.5 Page 10, Paragraph 7.1 Any other business
- 4.5.1 Substitution of the word "was" for the word "as" in the last line of the paragraph.
- 4.6 Confirmation:
- 4.6.1 There being no other corrections, the Minutes were confirmed, on a motion, moved and seconded by Hon. Annette N. Ferguson, M.P., and the Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., respectively.

#### ITEM 5: MATTERS ARISING

5.1 There were no matters arising from the Minutes.

## ITEM 6: CONTINUATION OF CONSIDERATION OF THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016- BILL NO. 22 OF 2016

- 6.1.1 The Chairperson recapped on the progress of the Committee as it related to the Food Safety Bill. He mentioned that the 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting of the Committee appointed members to the Committee. The 2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting dealt with Procedure, and the 3<sup>rd</sup> Meeting, the Committee perused the Bill section by section with proposed amendments.
- 6.1.2 He further explained that there were concerns raised by the Ministry of Public Health; thereafter, it was addressed by a technical team comprising representatives from the Food & Agriculture Organisation (FAO), Pan American Health Organisation of the World Health Organization (PAHO/WHO), Inter-American Institute for Corporation on Agriculture (IICA), the Ministries of Health, and Agriculture and a contracted consultant, Dr. S. Vokaty of PAHO/WHO.
- 6.1.3 Thereafter, the Chairperson drew Members to the Matrix of the proposed amendments to the Food Safety Bill, which was formulated by the technical team inclusive of Dr. Pierre, Agriculture Health and Food Safety Specialist of the Ministry of Agriculture.
- 6.1.4 The Committee them commenced consideration the Bill Clause by Clause along with the proposed matrix submitted.

#### 6.2 A BILL - Intituled

- 6.2.1 The Preamble was *amended* as *follows*:
  - "An act to protect the health and wellbeing of consumers by promoting and ensuring food safety along the food chain through an integrated and coordinated approach;
  - The Preamble was *accepted* as *amended*.

#### 6.3 PART 1 – PRELIMINARY

6.3.1 Clause 1 – Short title was accepted as printed

#### 6.3.2 Clause 2- Interpretation

The following amendments were made:

- Insertion of a definition for "abattoir" before the definition for "additive" as follows:
  - "abattoir" means premises used for slaughter of non-aquatic animals for human consumption or animal feeding;"
- Insertion of a definition for "adulterate" after the definition for "additive" as follows:
  - "adulterate" means to make food impure in order to give a false impression or value to hide defects, by the addition of a foreign, inferior or inert substance to the food, or by the exclusion or removal of a valuable or necessary ingredient;"
- Insertion of a definition for "advertisement" after the definition for "adulterate" as follows:
  - ""advertisement" includes any representation whether written, pictorial, visual or otherwise, made for the purpose of promoting directly or indirectly the sale or disposal of any food or any substance represented as food, and "advertise" shall have a corresponding meaning;"
- **Deletion** of the word "Advisory" after the word "the" in the first line of the definition for "Board".
- Substitution of the number "6" for the number "5" in the second line of the definition for "Board".
- Deletion of the words "but does not include insect fragment, rodent hairs or other extraneous matter;" after the words "environmental contamination" in the penultimate line of the definition for "contaminant".
- Insertion of a semi-colon ";" after the words "environmental contamination" in the last line of the definition for "contaminant".

- Insertion of a definition for "establishment" after the definition for "contaminant" as follows:
  - ""establishment" means premises and facilities where food products are prepared processed, chilled, frozen, packaged or stored. Auctions which only display and sale by wholesale takes place are not deemed to be an establishment;"
- Insertion of a definition for "food analyst" before the definition for "food borne disease" as follows:
  - ""Food Analyst" means a person or institution qualified or designated as a food analyst under section 26 of this act;"
- Insertion of a definition for "food fraud" before the definition for "food borne disease" as follows:
  - ""Food Fraud" means a false representation of a food whether by description, labelling, false or misleading representations or by concealment of what should have been disclosed, that is meant to deceive another;"
- Insertion of the words "raw and cooked" after the words "contact with" in the second line of the definition for "food handler;"
- Substitution of the word "stored" for the word "prepared" in the last line of the definition for "food safety;"
- **Insertion** of the word "System" after the word "Points" in the definition for the acronym "HACCP".
- Insertion of a definition for "National Codex Committee" after the definition for "monitoring" as follows:
  - ""National Codex Committee" means the body established under section 25 of this Act:"
- Insertion of a definition for "official laboratory" after the definition for "official analyst" as follows:
  - ""official laboratory" means a laboratory which is approved by the competent authority and is by that authority able to carry out official analyses;"
- Substitution of the word "persons" for the word "animals" in the definition for "population".

- Insertion of a definition for "recall" after the definition for "production" as follows:
  - "recall" means the action of removing food from the market at any stage of the food chain, including food that is in consumers' possession;"
- Insertion of a definition for "sell" after the definition for "risk management" as follows:
  - "sell" includes to put up for sale, advertise, keep, store, display, transmit, consign, convey or deliver for sale, or to exchange, or to dispose of to any person in any manner for profit, exhibition, donation or public gathering, and "sold", "selling" and "sale" shall have corresponding meanings;"
- **Substitution** of the word "food" for the word "animals" in the definition for "transportation".
- Insertion of a definition for "wild game meat"" after the definition for "transportation" as follows:
  - "wild game meat" means all parts of wild game which are suitable for human consumption and which have not undergone any preserving process other than chilling, freezing or wrapping in a controlled atmosphere.
- 6.3.3 Thereafter, Clause 2 was accepted as amended.
- 6.4 PART 11 ESTABLISHMENT OF AUTHORITY
- 6.4.1 Clause 3 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5 PART 111 ADMINISTRATION OF THE AUTHORITY
- 6.5.1 Clause 4 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5.2 Clause 5, the following *amendments* were *made*:
  - **Deletion** of the words "an Advisory" after the word "appoint" in the first line of the Clause.
  - **Insertion** of the word "a" before the word "Board" in the first line of the Clause.
- 6.5.2.1 Clause 5, was then accepted as amended.

#### 6.5.3 Clause 6 was amended as follows:

- Insertion of "subsection 1" infront of "Clause 6";
- Substitution of the word "seven (7)" for the word "the" before the word "Members" in the Clause.
- Insertion of "subsection (2)" after subsection (1) as follows:
- "Five (5) members of the Board shall be appointed from Government departments and agencies with responsibility for –
  - (a) Ministry of agriculture;
  - (b) Ministry of Public health;
  - (c) Consumer Affairs Bureau;
  - (d) Bureau of Standards; and
  - (e) Ministry of Legal Affairs."
- 6.5.3.1 Clause 6, was then accepted as amended.
- 6.5.4 Clause 7 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5.5 Clause 8 was amended as follows:
  - Substitution of the word "functions" for the word "responsibilities" in the last line of the Clause.
- 6.5.5.1 Clause 8, was then accepted as amended.
- 6.5.6 Clause 9 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5.7 Clause 10 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5.8 Clause 11 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5.9 Clause 12 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5.10 Clause 13 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5.11 Clause 14 was accepted as printed.
- 6.5.12 Clause 15 was accepted as printed.
- 6.6 PART IV FINANCE OF THE AUTHORITY
- 6.6.1 Clause 16 was accepted as printed.
- 6.6.2 Clause 17 was accepted as printed.
- 6.6.3 Clause 18 was accepted as printed.

#### 6.7 PART V – RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUTHORITY

6.7.1 The following *amendments was made*:

#### PART V:

- **Substitution** of the word "FUNCTIONS" for the word "RESPONSIBILITIES" in the section of the Bill.
- 6.7.2 Part V, was then accepted as amended.
- 6.7.3 Clause 19, Authority to implement provisions of Act, was amended as follows:
  - Substitution of the word "functions" for the word "responsibilities" in the third line of the Clause.
- 6.7.3.1 Clause 19 was then accepted as amended.
- 6.7.4 Clause 20, Responsibilities of Authority, was amended as follows:
  - Insertion of "Subsection (1)" after "Clause 20" as follows:
    - The Food Safety Authority shall be the competent authority for food safety matters in Guyana, and shall:
  - Insertion of "subsection (2)" after "subsection (1), paragraph (b)" as follows:
    - The Authority may –
  - **Insertion** of "paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g)" as follows:
    - (a) monitor the implementation of this Act and from time to time issue reports and recommendations to the Minister on the implementation of this Act;
    - (b) establish a risk-based food safety and quality control framework to protect, enhance and ensure food safety and to protect consumers against food fraud;
    - (c) analyse data issued by the Codex Alimentarius and carry out or commission studies analysing Guyana's interest in food standards and the Codex Alimentarius Commission;
    - (d) promote, and formulate programmes for consumer education regarding food safety and quality as well as other aspects of risk communication;

- (e) serve as or participate in the National Codex Committee;
- (f) establish certification requirements for food business operators with respect to hygiene and manufacturing, recognised by Codex Alimentarius Commission;
- (g) give directions to the Officers and employees of the Authority in relation to –
- Insertion of "subparagraphs (i) (ii), (iii, (iv) and (v)" after "paragraph (g)" as follows:
  - (i) food safety matters, including those related to the production, manufacture, import, export, labelling and sale of food;
  - (ii) food-consumer protection and emerging food safety and quality Issues, including those relating to street food vending;
  - (iii) the formulation, review and implementation of a draft food safety and quality policy, for the approval of the Food Safety Authority including procedures for emergency response;
  - (iv) participation in the work of the Codex Alimentarius Commission and other international and regional entities including representations at meetings; and
  - (v) the formulation of food standards, codes of practice and notices under this Act; and
- Insertion of a new "paragraph (h)" after "paragraph (g) as follows:
  - (h) "carry out such other functions as may be required by the Minister."
- 6.7.4.1 Thereafter, Clause 20 was accepted as amended.
- 6.7.5 Clause 21 was accepted as printed.
- 6.7.6 Clause 22 was accepted as printed.
- 6.7.7 Clause 23 was accepted as printed.
- 6.7.8 Clause 24 was accepted as printed.

- 6.7.9 Clause 25 were amended as follows:
  - Deletion of the words "Food Safety" after the word "National" in the marginal note.
  - Substitution of the word "Committees" for the word "Committee" in the marginal note.
  - Substitution of the word "or" for the word "nor" in the second line of subsection 1.
  - Insertion of new "paragraphs (i) and (ii)" after "subsection (1)" as follows:
    - "(i) National Food Safety Committee
    - (ii) National Codex Committee"
- 6.7.9.1 Clause 25, was then accepted as amended.
- 6.8 PART VI FOOD ANALYST AND INSPECTORS
- 6.8.1 Clause 26 was accepted as printed.
- 6.8.2 Clause 27 was accepted as printed.
- 6.9 PART VII POWERS OF THE AUTHORITY
- 6.9.1 Clause 28 was accepted as printed.
- 6.9.2 Clause 29 was accepted as printed.
- 6.9.3 Clause 30 was accepted as printed.
- 6.9.4 Clause 31 was accepted as printed.
- 6.9.5 Clause 32 was accepted as printed.
- 6.9.6 Clause 33 was amended as follows:
  - Substitution of the word "wilfully" for the word "willfully" in the first line of paragraph (b).
- 6.9.6.1 Clause 33 was then accepted as amended.

6.9.7	Clause 34 was accepted as printed.
6.9.8	Clause 35 was accepted as printed.
6.9.9	Clause 36 was accepted as printed.
6.9.10	Clause 37 was accepted as printed.
6.9.11	Clause 38 was accepted as printed.
6.9.12	Clause 39 was accepted as printed.
6.9.13	Clause 40 was accepted as printed.
6.9.14	Clause 41 was accepted as printed.
6.10	PART VIII – REGISTRATION AND LICENSING REQUIREMENTS
6.10.1	Clause 42 was accepted as printed.
6.10.2	Clause 43 was accepted as printed.
6.10.3	Clause 44 was accepted as printed.
6.10.4	Clause 45 was accepted as printed.
6.10.5	Clause 46 was accepted as printed.
6.10.6	Clause 47 was accepted as printed.
6.10.7	Clause 48 was accepted as printed.
6.10.8	Clause 49 was accepted as printed.
6.10.9	Clause 50 was accepted as printed.
6.10.10	Clause 51 was accepted as printed.
6.11	PART IX - FOOD HANDLER'S PERMIT
6.11.1	Clause 52 was accepted as printed.
6.11.2	Clause 53 was accepted as printed.
6.11.3	Clause 54 was accepted as printed.
6.11.4	Clause 55 was accepted as printed.

