

GUYANA

No. 9 of 1999

REGULATIONS

MADE UNDER

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT 1996

(No. 11 of 1996)

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

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**IN EXERCISE OF THE POWERS CONFERRED UPON ME BY SECTION 68 (1) OF
THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT 1996,
I HEREBY MAKE THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS:-**

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Citation. 1. These Regulations may be cited as the Species Protection Regulations 1999.

Interpretation. 2. (1) In these Regulations -

(a) "animal" means any specimen, whether living or dead, of any species of animal specified in Schedules I, II, III and IV and includes any egg, sperm, tissue culture or embryo of any such animal;

(b) "animal reproductive material" means -

(i) an egg, sperm or embryo of an animal; or

(ii) any other part, or product of an animal from which another animal can be produced;

(c) "animal specimen" means -

(i) any animal;

(ii) any animal reproductive material;

(iii) the flesh, skin, bone, blood, scales, feather, horns or shell of any animal; and

(iv) any readily recognisable part, of a species or any derivative thereof specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;

(d) "approved zoological organisation" means a zoological organisation declared by the Management Authority under regulation 67 to be an approved zoological organisation in relation to a particular animal specimen or class of animal specimen;

(e) "bred in captivity" means bred in a clinical or controlled environment of an offspring of any animal reproductive material, whether sexual or asexual;

(f) "certificate" means the official document used to authorise an introduction from the sea of any animal or plant specified in the Schedule I, II, III or IV;

(g) "controlled environment" means -

(i) in relation to an animal or animal reproductive material, an environment which -

(A) is manipulated for the purpose of producing a selected species or quality of animals or animal reproductive material;

(B) has boundaries designed to prevent the entry, departure, introduction or removal of animals or animal reproductive material;

(C) includes facilities such as artificial housing, waste removal, health care and artificial food supply;

(D) is managed in a manner to maintain the breeding stock indefinitely;

(ii) in relation to plants, an environment which -

(A) is manipulated for the purposes of producing selected hybrid species of plant or plant reproductive material;

(B) includes tillage, fertilisation, weed control, irrigation or nursery operations, including potting, bedding or protection from weather; or

(C) is managed in a manner designed to maintain the breeding stock immediately;

(h) "endangered species" means any animal or plant species in danger of extinction and whose survival is unlikely if a factor which threatens its extinction continues to operate;

(i) "export" with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions means to take or cause to be taken out of Guyana;

(j) "import" with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions means the bringing in, causing to be brought in or the introduction of a specimen into Guyana by land, air or water otherwise than in transit or by transshipment;

(k) "in transit" includes any occasion on which a specimen remains on board an aircraft, ship or other form of transport;

(l) "introduction from the sea" means the transportation into Guyana of a specimen which is taken from the marine environment not under the jurisdiction of any State;

(m) "Management Authority" means the management authority designated by the Minister under regulation 3;

(n) "mark" means any indelible imprint, lead-seal or other means of identifying a specimen, designed in such a manner as to render its imitation by unauthorised persons as difficult as possible;

(o) "permit" means the official document used to authorise import, export or re-export of any plant or animal specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;

- (p) "plant" means any specimen, whether living or dead, of any species of plant specified in the Schedule I, II, III or IV and includes any seed, spore, pollen or tissue culture of any such plant;
- (q) "plant reproductive material" means -
- (i) a seed or spore of a plant;
 - (