- 6.11.5 Clause 56 was accepted as printed.
- 6.11.6 Clause 57 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12 PART X OPERATOR OF FOOD-HANDLING ESTABLISHMENT AND FOOD HANDLER
- 6.12.1 Clause 58 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.2 Clause 59 was amended as follows:
  - Insertion of a "new sub-section (3)" as follows:
    - "(3) The Food Safety Authority shall ensure that there is a traceability system to-
  - Insertion of "paragraphs (a), (b) and (c)" as follows:
    - (a) trace back through all stages of processing to the supplier of ingredients, raw materials and primary packaging materials, including transportation, storage and distribution;
    - (b) trace forward from the supplier of ingredients, raw material and primary packaging materials through all stages of processing, including transportation, storage and distribution, to sale to the customer, and
    - (c) enable the identification of all traceable items throughout the food production chain.
  - Insertion of a "new sub-section (4)" as follows:
    - "(4) A food operator shall:"
  - Insertion of a "paragraph (a)" as follows:
    - "(a) establish and maintain records identifying the —"
  - Insertion of "subparagraphs (i), (ii)" as follows:

- (i) immediate previous source of a traceable item as well as the traceable item itself; and
- (ii) immediate subsequent recipient of a traceable item, as well as the traceable item itself;
- Insertion of "paragraphs (b) and (c)" as follows:
  - (b) assign an identification number and either a batch or lot number to any food processed by the food business operator;
     and
  - (c) make the records referred to in paragraph (a) and any identification numbers referred to in paragraph (b) available upon request to the Food Safety Authority in accordance with procedures prescribed by regulations.
- 6.12.2.1 Clause 59 was thereafter accepted as amended.
- 6.12.3 Clause 60 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.4 Clause 61 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.5 Clause 62 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.6 Clause 63 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.7 Clause 64 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.8 Clause 65 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.9 Clause 66 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.10 Clause 67 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.11 Clause 68 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.12 Clause 69 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.13 Clause 70 was accepted as printed.

#### 6.12.14 Clause 71 was amended as follows:

- Substitution of the words "Food Fraud" for the words "Falsely describing food" in the marginal note.
- Insertion of the words "food fraud which is" after the word "commits" in the long line of the clause.
- Deletion of the "long line" after "subsection (2), paragraph (b)" as follows:
  - "commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months,"
- 6.12.14.1 Clause 71 was then accepted as amended.
- 6.12.15 Clause 72 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.16 Clause 73 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.17 Clause 74 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.18 Clause 75 was amended as follows:

#### Paragraph (9):

• Substitution of the word "relabeling" for the word "relabelling" in the last line of the paragraph.

#### Paragraph (10):

- Substitution of the word "relabeling" for the word "relabelling" in the first line of the paragraph.
- 6.12.18.1 Clause 75 was then accepted as amended.
- 6.12.19 Clause 76 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.20 Clause 77 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.21 Clause 78 was amended as follows:

- Insertion of "subsection (1)" infront of Clause 78;
- Insertion of a new "subsection (2)" as follows:
  - "any Customs officer that releases goods without the approval of the Food Safety Authority commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six (6) months."
- 6.12.21.1 Clause 78 was thereafter accepted as amended.
- 6.12.22 Clause 79 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.23 Clause 80 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.24 Clause 81 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.25 Clause 82 was accepted as printed.
- 6.12.26 Clause 83 was accepted as printed.
- 6.13 PART XI FOOD HAZARDS, FOOD BORNE DISEASES AND FOOD RELATED ILLNESSES
- 6.13.1 Clause 84

Subsection (1) was substituted with the following:

"(1) Any food handler and food business operator who observes the
prevalence of a food hazard or a food borne disease shall as soon as
possible notify the Authority, the Chief Medical Officer, and the
Chief Veterinary Officer of the hazard or disease."

Subsection (2) was amended as follows:

- Substitution of the words "an incidence" for the words "a prevalence" in the first line.
- Deletion of the words "after consultation with the Committee and any appropriate government entities" after the word "Authority" in the second line.

6.13.2 Clause 84 was then accepted as amended.

#### 6.13.3 Clause 85

The following amendment was made:

#### Marginal note:

• Substitution of the word "recall" for the word "recalling" in the marginal note.

#### Subsection(1), paragraph (b):

- **Substitution** of the word "notify" for the word "liaise with" at the start of the paragraph.
- 6.13.3.1 Clause 85 was then accepted as amended.

#### 6.13.4 Clause 86

The following amendment was made:

- Substitution of *subsection (2)* with the *following for subsection (2)*:
  - (2) In recommending corrective measures the Authority may be guided by
    - (a) National Codex Committee
    - (b) Codex Alimentarius;
    - (c) good agricultural practices;
    - (d) good manufacturing practices;
    - (e) HACCP and any other relevant international standard pertaining to food safety.
- 6.13.4.1 Clause 86 was then *accepted* as *amended*.
- 6.13.5 Clause 87 was accepted as printed.
- 6.13.6 Clause 88 was amended as follows:

Paragraph (c):

"food" at the end of the paragraph. Clause 88 was then accepted as amended. 6.13.6.1 6.13.7 Clause 89: The following amendment was made: Insertion of the word "food" before the word "analyst" in the first line. Clause 89 was then accepted as amended. 6.13.7.1 6.14 PART XII - GENERAL PENALTY 6.14.1 Clause 90 was accepted as printed. 6.15 PART XIII - REGULATIONS 6.15.1 Clause 91: The following amendment was made: Sub-clause (1): Deletion of the words "on the advice of the Authority, the Committee and the National Bureau of Standards" after the word "may" in the first line. 6.15.1.1 Clause 91 was then accepted as amended. 6.16 PART XIV - REPEAL AND SAVINGS 6.16.1 Clause 92 was accepted as printed.

Insertion of the words "at the official laboratory" after the word

Thereafter the Committee concluded consideration of the Bill.

The Chairperson sought advice from Members on the way forward with the Bill.

6.17

6.18

- After a brief discussion, the Committee agreed that the Committees Division would 6.18.1 make the necessary amendments to the Matrix, then it should be forwarded to the Chief Parliamentary Council for his review.
- The Chairperson thereafter informed Members that a Report would be prepared, 6.18.2 and the Committee would have another meeting to consider and adopt it, before being forwarded to the National Assembly.

#### 6.19 **Expression of thanks**

The Chairperson expressed sincere thanks to the Members of the Committee, Staff 6.19.1 of the Parliament Office and Advisors for their co-operation, commitment and contribution during the consideration of the Food Safety Bill.

#### Adjournment

At 2.25 p.m., the meeting was adjourned sine dine.

Confirmed this 1st day of April, 2019

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture and

Chairperson

# THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF THE FIRST SESSION OF THE ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT OF GUYANA (2015-2019)

# MINUTES OF THE $5^{TH}$ MEETING OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016 - BILL NO. 22 OF 2016 HELD AT 9.30 A.M

ON MONDAY, 1ST APRIL 2019

IN COMMITTEE ROOM NO. 1, COMMITTEES DIVISION, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, BRICKDAM, GEORGETOWN.

#### ATTENDANCE

#### CHAIRMAN (1)

## A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change APNU/AFC

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on 27<sup>th</sup> October, 2016) (Elected by the Committee on 9th March, 2017)

Hon. Noel L. Holder, M.P., Minister of Agriculture

#### Other Members

## A Partnership For National Unity/Alliance For Change (APNU/AFC) (5)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., Minister of State

Hon. Annette N. Ferguson, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Infrastructure

Hon. Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., Minister within the Ministry of Public Health

vacant seat

#### From the People's Progressive Party (PPP) (4)

(Nominated by the Committee of Selection on March 9, 2017)

Dr. Frank C.S. Anthony, M.P.

- Absent

Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P.

- Excused

Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P.

- Excused

Mr. Vickram O. Bharrat, M.P.

- Absent

#### Officers

Mrs. Savitah D'Andrade - Clerk of Committees

Ms. Tracy Armstrong - Assistant Clerk of Committees

Mr. Safraz Mohamed - Assistant Clerk of Committees

#### In Attendance

Dr. Mark Pierre - Agriculture Health and Food Safety Specialist, Ministry

of Agriculture

Mr. Charles Fung - A – Fatt, S.C. - Chief Parliamentary Council

#### ITEM 1: CALL TO ORDER

1.1 The Chairperson called the meeting to order at 9.40 a.m.

#### ITEM 2: ANNOUNCEMENT

- 2.1 Welcome
- 2.1.1 The Chairperson welcomed Members and staff to the meeting.
- 2.2.1 Excuse
- 2.2.1 The Chairperson informed the Committee that the following Members had asked to be excused from the meeting:
  - Mr. Nigel D. Dharamlall, M.P., and
  - Dr. Bheri S. Ramsaran, M.P.

#### ITEM 3: CIRCULATION OF DOCUMENTS

- 3.1 The following documents had been circulated prior to the Meeting:
  - Notice and Invitation to attend the 5<sup>th</sup> Meeting, dated 29<sup>th</sup> March 2019;
  - The 4<sup>th</sup> Minutes of the Special Select Committee on the Food Safety Bill 2016
     Bill No. 22 of 2016, dated 21<sup>st</sup> January 2019;
  - Proposed amendments to the Food Safety Bill 2016 Bill No. 22 of 2016 from the Chief Parliamentary Counsel;

- Matrix of proposed amendments to the Food Safety Bill 2016 Bill No. 22 of 2016; and
- v. Draft report of the Special Select Committee on the Food Safety Bill 2016 -Bill No. 22 of 2016
- 3.2 The following document had been circulated at the meeting:
  - Record of Proceedings of the Special Select Committee on Food Safety Bill 22/2016 dated January 21, 2019.

# ITEM 4: CORRECTION AND CONFIRMATION OF THE MINUTES OF THE 4<sup>TH</sup> MEETING HELD ON 21<sup>ST</sup> JANUARY 2019.

4.1 The Minutes were confirmed, without corrections, on a motion, moved and seconded by Hon. Lt. Col. (Ret'd) Joseph F. Harmon, M.S.M., M.P., and the Hon. Dr. Karen Cummings, M.P., respectively.

#### ITEM 5: MATTERS ARISING

5.1 There were no matters arising from the Minutes.

# ITEM 6: CONTINUE CONSIDERATION OF THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016- BILL NO. 22 OF 2016

- 6.1 Matrix of Amendments to the Bill
- 6.1.1 There being no other corrections to the Bill, the Committee agreed to accept, in principle, the Matrix of Amendments to the Bill.

# ITEM 7: CONSIDERATION OF REPORT OF THE SPECIAL SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE FOOD SAFETY BILL 2016 – BILL NO. 22/2016.

7.1 The Committee commenced consideration of the Report of the Special Select Committee on the Food Safety Bill 2016- Bill No. 22 of 2016 paragraph by paragraph.

#### 7.2 Page 2, paragraph 6 – Other meetings of the Committee

#### 7.2.1 The following *amendment* was *made*:

• Insertion of the words "Monday, 1st April 2019" after the last listings in the paragraph.

#### 7.3 Page 3, paragraph 8 - Methodology

#### 7.3.1 The following *amendment* was *made*:

• Substitution of the word "dates" for the word "date" in the first line of the paragraph.

#### 7.4 Page 3, paragraph 11 – Consultations

#### 7.4.1 The following *amendment* was *made*:

• Substitution of the words "with reference to" for the words "in collaboration with by" in the second line of the paragraph.

#### 7.5 Page 4, paragraph 21 – Report of the Special Select Committee

#### 7.5.1 The following *amendment* was *made*:

• Substitution of "1st April 2019" for "21st January 2019" in the first line of the paragraph.

#### 7.6 Adoption of the Report

7.6.1 There being no other corrections, the Committee thereafter, adopted the report and agreed that subject to the corrections, it should be presented to the National Assembly at the sitting scheduled for Thursday, April 11, 2019.

#### ITEM 8: ANY OTHER BUSINESS

#### 8.1 Closing Remarks

8.1.1 The Chairperson thanked Members, Advisors, the Chief Parliamentary Counsel and the Staff of the Committees Division for their cooperation and support during the tenure of the Committee.

#### Adjournment

At 9.50 a.m., the meeting was adjourned.

#### Unconfirmed.

# APPENDIX II

Matrix of proposed amendments			
Clauses of Bil	I	Proposed amendments	Remarks
A Bill Intituled	AN ACT to prevent the spread of food borne diseases through the control of the production, preparation, handling, storage and the transportation of food and provide for connected matters.	An ACT to protect the health and wellbeing of consumers by promoting and ensuring food safety along the food chain through an integrated and coordinated approach	Accepted as amended
A. <u>D. 2</u> 016	Enacted by the Parliament of Guyana: -		Accepted as printed.
	PART I PRELIMINARY		Accepted as printed.
Clause 1 Short title	This Act may be cited as the Food Safety Act 2016.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 2 Interpretation.	In this Act —	"Abattoir" means premises used for slaughter of non-aquatic animals for human consumption or animal feeding.	Insertion of new definition Accepted as amended.
	"additive" means any substance not normally consumed as food by itself and not normally used as a typical ingredient of food, whether or not it has nutritive value, the intentional addition of which to food for a technological (including organoleptic) purpose in the production, manufacture, preparation, treatment, packing, packaging, transport or storage of such food results, or may be reasonably expected to result (directly or indirectly), in it or its by products becoming a component of or otherwise affecting the characteristics of such food, but does not include contaminants or substances added to food for the purpose of maintaining or improving nutritional qualities;	"adulterate" means to make food impure in order to give a false impression or value or to hide defects, by the addition of a foreign, inferior or inert substance to the food, or by the exclusion or removal of a valuable or necessary ingredient;	Insertion of new definition Accepted as amended.

"agricultural input" means a substance or an organism that may be used in the production of food, the growing of a plant or an organism or the raising of an animal and includes feedstuff, fertilizers, seeds, manure, other biosolids, soil conditioners, supplements, additives, treatments, growth promotants, and similar substances and organisms;

"advertisement" includes any representation whether written, pictorial, visual or otherwise, made for the purpose of promoting directly or indirectly the sale or disposal of any food or any substance represented as food, and "advertise" shall have a corresponding meaning;

Accepted as printed.

Insertion of new definition (accepted as amended)

"animal" means an aquatic animal or a terrestrial animal;

- "animal feed" means a mixture of nutrients produced under hygienic conditions and used as a supplement or the only source of feed;
- "animal product" means a terrestrial animal product or an aquatic animal product;
- "approved" means officially approved, accredited or registered by the Authority;
- "aquatic animal product" means non-viable aquatic animals and products from aquatic animals, and includes fresh fish, processed whole fish or edible products of fish that have been subjected to treatment such as cooking, drying, salting, brining, smoking or freezing;
- "Authority" means the Food Safety Authority established under section 3;
- "authorised officer" means a person appointed or designated and qualified to act as such;

Accepted as printed.

"Board" means the Advisory Board appointed by the Minister under section 6;	"Board" means the Board appointed by the Minister under section 6;	Accepted as amended.
"biological products" means -		٢
(a) biological reagents for use in the diagnosis of certain diseases;		6
(b) sera for use in the prevention and treatment of certain diseases;		
(c) inactivated or modified vaccines for use in preventive vaccination against certain diseases;		
(d) genetic material of infectious agents;		
(e) endocrine tissues from fish or used in fish;		
"Codex Alimentarius" means the rules governing food safety established by the Codex Alimentarius Commission established by Resolution of the Eleventh Session of the Conference of the Food and Agriculture Organization;	-	-Accepted as printed.
"Codex Alimentarius Commission" means a subsidiary body of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the World Health Organization, entrusted with the elaboration of international standards of food to protect the health of consumers and to ensure fair practices in the food trade;		
"commercial operation" in relation to any		
food, means any of the following –  (a) consigning, delivering or servicing by way of sale or trade;		
(b) importing and exporting;		

- (c) preparing for sale or presenting, labeling or wrapping for the purpose of sale;
- (d) selling, possessing for sale and offering, exposing or advertising for sale;
- (e) storing or transporting for the purposes of sale, and in relation to any food source, means deriving food from it for the purpose of sale or for the purposes connected with sale;

"Committee" means the National Food Safety Committee established under section 25;

"commodity" means animals, animal products intended for human consumption, for animal feed, for pharmaceutical or surgical use or for agricultural or industrial use, animal genetic material, feedstuffs, biological products and pathological material;

"contaminant" means any substance not intentionally added to food which is present in such food as a result of the production (including operations carried out in crop husbandry, animal husbandry and veterinary medicine), manufacture, preparation, treatment, packing, packaging ,transport or holding of such food or as a result of environmental contamination but does not include insect fragment, rodent hairs or other extraneous matter;

"contaminant" means any substance not intentionally added to food which is present in such food as a result of the production (including operations carried out in crop husbandry, animal husbandry and veterinary medicine), manufacture, preparation, treatment, packing, packaging, transport or holding of such food or as a result of environmental contamination;

"establishment" means premises and facilities where food products are prepared, processed, chilled, frozen, packaged or stored. Auctions which only display and sale by wholesale takes place are not deemed to be an establishment; Accepted as amended.

Accepted

as

printed.

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Insertion of new definition (Accepted as amended)

# Food Safety Bill No. 22 of 2016

Matrix of proposed amendments "exporter" includes any person who, whether as owner, consignor, consignee, agent or broker, is in possession of or in any way entitled to the custody or control of any food exported from Guyana; "fish" includes -(a) parts of fish; shellfish, crustaceans, fresh water, brackish water and marine animals and any of their parts; and the eggs, sperm, spawn, larvae, spat and juvenile stages of any fish; "fish slaughtering premises" means premises used for the slaughter of fish for human consumption or other purposes; Accepted as "food" or "foodstuff" means any substance printed. or product, whether processed, partially processed or unprocessed, intended to be or reasonably expected to be ingested by humans; food includes drink, chewing gum and any substance, including water, intentionally incorporated into the food during its manufacture, preparation or treatment but does not include -(a) animal feed; (b) live animals, unless they are prepared for placing on market for human consumption; (c) plants prior to harvesting;

(d) medicinal products;

(f) tobacco and tobacco products;

(e) cosmetics;

(g) narcotic of psychotropic substances;		
(h) residues and contaminants;	"food analyst" means a person or institution qualified or designated as a food analyst under section 26 of this act;	Insertion of new definition (Accepted as amended)
"food borne disease" means diseases, usually either infectious or toxic in nature, caused by agents that enter the body through the ingestion of food;		
"food business" means any undertaking carried out by a person related to any stage of production, processing, distribution, storage and sale of food;		
"food control" refers to mandatory regulatory activity of enforcement by national or local authorities to provide consumer protection and ensure that all foods during production, handling, storage, processing and distribution are safe, wholesome and fit for human consumption; confirm to quality and safety requirements; and are honestly and accurately labelled as prescribed by law;		Accepted as printed.
	"Food Fraud" means a false representation of a food whether by description, labelling, false or misleading representations or by concealment of what should have been disclosed, that is meant to deceive another	Insertion of new definition (Accepted as amended)
"food handler" means any person who as a result of the performance of the person's duty comes into contact with packaged or unpackaged food, food equipment and utensils and food contact surfaces;	"food handler" means any person who as a result of the performance of the person's duty comes into contact with raw and cooked packaged or unpackaged food, food equipment and utensils and food contact surfaces;	Accepted as amended.

"food hazard" means a biological, chemical or physical agent in, or the condition of food or feed with the potential of causing an adverse health effect;  "inspection" means the examination of food by the Authority responsible for food control;  "food safety" means assurance that food will not harm the consumer when it is prepared and/or eaten according to its intended use;  "food source" means food intended for	"food safety" means assurance that food will not harm the consumer when it is <i>stored</i> and/or eaten according to its intended use;	Accepted as printed.  Accepted as amended.
human consumption and derived from milk, egg, any growing crop, plant, micro-organism, live animal, bird and fish;  "genetically modified food" means food containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified organisms;		
"genetically modified organism (GMO)" means an organism, with the exception of human beings, in which the genetic material has been altered in a way that does not occur naturally by mating or natural recombination;  "governmental entity" includes any Ministry, Government department,		Accepted as printed.
corporation or agency;  "HACCP" means Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points;  "import" means to import into Guyana by any means and importation has a corresponding meaning;	"HACCP" means Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points System;	Accepted as amended.
"importer" means any person who whether as owner, consignor, consignee, agent or broker is in possession of or in any way entitled to the custody or control of any food imported into Guyana;		Accepted as printed.

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	"ingredient" means any substance, including a food additive, used in the manufacture or preparation of a food and present in the final product although possibly in a modified form;  "Inspector" means any person appointed under section 8 of the Public Health Ordinance and any other person appointed in that capacity under section 27;		
5.8 41	"label" means any tag, brand, mark, pictorial or other descriptive matter written, printed, stenciled, marked, embossed, or impressed on or attached to a container of food or its package;  "manufacture" includes processing and	•	Accepted as printed.
	preservation and other similar activities;  "Minister" means the Minister of		
	Agriculture;		
	"monitoring" means a regular investigation of a given population or sub- population and its environment to detect changes in the prevalence of a disease or pathogen or characteristics of a pathogenic agent;		
		"National Codex Committee" means the body established under section 25; this Act;	Insertion of new definition (Accepted as amended.)
	"official analyst" means a person appointed to perform analysis under this Act;		Accepted as printed.
		"official laboratory" means a laboratory which is approved by the competent authority and is by that authority to able to carry out official analyses;	Insertion of new definition (Accepted as amended)

"outbreak" means the unusual occurrence of one or more cases of a disease or an infection in an epidemiological unit;			
"operator" means any person who operates a food business;			
"owner" refers to any person in control of any food business;		Accepted as printed.	1000
"package" includes anything in which food is wholly or partially placed or wrapped and includes any basket, container, pail, tray or receptacle of any kind whether open or close;			
"plant" refers to a botanical plant or part thereof and includes fresh water, brackish water and marine plants;			
"population" means a group of animals sharing a common defined characteristic;	"population" means a group of persons sharing a common defined characteristic;	Accepted as amended.	
"premises" includes any building, tent or other structure, permanent or otherwise, together with the land on which the same is situated and any adjoining land employed in connection therewith, used for the production, manufacture, packing, packaging, transport, handling, serving, storage or sale of any food;			
"production" means the cultivation, rearing, or growing of food including harvesting, milking and farmed animal production prior to slaughter;		~ ^	
1	"recall" means the action of removing food from the market at any stage of the food chain, including food that is in consumers' possession;	Insertion of new definition (Accepted as amended)	
'risk' means a function of the probability of an adverse health effect and the severity of that effect consequential to a hazard;		Accepted as printed.	

"risk analysis" means a process consisting of hazard identification, risk assessment, risk management and risk communication in accordance with internationally accepted procedures and standards;

"risk assessment" means a scientifically based process consisting of four steps: hazard identification, hazard characterisation, exposure assessment and risk characterisation;

"risk communication" is the exchange of information and opinions concerning risk and risk-related factors among risk assessors, risk managers, consumers and other interested parties.

"risk management" means the process distinct from risk assessment of weighing policy alternatives in consultation with interested parties considering risk assessment and other legitimate factors and if need be selecting appropriate prevention and control options;

"sell" means includes to put up for sale, advertise, keep, store, display, transmit, consign, convey or deliver for sale, or to exchange, or to dispose of to any person in any manner for profit, exhibition, donation or public gathering, and "sold", "selling" and "sale" shall have corresponding meanings;

Accepted as printed.

Insertion of new definition (Accepted as amended)

"street food" means ready-to-eat foods prepared or sold along streets and other similar public places;

"street food vending" means ready-to-eat food prepared or sold from a vehicle, watercraft, cart, tray or other similar facility; Accepted as printed.

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	"sub-population" means a distinct part of a population identifiable according to specific common animal health characteristics;		
	"surveillance" means the investigation of a given population or sub-population to detect the presence of a disease and includes ante and post mortem inspections;		Accepted as printed.
	"traceability" means the ability to trace and follow a food, feed, food-producing animal or substance intended to be, or expected to be incorporated into a food or feed, through all stages of production, processing and distribution;		
897)	"transportation" means the procedures associated with the carrying of animals for commercial purposes from one location to another by any means;	"transportation" means the procedures associated with the carrying of <i>food</i> for commercial purposes from one location to another by any means;	Accepted as amended.
	"unsafe food" means food that shall not be placed on the market because it has been deemed unsafe;		
	"vehicle" means any vessel, aircraft, train, conveyance, cart, container, animal or other thing on land or at see that can transport animals, animal products or commodities from one		Accepted as printed.
	place to another.	"wild game meat" means all parts of wild game which are suitable for human consumption and which have not undergone any preserving process other than chilling, freezing or wrapping in a controlled atmosphere.	Insertion of new definition (Accepted as amended)
	PART II		Accepted
Clause 3 Establishment of Food Safety Authority.	There is established a body corporate called the Food Safety Authority, the day to day management of which shall be the responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer appointed by the Minister and to whom the		as printed.  Accepted as printed.
	provisions of sections 14 and 15 shall apply.		

	PART III ADMINISTRATION OF THE AUTHORITY		Accepted as printed.
Clause 4 Administratio n of Authority.	The administration and management of the Authority shall vest in the Board, which may exercise all the powers and do all acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Authority in accordance with the provisions of this Act.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 5 Appointment of Board.	The Minister shall appoint an Advisory Board of not more than twelve members to hold office for a term not exceeding three years from the date of appointment and membership may be renewed by the Minister for a further term of twelve months.	The Minister shall appoint a Board of not more than twelve members to hold office for a term not exceeding three years from the date of appointment and membership may be renewed by the Minister for a further term of twelve months.	Accepted as amended.
Clause 6 Board Members.	The members of the Board may be appointed by the Minister from persons with knowledge and experience in agriculture, food processing, fisheries, public administration, food distribution and public health.	<ul> <li>(1) Seven (7) members of the Board may be appointed by the Minister from persons with knowledge and experience in agriculture, food processing, fisheries, public administration, food distribution and public health.</li> <li>(2) Five (5) members of the Board shall be appointed from Government departments and agencies with responsibility for— <ul> <li>(a) Ministry of Agriculture;</li> <li>(b) Ministry of Public Health;</li> <li>(c) Consumer Affairs Bureau</li> <li>(d) d. Bureau of Standards; and</li> <li>(e) Ministry of Legal Affairs.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Accepted as amended.
Clause 7 Chairman of Board.	The Board shall annually elect one of its members to serve as chairperson of the Board.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 8 Board to advise Minister.	The Board shall advise the Minister on any matter within the <i>responsibilities</i> of the Authority.	The Board shall advise the Minister on any matter within the <i>functions</i> of the Authority.	Accepted as amended.
Clause 9	Each member of the Board shall be paid a fee		Accepted as printed.

	DATE OF THE PARTY	
Remuneration of Board Members.	to be fixed by the Minister and shall be reimbursed all reasonable travel and living expenses incurred in performing duties under this Act while away from his ordinary place of residence.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 10 Appointments by Board	Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the power to make appointment of, to remove and to exercise disciplinary control over officers and other employees of the Authority shall vest in the Board.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 11 Delegation by Board.	The Board may delegate to any of its members or any committee created by the Board, the power and authority to carry out on its behalf such functions as the Board may determine.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 12 Secretary of the Board.	The Board may appoint, with the approval of the Minister, a secretary whose duties, responsibilities and remuneration shall be fixed by the Board.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 13 Meetings of the Board.	The Board shall meet at least once every month at a place to be determined by the Board for the transaction of its business.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 14 Employment of persons.	The Authority may employ such officers and other employees as are necessary for the administration of this Act and shall provide for the conditions and terms of their employment and any other benefit.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 15 Superannuatio n benefits of employees. Cap. 19:05	(1) Section 28 of the Public Corporations Act shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to public officers, persons (not being public officers) holding appointments in the public service and teachers, referred to in that provision, who are seconded, temporarily transferred or permanently transferred to the Authority as if the Authority were a public corporation.	Accepted as printed.
	(3) The Authority, with the approval of the Minister, may make such provisions as it deems appropriate for the payment of pension, gratuity, or other allowances in respect of the service of its officers and other employees on their retirement from their employment with the Authority.	

	PART IV		Accepted as printed.
Clause 16 Funds of the Authority.	FINANCE OF THE AUTHORITY  The activities of the Authority may be funded by monies that Parliament appropriates to it, grants, revenues earned through its activities and monies received through other sources.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 17 Accounts of the Authority	The Authority shall keep books of accounts and records prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 18 Audit of the Authority.	The Auditor General shall annually –  (a) audit the financial statements of the Authority;  (b) provide to the Board and the Minister an opinion on the financial performance of the Authority; and  (c) recommend to the Board any desired improvement to the system.		Accepted as printed.
	PART V RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUTHORITY	PART V FUNCTIONS OF THE AUTHORITY	Accepted as amended.
Clause 19 Authority to implement provisions of Act.	The Authority shall implement and enforce the provisions of this Act and where necessary, for the better and efficient carrying out of its <i>responsibilities</i> , may consult with and be guided by relevant international, regional and local bodies and organizations.	The Authority shall implement and enforce the provisions of this Act and where necessary, for the better and efficient carrying out of its <i>functions</i> , may consult with and be guided by relevant international, regional and local bodies and organizations.	Accepted as amended.

	Matrix of proposed	amendments	
Clause 20 Responsibilitie s of Authority.	The Authority may –  (a) after consultation with the Minister, negotiate and enter into arrangements with any government	(1) The Food Safety Authority shall be the competent authority for food safety matters in Guyana, and shall:	Accepted as amended
	entity or ministry to implement or assist in the implementation of any technical standards within the contemplation of this Act;		Accepted as printed
	(b) do anything and enter into any transaction which in the opinion of the Authority is necessary for the discharge of its responsibilities.		Accepted as printed
		(2) The Authority may –	
		(a) monitor the implementation of this Act and from time to time issue reports and recommendations to the Minister on the implementation of this Act;	
		(b)establish a risk-based food safety and quality control framework to protect, enhance and ensure food safety and to protect consumers against food fraud;	
		(c) analyse data issued by the Codex Alimentarius and carry out or commission studies analysing Guyana's interest in food standards and the Codex Alimentarius Commission;	- Accepted as amended.
		(d) promote, and formulate programmes for consumer education regarding food safety and quality as well as other aspects of risk communication;	
		(e)serve as or participate in the National Codex Committee;	

- (f) establish certification requirements for food business operators with respect to hygiene and manufacturing, recognised by Codex Alimentarius Commission;
- (g) give directions to the Officers and employees of the Authority in relation to –
- (i) food safety matters, including those related to the production, manufacture, import, export, labelling and sale of food;
- (ii) food-consumer protection and emerging food safety and quality issues, including those relating to street food vending;
- (iii) the formulation, review and implementation of a draft food safety and quality policy, for the approval of the Food Safety Authority including procedures for emergency response;
- (iv) participation in the work of the Codex Alimentarius Commission and other international and regional entities including representations at meetings; and
- (v) the formulation of food standards, codes of practice and notices under this Act; and
- (h)carry out such other functions as may be required by the Minister.

Accepted as amended.

Matrix of proposed a	NOW CONTROL THE PURPOSE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	
The Authority may from time to time provide persons engaged in food business with general guidance on how to —  (a) clean and disinfect premises or equipment;  (b) enhance operational and sanitary measures;  (c) modify equipment;  (d) modify production or processing practices for any food or agricultural input;	•	Accepted as printed.
(e) use specified pesticides or other agricultural inputs.		
<ol> <li>(1) The Authority may enter into contracts, memoranda of understanding and other arrangements with any organization, corporation, scientific research body, institute or any other such body.</li> <li>(2) Any provision in any agreement made pursuant to subsection (1) shall be null and void where it is contrary to the object of this Act.</li> <li>(3) Nothing in this Act shall prevent the parties to any agreement, contract or memorandum of understanding made pursuant to any provisions of this Act from terminating the agreement, contract or memoranda of understanding by mutual consent in writing.</li> </ol>		Accepted as printed.
The Authority may negotiate and enter into arrangements for the implementation of technical standards and requirements for the achievement and furtherance of the objects of this Act.		Accepted as printed.
The Authority may arrange for adequate and continuing training courses in food safety for persons natural or corporate engaged in or intend to engage in food business, whether as operators, owners, employees or otherwise.		Accepted as printed.
	persons engaged in food business with general guidance on how to —  (a) clean and disinfect premises or equipment;  (b) enhance operational and sanitary measures;  (c) modify equipment;  (d) modify production or processing practices for any food or agricultural input;  (e) use specified pesticides or other agricultural inputs.  (1) The Authority may enter into contracts, memoranda of understanding and other arrangements with any organization, corporation, scientific research body, institute or any other such body.  (2) Any provision in any agreement made pursuant to subsection (1) shall be null and void where it is contrary to the object of this Act.  (3) Nothing in this Act shall prevent the parties to any agreement, contract or memorandum of understanding made pursuant to any provisions of this Act from terminating the agreement, contract or memoranda of understanding by mutual consent in writing.  The Authority may negotiate and enter into arrangements for the implementation of technical standards and requirements for the achievement and furtherance of the objects of this Act.  The Authority may arrange for adequate and continuing training courses in food safety for persons natural or corporate engaged in or intend to engage in food business, whether as	persons engaged in food business with general guidance on how to —  (a) clean and disinfect premises or equipment;  (b) enhance operational and sanitary measures;  (c) modify equipment;  (d) modify production or processing practices for any food or agricultural input;  (e) use specified pesticides or other agricultural inputs.  (1) The Authority may enter into contracts, memoranda of understanding and other arrangements with any organization, corporation, scientific research body, institute or any other such body.  (2) Any provision in any agreement made pursuant to subsection (1) shall be null and void where it is contrary to the object of this Act.  (3) Nothing in this Act shall prevent the parties to any agreement, contract or memorandum of understanding made pursuant to any provisions of this Act from terminating the agreement, contract or memoranda of understanding by mutual consent in writing.  The Authority may negotiate and enter into arrangements for the implementation of technical standards and requirements for the achievement and furtherance of the objects of this Act.  The Authority may arrange for adequate and continuing training courses in food safety for persons natural or corporate engaged in or intend to engage in food business, whether as

		differences	
Clause 25 Establishment of National Food Safety		Establishment of National Committees	Marginal note was Accepted as amended.
Committees.	(1) The Minister shall appoint a National Food Safety Committee of not less than five <i>nor</i> more than ten persons drawn from various relevant disciplines to advise him on matters pertaining to food safety.	(1) The Minister shall appoint a National Committees of not less than five or more than ten persons drawn from various relevant disciplines to advise him on matters pertaining to food safety.  (i) National Food Safety Committee	Accepted as amended.
	(2) The Minister shall from time to time identify specific areas of food safety for the consideration and opinion of the Committee.	(ii) National Codex Committee	
	(3) No member of the Committee shall serve for more than three continuous years.		Accepted
	(4) Each member of the Committee shall be paid a fee to be fixed by the Minster and shall be reimbursed all reasonable travel and living expenses incurred in performing duties under this Act while away from his ordinary place of residence.		as printed.
	PART VI		Accepted
	FOOD ANALYSTS AND INSPECTORS		as printed.
Clause 26 Food Analysts.	<ol> <li>The Minister may, after consultation with the Board and the National Food Safety Committee designate suitably qualified persons as Food Analysts, for the purposes of this Act.</li> <li>The Minister shall before designating a person a Food Analyst, notify the person in writing of the intention to do so and call upon the person to disclose whether the person is engaged in or has an interest in</li> </ol>		Accepted
	any food business.  (3) Any person engaged or with an interest in any food business shall not be designated a Food Analyst.		as printed.
	(4) Any person who subsequent to being designated a Food Analyst acquires a food business or any interest in the business, shall within seven days give notice to the Minister disclosing the business or interest		

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	and the Minister shall thereupon remove the person's name from the list of designated persons.  (5) Any Food Analyst who fails to make the disclosure required in subsection (2) or subsection (4) commits an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of one hundred thousand dollars and imprisonment of six months.  (6) The Authority shall publish in the Gazette and a local newspaper of wide daily circulation a list of the names of persons designated as Food Analysts and a list of names of persons removed as Food Analysts.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 27 Inspectors.	<ol> <li>The Minister after consultation with the Committee may designate an appropriate number of suitably qualified persons to be appointed by the Board as Inspectors for the purposes of this Act.</li> <li>The Authority shall publish in the Gazette and a local newspaper of wide daily circulation a list of the names of persons appointed Inspectors and authorised to conduct inspection of food businesses.</li> </ol>		Accepted as printed.
	PART VII POWERS OF THE AUTHORITY		Accepted as printed.
Clause 28 Powers of entry.	(1) Subject to subsection (2), an Inspector may, at any reasonable time, enter and inspect any premises where any of the following activities are done –  (a) the production, processing, manufacturing or other preparation of food for human consumption;  (b) the handling or sale of food including street food vending;  (c) the import or export of food;		Accepted as printed.

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	<ul> <li>(d) the growing, harvesting or other preparation of plants and microorganisms for use as food; or</li> <li>(e) any other activity related to food business.</li> <li>(2) An Inspector may not enter a dwelling house used as a food business or in which any of the activities mentioned in subsection (1) are done except with the consent of the occupier or a warrant issued by a Magistrate.</li> </ul>		Accepted as printed.
Clause 29 Issue of warrant by Magistrate.	<ol> <li>(1) Any Magistrate who is satisfied by proof upon oath of an Inspector that any dwelling house within the limits of the Magistrate's jurisdiction is used for the purpose of carrying on food business or any of the activities mentioned in section 28(1) and the Inspector has been refused entry for the purpose of performing an inspection, may at any time issue a warrant authorising an Inspector to enter and search the dwelling house for the purpose of ascertaining that the provisions of this Act are not contravened.</li> <li>(2) The warrant shall be executed between the hours of 8 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon and shall specify the date and time when it expires.</li> </ol>		Accepted as printed.
Clause 30 Ancillary powers of Inspectors.	<ul> <li>(1) In the performance of the functions of an Inspector an Inspector may –</li> <li>(a) demand the production of – <ul> <li>(i) any food, ingredients or other material that is or may be a food safety risk; and</li> <li>(ii) any book, record or other document or its copy related to the source, use or disposition of the food, ingredient or material mentioned in subparagraph (i);</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) at the risk and expense of the owner of a food business examine, take photographs, test and analyse samples of any food, ingredients or</li> </ul>		Accepted as printed.

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	other materials that are or may be a food safety risk;		
	(c) detain any person or vehicle engaged in food business, that is or may be a food safety risk for a reasonable period, necessary to complete an inspection;		
	(d) seize or detain, on reasonable grounds and for such time as may be necessary, any food, ingredient or other material that is or may be a food safety risk and may require the person from whom it is seized or detained to remove the food, ingredient or material at the person's own expense from the place of detention;		
	(e) copy, or use and return within forty eight hours, any documents belonging to the person whose premises is being inspected in order to make copies relevant to the inspection;	I I I	Accepted as printed.
	(f) use and return within forty eight hours any data storage, processing or retrieval device or system belonging to the person whose premises is being inspected in order to produce a record and take copies in readable form of the information, records and other matters relevant for the inspection.		
	(2) An authenticated copy of a document or record made by an Inspector in the performance of the Inspector's duties and kept as a record of the Authority shall be considered and taken to be, valid records and shall be received in the Courts as <i>prima facie</i> evidence, which, if not rebutted shall be as good evidence as the originals from which they are taken.		
Clause 31 Inspector not liable when acting in good faith.	Any Inspector performing, in good faith, the Inspector's duties under this Act shall not be liable in any court proceedings for anything done that was reasonably required to be done in the given circumstances.		ccepted as rinted.

(1) A person shall not, without the consent in writing given by or on behalf of the Authority, publish or disclose to any other person other than in the course of the person's duties, or when lawfully required to do so by any court or under any law, the contents of any document, communication or information, which relates to, and which has come to the person's knowledge in the course of, the person's duties under this Act.		Accepted as printed.
(2) Any person who knowingly contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of one hundred thousand dollars and to imprisonment for six months.		
A person commits an offence who –		
(a) alters, interferes with or removes anything seized or taken into custody by an Inspector without the authorization of the Inspector;		
(b) willfully obstructs, assaults, threatens or delays an Inspector in the exercise of any power under this Act;	(b)wilfully obstructs, assaults, threatens or delays an Inspector in the exercise of any power under tis Act;	Accepted as amended.
(c) without reasonable cause, fails to give to an inspector any assistance or information which the Inspector may reasonably require or demand of the person for the performance of the Inspector's functions under this Act; or		
(d) furnishes information to an Inspector which the person knows to be false or misleading in a material particular,		as printed.
and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment of not more than six months.		
	writing given by or on behalf of the Authority, publish or disclose to any other person other than in the course of the person's duties, or when lawfully required to do so by any court or under any law, the contents of any document, communication or information, which relates to, and which has come to the person's knowledge in the course of, the person's duties under this Act.  (2) Any person who knowingly contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of one hundred thousand dollars and to imprisonment for six months.  A person commits an offence who —  (a) alters, interferes with or removes anything seized or taken into custody by an Inspector without the authorization of the Inspector;  (b) willfully obstructs, assaults, threatens or delays an Inspector in the exercise of any power under this Act;  (c) without reasonable cause, fails to give to an inspector any assistance or information which the Inspector may reasonably require or demand of the person for the performance of the Inspector's functions under this Act; or  (d) furnishes information to an Inspector which the person knows to be false or misleading in a material particular,  and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment of not more than six	writing given by or on behalf of the Authority, publish or disclose to any other person other than in the course of the person's duties, or when lawfully required to do so by any court or under any law, the contents of any document, communication or information, which relates to, and which has come to the person's knowledge in the course of, the person's knowledge in the course of, the person's duties under this Act.  (2) Any person who knowingly contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of one hundred thousand dollars and to imprisonment for six months.  A person commits an offence who —  (a) alters, interferes with or removes anything seized or taken into custody by an Inspector without the authorization of the Inspector;  (b) willfully obstructs, assaults, threatens or delays an Inspector in the exercise of any power under this Act;  (c) without reasonable cause, fails to give to an inspector any assistance or information which the Inspector may reasonably require or demand of the person for the performance of the Inspector's functions under this Act; or  (d) furnishes information to an Inspector which the person knows to be false or misleading in a material particular, and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment of not more than six

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Clause 34 Seizure of food.	<ul> <li>(1) Where there are reasonable grounds or evidence for believing that any food at a food business is unfit for human consumption or is likely to cause harm or danger to human health, an Inspector shall seize and seal such food or direct that it be removed to a specified place and issue a notice to the owner or the person in charge of the food business that the food or any specified portion of it is temporarily not to be sold, removed, manipulated, tampered with or otherwise altered without a notice of release.</li> <li>(2) Where it has been confirmed that any food seized under subsection (1) is unfit for human consumption the Inspector shall issue a written notice ordering the owner at owner's expense immediately to destroy the unfit food.</li> <li>(2) The destruction of any seized food confirmed to be harmful to human health should be done under the supervision of an Inspector.</li> <li>(4) A person who fails to comply with a notice to destroy any unfit food commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and to a term of imprisonment of not more than six months.</li> </ul>		Accepted as printed.
Clause 35 Notification of unsafe food.	Where any food at any food business is confirmed to be unfit for human consumption and harmful to human health, the Authority shall notify all relevant government ministries and departments and the general public of the finding.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 36 Analysis and examination.	<ul> <li>(1) A Food Analyst shall issue a signed report of the results of any food analysed by the Food Analyst.</li> <li>(2) In any proceedings under this Act, unless rebutted an authenticated report of an Analyst shall be deemed to be proof of the matter stated in it.</li> </ul>		Accepted as printed.
Clause 37 Provision of facilities for examination.	The Authority shall provide facilities for food examination and analysis by Food Analysts.		Accepted as printed.

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Clause 38 Notice of default.	(1) Where an Inspector has found that the requirements of this Act are not met by a food business, the Inspector shall serve on the owners or operators of the defaulting business a notice to remedy the default within a stipulated time.	
	(2) The notice to remedy the default shall identify the areas of non-compliance and specify the remedial measures to be taken.	
	(3) Any person served with a notice to remedy default may apply to the Authority for an extension of time to complete the remedy.	
	(4) Any person served with a notice to remedy default shall within seven days of the compliance with the notice inform the Inspector, who if satisfied that there is compliance, shall issue a certificate of compliance.	Accepted as printed.
	(5) The notice to remedy default shall not require any person to recall any food to a point from which it has been moved or transported.	
	(6) Any person who fails to comply with a notice to remedy default commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and to a term of imprisonment of not more than six months.	
Clause 39 Appeal notice of default.	A person dissatisfied with a notice to remedy default shall request a hearing before the Authority and the Authority shall within seven days of the request hear him.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 40 Follow-up visits.	(1) Where a notice of default has been issued under section 38, an Inspector shall carry out a follow-up visit which shall be undertaken as far as practicable by the Inspector who conducted the original inspection to the food business to determine compliance with the notice.	Accepted as printed.
	(2) As soon as practicable, and in any event within fourteen days, an Inspector acting under subsection (1) shall review	

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	the situation at the affected food business to determine whether the circumstances that caused the notice no longer exist, and if the Inspector –		
	(a) is so satisfied, the Inspector shall withdraw the notice, and where appropriate, allow the release of any food from the place where it is stored;		Accepted as printed.
	(b) is not satisfied the Inspector may order that any such food be destroyed or disposed of so as to prevent its being used for human consumption and shall supervise the destruction of such food.		
Clause 41 Cessation order.	(1) The Authority may order the immediate cessation of the operation of a food business or any part of the business where it is satisfied that its continued operation is or is likely to be a substantial food safety risk.		
	(2) As soon as practicable after the making of a cessation order under subsection (1), the Authority shall –		
	(a) affix a copy of the order in a conspicuous place on the premises of the food business; or		
	(b) serve a copy of the order on the owner of the food business.		Accepted as printed.
	(3) Any person who knowingly contravenes a cessation order commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and to imprisonment for six months.		
	(4) A food business ordered to cease operations under subsection (1) may resume operation where upon the payment of re-inspection fees a re-inspection is done and a certificate confirming that the food risk conditions which necessitated the cessation order no longer exists.		

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	PART VIII REGISTRATION AND LICENSING REQUIREMENTS	printed.
Clause 42 Requirement for registration.	<ul> <li>(1) A person who uses or intends to use any premises for the purpose of a food business shall register the premises with the Authority.</li> <li>(2) Any person who fails to register any premises used by him for the purpose of a food business commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and</li> </ul>	Accepted as printed.
	imprisonment of six months.	
Clause 43 Licensing of food business.	(1) Any person may apply, in the prescribed form to the Authority for a licence to operate a food business and where the Authority is satisfied that the premises and facilities intended to be used for the food business are suitable it may issue to the applicant a licence to operate.  (2) A person who operates a food business without a licence issued by the Authority commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 44	The Authority may, in relation to section	
Power to charge fees	43(1), make regulations prescribing the -	
and suspend	(a) form of the licence;	
and revoke licence.	(b) fees to be paid for the processing of an application and for issuing a licence; and	Accepted as printed.
	(c) conditions under which the licence is revoked or suspended.	
Clause 45 Return of licence.	The Authority may cancel or suspend a licence, by giving written notice to the licence who shall, on the cancellation or suspension return the licence to the Authority.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 46 Permit to engage in	(1) A person shall not, whether permanently or temporarily, be engaged in street food vending unless he is the holder of a valid	Accepted as printed.

	Matrix of proposed a	amendments	
street food vending	Street Food Vending Permit and a valid Street Food Vendor Identification Card issued by the Authority.  (2) Anyone who knowingly employs a person who does not hold a valid Street Food Vending Permit to work as a street food vendor commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars.		Accepted as
	(3) A person who engages in street food vending without being the holder of a valid Street Food Vending Permit commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars.		
Clause 47 Requirement for health certificate.	A person shall not engage in street food vending without a health certificate, valid for twelve calendar months, issued by a registered medical practitioner certifying that he is in a fit state of health to engage in street food vending.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 48 Application for permit.	An application for a Street Food Vending Permit shall be made to the Authority in the prescribed form accompanied by two recent photographs of the applicant and a health certificate issued by a registered medical practitioner and any other information requested by the Authority at the time of the making of the application.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 49 Grant or refusal of permit.	(1) Where the Authority is satisfied that an applicant for a Street Food Vending Permit meets the prescribed requirements, the Authority shall issue in the prescribed form to the applicant a non-transferable permit which shall unless suspended or cancelled be valid for a period of twelve months from the date of issue.		Accepted as printed.
	(2) Where an applicant is refused a Street Food Vending Permit the Authority shall notify him in writing of the reasons for the refusal.		

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Clause 50 Cancellation of permit.	<ul> <li>(1) A permit issued under section 49 may be cancelled or suspended where –</li> <li>(a) the holder is found to be suffering from a communicable disease;</li> <li>(b) information given by the holder in relation to the holder's application has been found to be false in any material particular;</li> <li>(c) the holder of the permit requests its</li> </ul>		Accepted as printed.
Clause 51 Renewal of permit.	Cancellation  Where an application for the renewal of a Street Food Vending Permit is made the validity of the permit may be extended to the anniversary date of the grant or the renewal may be refused.		Accepted as printed.
	PART IX FOOD HANDLER'S PERMIT		Accepted as printed.
Clause 52 Standards.	<ul> <li>(1) A person shall not be employed as a food handler, whether permanently or temporarily, unless that person is the holder of a valid Food Handler's Permit issued by the Authority.</li> <li>(2) Anyone who employs as a food handler a person who does not hold a valid Food Handler's Permit commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.</li> <li>(3) A person who works as a food handler without being the holder of a valid Food Handler's Permit commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.</li> </ul>		Accepted as printed.
Clause 53 Application for a Food Handler's Permit.	An application for a Food Handler's Permit shall be made to the Authority in the prescribed form accompanied by two recent photographs of the applicant, a health certificate issued by a registered medical practitioner and any other information requested by the Authority at the time of making of the application.		Accepted as printed.

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Clause 54 Issue of Food Handler'smit.	(1) Where the Authority is satisfied that an applicant for a Food Handler's Permit meets the specified requirements, the Authority shall issue in the prescribed form to the applicant a non-transferable Food Handler's Permit which shall unless suspended or cancelled be valid for a period of twelve months from the date of issue.  (2) Where an applicant is refused a Food Handler's Permit the Authority shall notify him in writing of the reasons for the refusal.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 55 Cancellation of permit.	A Food Handler's Permit may be cancelled or suspended where —  (a) the holder is found to be suffering from a communicable disease;  (b) information given by the holder in relation to the holder's application has been found to be false in any material particular;  (c) the holder of the permit requests its cancellation.  (d) the holder contravenes any provisions of this Act.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 56 Renewal of expired permit.	Where an application for the renewal of a Food Handler's Permit is made the validity of the permit may be extended to the anniversary date of the grant or the renewal may be refused.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 57 Requirement for identification card.	<ol> <li>(1) The Authority shall, on issuing a Food Handler's Permit to an applicant shall issue to the applicant a Food Handler's Identification Card.</li> <li>(2) A Food Handler's Identification Card shall be valid for one year from the date of issue.</li> <li>(3) A food handler shall display the identification card on the food handler's person while at the food handling establishment in relation to which the card is granted.</li> </ol>		Accepted as printed.

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	PART X OPERATOR OF FOOD-HANDLING ESTABLISHMENT AND FOOD HANDLER	Accepted as printed.
Clause 58 Obligations on operators of food-handling establishments	(1) An operator of a food-handling establishment shall ensure that the preparation, processing, manufacturing, packaging, storing, transportation, distribution, handling and offering for sale or supply of food are carried out in a safe hygienic manner in accordance with—  (a) the provisions of this Act; and	
	(b) any other internationally accepted food safety practice.  (2) A food business operator, shall in relation to the operator's food business implement and maintain an internationally accepted procedure approved by the Authority.	
	(3) Subsection (1) shall apply only to food business operators carrying out production, processing, distribution and associated activities at any stage after primary production including –	Accepted as printed.
	(a) the transport, storage and handling of primary products at the place of production, provided that this does not substantially alter their nature;	
	(b) the transport of live animals, where this is necessary to achieve the objectives; and	
	(c) in the case of products of plant origin, fishery products and wild game, transport operations to deliver primary products, the nature of which has not been substantially altered, from the place of production to an establishment.	

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Food register and ceability.	(1) The owner of every food handling establishment shall keep a register containing the following information —
	(a) the daily quantities of food produced, purchased, transported, distributed or sold in the food-handling establishment;
	(b) the name and address of each person  (i) from whom food is
	supplied in the case of food distributed or sold in bulk, to whom it is distributed or sold; and
	(iii) who transports food to, from or on behalf of the food-handling establishment;  Accepted as
	(c) the type, make and licence number of each vehicle which transports food to, from or on behalf of the food handling establishment;
	(d) the source of ingredients used in food production or preparation; and
	(e) the type and quantity of packaging material used in the packaging of food.
	(2) Every package of food intended for sale in Guyana shall bear a label which –
	(a) permits its traceability;
	(b) sets out such particulars as may be prescribed by the Authority from time to time.
	(3) The Food Safety Authority shall ensure that there is a traceability system to-
	(a) trace back through all stages of processing to the supplier of ingredients, raw materials and

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		primary packaging materials, including transportation, storage and distribution;  (b) trace forward from the supplier of ingredients, raw material and primary packaging materials through all stages of processing, including transportation, storage and distribution, to sale to the customer, and  (c) enable the identification of all traceable items throughout the food production chain.  (4). A food operator shall:  (a) establish and maintain records	
		identifying the —  (i) immediate previous source of a traceable item itself;  (ii) immediate subsequent recipient of a traceable item, as well as the traceable item itself;  (b) assign an identification number and either a batch or lot number to any food processed by the food business operator; and	Accepted as amended.
		(c) make the records referred to in paragraph (a) and any identification numbers referred to in paragraph (b) available upon request to the Food Safety Authority in accordance with procedures prescribed by regulations.	
Clause 60 Operator, etc. to ensure training.	The operator or owner of a food-handling establishment shall ensure that food handlers of the establishment are trained in food safety practices and are supervised in their activities.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 61 Food handler suspects certain	(1) A food handler who –  (a) knows or suspects that the food handler is suffering from or is a		Accepted as printed.

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medical conditions.	carrier of a disease likely to be transmitted through food; or		
	(b) is afflicted with an infected wound, a skin infection, sores, diarrhoea or with any similar medical condition, or is likely for any other reason to directly or indirectly contaminate food with pathogenic microorganisms,		
	shall immediately bring this condition to the knowledge of the operator of the food- handling establishment where the food handler works.	5	
and a Meeting	(2) An operator of a food-handling establishment shall, upon receipt of a report under subsection (1), notify the Authority of that fact and prevent the food handler concerned from working until, a registered medical practitioner certifies –		
	(a) that the person is free from any infectious or communicable disease likely to contaminate food; and	u = ==================================	
	(b) in the case of a report in relation to subsection (1)(b), that there is no likelihood of the food handler directly or indirectly contaminating food with pathogenic microorganisms.	55- 112 5	Accepted as printed.
	1. Where the person referred to in subsection (1) is the operator of the foodhandling establishment, he shall immediately –		
	(a) cease work; and		
	(b) report that knowledge, suspicion or affliction to the Authority.		
	2. On receipt of a report under subsection(2) or (3), the Authority shall require the person to whom the report relates to submit to a medical examination by a registered medical practitioner to certify whether or not the person –		

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	(a) is free from any infectious or communicable disease likely to contaminate food; and	
	(b) in the case of a report in relation to subsection (1)(b), that there is no likelihood of the food handler directly or indirectly contaminating food with pathogenic microorganisms.	
	3. Where the medical officer certifies that the person is suffering from a disease likely to contaminate food, the Authority may, by notice in writing –	
	(a) cancel or suspend that person's Food Handler's Permit; or	Accepted as printed.
	(b) prohibit the person from working in a food handling establishment until such time that the food safety is assured.	
	(6) A person who, after notification pursuant to subsection (5), works as a food handler, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	
Clause 62 Operator suspects communicable disease.	(1) Where an operator suspects that an employee of, or a person who resides at or frequents a food-handling establishment is suffering from an infectious or communicable disease likely to contaminate food, the operator shall immediately notify the Authority of the –	
	(a) name and address of the employee or person; and	
	(b) the circumstances which gave rise to the suspicion.	as printed.
	(2) On receipt of notification under subsection (1), the Authority shall require the person to whom the notification relates to submit to a medical examination by a registered medical practitioner to certify whether or not the person is suffering from an infectious or communicable disease likely to contaminate food.	

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	(3) Where the medical practitioner certifies that the person is suffering from a disease likely to contaminate food, the Authority may, for the purpose of safeguarding the public health, by notice in writing –	
	<ul><li>(a) cancel or suspend that person's Food Handler's Permit; or</li><li>(b) prohibit the person from working in</li></ul>	
	(c) in the case where the person is not an employee require the operator to restrain him from handling food in the establishment.	Accepted as printed.
	(4) A person who, after a notification pursuant to subsection (3), works as a food handler, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	
	(5) An operator who fails to comply with the instruction to restrain the person as requested by the Authority shall be guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	
Clause 63 Authority may request medical examination.	Notwithstanding a similar provision in any other written law the Authority may require an operator and a food handler to submit to a medical examination by a Government Medical Officer of Health at a time and place specified by the Authority and at the expense of the Authority.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 64 Notification to person likely to contaminate food.	(1) Where the results of any medical examination requested by the Authority under section 63 indicate that the person examined is suffering from a disease likely to contaminate food, the Authority may, for the purpose of safe-guarding the public health, by notice in writing –	Accepted as printed.

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	(a) prohibit that person from holding any licence or permit; and  (b) cancel that person's licence or permit.  (2) A person who, after notification of cancellation of his licence or permit under subsection (1), works without a licence or permit commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.  (3) An owner or operator who knowingly employs a person whose licence or permit has been cancelled as a consequence of a medical examination referred to section 63 commits an offence and is liable on	Accepas	
Clause 65 Refusal to submit to medical examination.	summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.  (1) The Authority may, by notice in writing, prohibit a person who refuses to be medically examined when so required under section 63 from being concerned with or employed in a food-handling establishment.  (2) A person who works as a food handler		
	whilst the prohibition under subsection (1) is in force commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.  (3) An owner or operator who knowingly employs as a food handler, a person in relation to whom a prohibition under subsection (1) is in force, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	Accep as pr	oted inted.
Clause 66 Authority may require suspension.	The Authority may require an owner or operator to suspend from work in a food handling establishment, a person who -	Accepto	

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	(a) fails to produce a Food Handler's  Permit when requested to do so by the Authority;	Accepted as printed.
	(b) is found to be suffering from a communicable disease likely to contaminate food.	
Clause 67 Register of employees.	(1) An operator shall keep a register of employees detailing –	
	(a) the name and current address of each employee;	
	(b) particulars of Food Handler's Permits granted to each employee; and	
	(c) any other information which the Authority may require from time to time to be kept.	Accepted as printed.
	(2) The register referred to in subsection (1) shall be kept at the food handling establishment and shall be made available to an Inspector or any other person authorised by the Authority during the opening hours of that establishment.	
Clause 68 Food at certain distance from floor.	A person who stores, sells or offers food for sale, shall keep the temperature and the food –	
	(a) at a height not less than 60.96 centimetres above the ground or flooring;	
	(b) at a temperature of 4.4 degrees C, in the case of cold foods;	
	(c) at a temperature of – 18 degrees C, in the case of frozen foods;	Accepted as printed.
	(d) 63 degrees C, in the case of hot foods; and	
	(e) covered and protected from contamination or contact with animals, dust, insects, vermin, rodents or any type of waste.	

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Clause 69 Raw materials	(1) An operator shall not accept raw materials or ingredients for use in the preparation of food if they are known to be, or are reasonably expected to be contaminated with parasites, pathogenic micro-organisms, or toxic, decomposed or foreign substances, that after normal sorting and preparatory or processing procedures hygienically applied by the establishment they will be unfit for human consumption.  (2) Raw materials or ingredients stored in	
	the food-handling establishment shall be kept in appropriate containers designed to prevent harmful deterioration and to protect them from contamination.  (3) Hazardous or inedible substances, including animal foodstuffs, shall be adequately labelled and stored in separate and secure containers.	Accepted as printed.
	(4) An operator who fails to comply with this section commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	
Clause 70 Unsafe food.	<ul> <li>(1) No one shall display for sale or sell food unsafe, injurious to health or unfit for human consumption.</li> <li>(2) In determining whether any food is unsafe the Authority shall consider —</li> <li>(a) the normal conditions of use of the food by the consumer and each stage of production, processing and distribution; and</li> </ul>	Accepted as printed.
	<ul> <li>(b) the information provided to the consumer, including information on the label, or other information generally available to the consumer concerning the avoidance of specific adverse health effects from a particular food or category of foods.</li> <li>(3) In determining whether any food is injurious to health, the Authority shall consider –</li> </ul>	

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	(a) not only the probable immediate short-term and long term effects of that food on the health of a person consuming it, but also on subsequent generations;		
	(b) the probable cumulative toxic effects;		
	(c) the particular health sensitivities of a specific category of consumers where the food is intended for that category of consumers.		Accepted - as printed.
	(4) In determining whether any food is unfit for human consumption the Authority shall consider whether the food based on its intended use is unacceptable for human consumption through contamination, putrefaction, deterioration or decay.		
Clause 71 Falsely describing food.		Food Fraud.	Accepted as Amended.
	(1) A person who gives with any food sold, or displays with any food offered or exposed for sale or has in his possession for the purpose of sale, a label whether or not attached to or printed on the wrapper or container, which —		Accepted as printed.
	<ul><li>(a) falsely describes the food; or</li><li>(b) is likely to be misleading as to the nature or substance of the food,</li></ul>		
	commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	commits <i>food fraud which is</i> an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	Accepted as amended.
	(2) A person who publishes or causes to be published or is a party to a publication of any advertisement which –		Accepted as printed.
	(a) falsely describes any food;		

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	(b) is likely to be misleading as to the nature or substance of any food.		Accepted as printed.
	commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	Deletion of the long line.	Accepted as amended.
	(3) A person who sells or offers or expose for sale or has in his possession for the purpose of sale, any food the presentation of which is likely to be misleading as to the nature or substance of the food commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.		
	(4) In proceedings for an offence under subsection (1)(b) or (2)(b), the fact that a label or advertisement in respect of which the offence is alleged to have been committed contains an accurate statement of the composition of the food shall not preclude the court from finding that the offence was committed.		Accepted as
	(5) No labelling, advertising or presentation, including their shape, appearance or packaging, the packaging materials used, the manner in which they are arranged and the setting in which they are displayed, and the information which is made available about them through whatever medium on food or feed shall be done to mislead consumers.		
Clause 72 Genetically modified foods.	(1) A person shall not sell food that has been genetically modified unless the requirements as set out by the National Bureau of Standards have been satisfied.		Accepted as
	(2) Any person who fails to comply with subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.		printed.

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	rood dispensed by a vending	<ul><li>(1) A person shall not offer unpackaged food for sale from vending machines.</li><li>(2) A person shall not sell, distribute, rent</li></ul>		
	machine or similar mechanical device.	or lease any vending machine designed for the purpose of dispensing packaged food unless that machine is of the minimum standard stipulated by the Authority.		
		(3) A person shall not offer for sale any packaged food or food in liquid form in a sealed container from a vending machine or other similar machine unless the machine is so sited, designed, constructed, and kept clean and maintained in good repair and condition, as to avoid the risk of contaminating foodstuffs and harbouring pests, so far as is reasonably practicable.		Accepted as printed.
		(4) Where perishable food is sold from a vending machine or other similar machine, the machine shall be equipped with refrigeration apparatus including a thermostat and a thermometer and the temperature shall not exceed 4.4 degrees Celsius.		printeur
		(5) The operator of a vending machine or other similar device shall keep the area surrounding such machine clean and sanitary and shall provide, beside the machine, adequate facilities for the disposal of waste.		
		(6) Any person who fails to comply with this section commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.		
	Clause 74 Import and export food.	(1) A person who intends to import or export food shall give to the Authority a notice of his intention to do so.		
The second secon		(2) A notice of intention to export food referred to in subsection (1) shall be accompanied by written confirmation from the relevant authority of the importing country that it consents to the proposed importation which is in keeping		Accepted as printed.

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	with the law of the country of the importer.  (3) The Authority may dispense with, or modify any of the requirements under subsection (1) in relation to a notice of intention to import food where it considers it appropriate to do so on the grounds that the information to which the requirements relate is already available to the Authority.  (4) The conditions stipulated in this section shall be in addition to any requirements set out in any other law.	_Accepted a printed.
Clause 75 Approval or refusal.	<ol> <li>(1) The Authority shall review the contents of the notice referred to in section 74(1) to determine whether —</li> <li>(a) the requirements of the section are complied with;</li> <li>(b) a physical examination or a sample examination should be made in respect of the food to be imported or exported; and</li> <li>(c) the food may be released to the exporter or importer without examination.</li> <li>(2) No article of food shall be imported or otherwise brought into Guyana unless it is accompanied by the prescribed documents and unless it is offered up for inspection by the Authority at the port of entry.</li> <li>(3) The Minister on the advice of the Board may by regulation provide that certain articles of food shall not be imported into Guyana unless they have been produced or manufactured in accordance with any prescribed standards.</li> <li>(4) An Inspector or any other authorised officer may inspect any food imported into Guyana and, for the purposes of the analysis or inspection, take samples of any such food.</li> </ol>	

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SAN MAGAMA	<ul> <li>(5) Where samples are taken under subsection (4), an Inspector or authorised officer shall, in the presence of the owner or importer or any person in apparent control of the food, seal and mark them as prescribed.</li> <li>(6) Where a sample is taken pursuant to subsection (4), the consignment from which it was taken shall not be released by an Inspector or authorised officer except upon production of an official analyst's certificate to the effect that the food complies with the requirements of this Act.</li> <li>(7) The costs of any inspection, analysis and storage while analysis is being performed shall be borne by the importer.</li> <li>(8) The importation of any food which does not comply with the provisions of the subsection of any food which does not comply with the provisions of the subsection of any food which does not comply with the provisions of the subsection of any food which does not comply with the provisions of the subsection of any food which does not comply with the provisions of the subsection of the subsection of any food which does not comply with the provisions of the subsection of the subsection</li></ul>		Accepted as printed.
	does not comply with the provisions of this Act is prohibited.  (9) Where any article of food sought to be imported into Guyana would, if sold in Guyana constitute a contravention of this Act, the Authority may nonetheless permit its importation solely for the purpose of relabelling or reconditioning as prescribed.	(9) Where any article of food sought to be imported into Guyana would, if sold in Guyana constitute a contravention of this Act, the Authority may nonetheless permit its importation solely for the purpose of <i>relabeling</i> or reconditioning as prescribed.	-Accepted as amended.
	(10) In the event that any <i>relabelling</i> or reconditioning authorised is not carried out within the prescribed time period, the importer shall export or destroy such food at the importer's expense.	(10) In the event that any <i>relabeling</i> or reconditioning authorised is not carried out within the prescribed time period, the importer shall export or destroy such food at the importer's expense	итепиеи.
	(11) Where an importer fails to export or destroy imported food as required by the Authority under subsection (10), the Authority may destroy the imported food.		Accepted as printed.
Clause 76 Obtaining sample of food.	(1) Where the Authority determines that an examination of the food is not required and the requirements of section 74(2) and (3) are met, it shall notify the Commissioner-General of the Revenue Authority that the goods may be released to the importer or exporter on record		Accepted as printed.

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	upon the payment of the prescribed fee by the importer or exporter to the Authority.	
	(2) A decision to take a sample or to inspect food that is to be imported or exported shall be based upon the –	
	(a) need to conduct a risk analysis;	
	(b) nature of the food; and	
	(c) past history of that kind of commodity.	Accepted as printed.
	(3) Where the Authority determines that an examination of any food is required, it shall notify the Commissioner-General of the Revenue Authority and the importer or exporter on record and the consignment shall be held intact pending the collection of a sample.	
	(5) A sample that is collected by the Authority shall be sent to a food analyst for analysis or examination.	
Clause 77 Compliance,	(1) Where a sample of food taken under section 76(2) from a consignment -	
non- compliance, etc.	(a) complies with the requirements of this Act, the Authority shall authorise the release of the consignment and submit a notice to that effect;	
	(b) does not comply with the requirements of this Act, the Authority shall detain the consignment and issue a notice of detention to the Commissioner-General of the Revenue Authority and to the importer or exporter on record.	Accepted as printed.
	(2) The notice of detention shall be in the prescribed form and shall specify the nature of the non-compliance.	
	(3) The Authority may advise the importer or exporter of the right of the importer or exporter to present detailed particulars to	

the Authority of food may	y as to how the consignment	Γ
or rood may	be –	
(a) made el	ligible for import or export;	
(b) made s	suitable as food for human ption; or	
(c) conver	rted into a non-food use.	
	orter or exporter of food may, subsection (3), submit to the	
compl	dence that the food is in iance with the requirements Act; and	
1	d analytical results of samples ned by a certified laboratory.	
non-perishab after the s detention or perishable go	nority shall, where the food is ble, not later than five days submission of a notice of within two days in the case of oods, consider the particulars it and make a determination.	Accepted as printed.
information	hority shall consider the new that is submitted under 4) and make a determination	
importer or	Authority determines that the exporter has not established signment of food may be -	
(a) converte	ed into a non-food use;	
(b) made el	ligible for shipment; or	
(c) made consum	suitable as food for human	
	ment of food shall be seized ed under its supervision and	
the importer	the Authority determines that r or exporter has established od can be made eligible for	

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	shipment, the Authority shall notify the importer or exporter of the steps that are required to be taken and the time-frame within which the food may be submitted for re-inspection and release for import or export.  (9) Where upon re-inspection the food is found not to meet the requirements for import or export, the food shall be seized and destroyed under the supervision and direction of the Authority.  (10) The importer or exporter on record shall be responsible for any costs associated with the seizure and destruction of food under subsection (9).		Accepted as printed.
Clause 78 Offence to import, export food.	Any person who imports or exports food in contravention of the provisions of this Act commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	<ul> <li>(1) Any person who imports or exports food in contravention of the provisions of this Act commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.</li> <li>(2) any Customs officer that releases goods without the approval of the Food Safety Authority commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of fifty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six (6) months</li> </ul>	Accepted as amended.
Clause 79 Food to be inspected	<ol> <li>(1) The Minister may publish in the Gazette a list of food that requires inspection by an Inspector at a port of entry before exportation from Guyana or upon importation into Guyana.</li> <li>(2) An importer or exporter of any food listed in accordance with subsection (1) shall ensure that the required inspection is conducted prior to the completion of import or export procedures.</li> <li>(3) Where there are reasonable grounds for believing that food that is not included on the list mentioned in subsection (1) is not safe or does not comply with the</li> </ol>		-Accepted as printed.

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	requirements of this Act it may be inspected by an Inspector.  (4) Where the Government determines that imported food or food that is to be exported does not meet the required standards established under this Act it shall notify the Authority accordingly.	_Accepted as printed.
Clause 80 Time of inspections.	Inspections shall be carried out during the normal business hours of the Authority or at any other reasonable time deemed necessary by the Authority.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 81 Imported food may be held pending inspection.	The Authority may, at any time, order that any food that is imported into Guyana be held at a particular place until an inspection or reinspection is conducted.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 82 Report on activities.	<ol> <li>Within six months after the commencement of this Act, every operator of a food business who imports or exports food shall, not later than forty-five days after the end of the operating year, prepare and submit to the Authority a report relating to the activities for the previous calendar year including –</li> <li>(a) types and quantities of food imported or exported;</li> <li>(b) data concerning shipments of food;</li> <li>(c) food found by an importing country not to be in compliance with the statutory requirements of the importing country;</li> <li>(d) a summary of any incidents or accidents that may have occurred and any action taken regarding food found not to be safe for export;</li> <li>(e) any other matter the Authority may require.</li> <li>(2) The report shall be submitted both in electronic format acceptable to the Authority and in hard copy generated from</li> </ol>	Accepted as printed.

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	the electronic format and shall be signed by the importer or exporter.  (3) Any person who fails to comply with the requirements of this section commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.	Accepted as printed.
Clause 83 Duty of persons involved in exportation.	<ul> <li>(1) Where any person involved in the exportation of food fails to comply with any of the provisions of this Act the Authority may –</li> <li>(a) grant a grace period to the person, within which to comply with this Act in accordance with any system of monitoring and inspections carried out by designated officers;</li> <li>(b) where the contravention continues after the grace period, refuse to issue to the person, after the expiration of the grace period, any food safety certificate;</li> <li>(c) where the contravention continues after the expiration of the grace period, revoke or suspend any certificates previously issued to the person.</li> <li>(2) Where the Authority revokes or suspends any certificate under subsection (1), the revocation or suspension shall not prevent any person whose certificate has been revoked or suspended from reapplying for another certificate.</li> <li>(3) The Authority shall, before revoking or suspending the certificate of any person</li> <li>(a) furnish the person with all documents and information specifying the reasons why the certificate of the person is being revoked or suspended;</li> </ul>	Accepted as printed.

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	(b) afford the person the opportunity to make written or oral representations concerning the matter.		Accepted as printed.
	PART XI FOOD HAZARDS, FOOD BORNE DISEASES AND FOOD RELATED ILLNESSES		Accepted as printed.
Clause 84 Emergency measures.	<ul> <li>(1) Any food handler and food business operator who observes the prevalence of a food hazard or a food borne disease shall as soon as possible notify the Authority or the Chief Medical Officer or the Chief Veterinary Officer of the hazard or disease.</li> <li>(2) Where there is a prevalence of a food hazard or an outbreak of a food borne disease the Authority after consultation with the Committee and any appropriate government entities shall take emergency measures to eliminate the hazard or disease including –</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>(1) Any food handler and food business operator who observes the prevalence of a food hazard or a food borne disease shall as soon as possible notify the Authority, the Chief Medical Officer, and the Chief Veterinary Officer of the hazard or disease.</li> <li>(2) Where there is an incidence of a food hazard or an outbreak of a food borne disease the Authority shall take emergency measures to eliminate the hazard or disease including –</li> </ol>	Accepted as amended.
	<ul> <li>(a) declaring in the print and electronic media a food safety emergency;</li> <li>(b) prohibiting the production, processing, handling or sale of the suspected food;</li> <li>(c) recalling food that has been distributed for sale or consumption;</li> <li>(d) ordering and monitoring the destruction of suspected food; and</li> <li>(e) establishing measures for the disposal of food, food products or treatment of premises, whether or not they have been found to be affected;</li> <li>(f) cause any food to be tested or examined as prescribed;</li> <li>(g) cause any food to be held or isolated in any place and prohibit the removal of food from that place for such time</li> </ul>		Accepted as printed

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	(3) The Authority may require the owner of a food business to bear the cost or any part of it associated with any measure taken under subsection (2).		Accepted as printed.
Clause 85 Recalling of hazardous food products.	<ul> <li>(1) Where a food product which is produced, processed, manufactured, delivered for export, or exported by a person registered pursuant to this Act is found to be a health hazard, the Authority shall –</li> <li>(a) recall the food product for analysis or destruction if the food product has not yet been exported;</li> </ul>	Recall of hazardous food products.	Marginal noted was accepted as amended.  Accepted as printed.
	<ul> <li>(b) liaise with the competent authorities of any country which imports the food product from Guyana and ensure that the food product is –</li> <li>(i) not released for sale upon arrival in that country; or</li> <li>(ii) where it has already arrived in that country and released for sale, recall for analysis or destruction by the competent authority of</li> </ul>	(b) <i>notify</i> the competent authorities of any country which imports the food product from Guyana and ensure that the food product is –	Accepted as amended.
	that country.  (2) A person who produces any hazardous food products referred to in subsection (1) shall be liable for the expenses of -  (a) recalling the food product;  (b) analysing the food product; and  (c) destroying the food product.		Accepted as printed
Clause 86 Food hazard or disease in premises.	(1) Where a food hazard or a food borne disease exists at any food premises, the Authority shall give the owner or occupier of the premises a written notice of the hazard or disease and call upon the owner or occupier to implement recommended measures within a stipulated time to eliminate hazard or food borne disease.		Accepted as printed.

	(2) In recommending corrective measures the Authority may be guided by –	(2) In recommending corrective measures the Authority may be guided by –	Accepted as amended.
	<ul> <li>(a) Codex Alimentarius;</li> <li>(b) good agricultural practices;</li> <li>(c) good manufacturing practices;</li> <li>(d) HACCP and any other relevant international standard pertaining to food safety.</li> <li>(3) An owner or occupier referred to in subsection (1) shall take prompt action to implement the recommendations of the Authority within the time stipulated or any extension of time granted.</li> <li>(4) An owner or occupier aggrieved by any notice referred to in subsection (1) shall request a hearing with the Authority to discuss his grievances and the Authority shall hear him within seven days of the receipt of the request.</li> <li>(6) The Authority after hearing the owner or occupier may order an inspection and confirm or modify the notice according to its findings.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) National Codex Committee</li> <li>(b) Codex Alimentarius;</li> <li>(c) good agricultural practices;</li> <li>(d) good manufacturing practices;</li> <li>(e) HACCP and any other relevant international standard pertaining to food safety.</li> </ul>	Accepted as amended.  Accepted as printed.
Clause 87 Non- compliance by owner.	<ol> <li>(1) Where an owner or occupier on whom a notice has been served under section 86(1) and a hearing granted under section 86(4) fails to comply with the original or modified notice the Authority may authorise an Inspector to enter the premises and carry out the measures suggested in the notice or modified notice and take other actions considered necessary.</li> <li>(2) The Authority shall recover from the owner or occupier the cost of any action taken under subsection (1).</li> </ol>		Accepted as printed.

	Matrix of proposed	amendments	
Clause 88 Preventive measures.	The Authority shall conduct the following activities for the purpose of preventing or eliminating food hazards and outbreaks of food-borne diseases -  (a) carry out inspection of food and premises;  (b) maintain food-related statistics;  (c) organise testing and analysis of food.	(c) organise testing and analysis of food at the official laboratory.	Accepted a printed.  Accepted as amended.
Clause 89 Duty to report food related illnesses.	Every registered medical practitioner and analyst shall report to the Authority and the Chief Medical Officer any incident of a food related illness encountered in the course of their duties.	Every registered medical practitioner and <i>food</i> analyst shall report to the Authority and the Chief Medical Officer any incident of a food related illness encountered in the course of their duties.	Accepted as amended.
	PART XII GENERAL PENALTY		Accepted as printed.
Clause 90 General penalty.	Where no penalty is provided for an offence committed under this Act such offence shall upon summary conviction be punishable by a fine of twenty thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.		Accepted as printed.
	PART XIII REGULATIONS		Accepted as printed.
Clause 91 Regulations	<ol> <li>The Minister may, on the advice of the Authority, the Committee and the National Bureau of Standards make regulations for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.</li> <li>Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), the Minister may make regulations providing for any of the following –</li> </ol>	(1) The Minister may make regulations for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.	Accepted as amended.
	(a) the qualifications, education, training and certification of persons necessary in order to carry out prescribed food businesses;  (b) the labelling, examining, analysing, testing or grading of any food;		Accepted as printed.

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	Matrix of proposed	amendments
(0	<ol> <li>prescribing the procedure to be followed in connection with the taking of, and the dealing with, samples where provided for under this Act;</li> </ol>	
(d	the qualifications, education, training and certification necessary for persons who carry out the examination, analysis, test or grading required to be done under this Act;	
(e)	the taking, supplying, examining, testing and analysing of samples of food or anything related to the carrying on of a food business;	
(f)	restricting or prohibiting the carrying out of commercial operations with respect to new foods, or food sources from which the foods or food sources are intended to be derived;	
(g)	restricting or prohibiting the carrying out of commercial operations with respect to genetically modified food sources, or foods derived from those food sources;	- Accepted as printed.
(h)	restricting or prohibiting the importation of any food or a class of specified food;	
(i)	providing methods, guidelines and conditions for food safety inspections;	
(j)	guidelines identifying the conditions under which the seizure, forfeiture and destruction of food that presents a food safety risk may take place;	
(k)	the qualifications, education, training and certification of an Inspector;	

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Matrix of proposed amendments the location, design, construction, operation alteration, maintenance of premises, and facilities, equipment conveyances used in any food business; (m) the issuance of licenses, certificates or permits, including their expiry, renewal, suspension and revocation and conditions attached to them and appeals from decisions made by authorised persons with respect to licenses, certificates and permits; (n) providing for the procedures for the importation and exportation of food; (o) providing for the attire to be worn by persons at food processing premises; Accepted as (p) the treatment and disposal of any printed. unfit for human food consumption; (q) the establishment of systems to ascertain all places of origin or destination of food or anything used in or related to a food business including requiring persons who come into contact with the food, to identify themselves and to maintain records and other documents with respect to themselves in the prescribed manner and at the prescribed times;

(r) the control of the cultivation, production, manufacture, storage, transport, packing, packaging, labelling and sale of all types of food, including food that is organically produced, genetically modified, dietetic or intended for infants or other population

groups;

Matrix of proposed amendments	
(s) the preparation, handling and serving of food;	
(t) the construction, inspection and maintenance of food businesses, including hotels, boarding houses, markets, grocery stores and businesses selling street food;	
(u) the places and conditions under which, animals are slaughtered for human consumption;	
(v) the places and conditions under which, poultry, fish products, dairy products and other foods of animal origin are produced, processed or packaged for sale;	
(w) the places and conditions under which crops are produced for food;	
(x) the acceptable levels of food additives, environmental contaminants, veterinary drugs, pesticides and other residues or other chemical and microbiological contaminants in foods;	Accepted as printed
(y) the procedures to be followed by authorised officers, official analysts and official laboratories in the exercise of their functions under this Act;	
(z) the forms to be used for the purposes of this Act including applications, licences, permits, notices to remedy default and receipts for seizures and detention;	
(aa) any other matter necessary to achieve the objective of this Act.	
(3) Any person who commits an offence under any regulation shall upon summary conviction be punishable by a fine of	

	fifteen thousand dollars and imprisonment for four months.	Accepted 5 printed
	PART XIV REPEAL AND SAVINGS	Accepted as printed.
Clause 92 Repeal and savings. Cap. 34:03	<ul> <li>(1) Sections 5, 6, 7 and 8 of the Food and Drugs Act are repealed.</li> <li>(2) Unless specifically repealed, by any provision of this Act all other legislation in force in Guyana relating to food shall remain in force.</li> <li>(3) Without prejudice to subsection (2), in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the provisions of this Act and any other law on food, the provisions of this Act shall prevail.</li> </ul>	Accepted as printed.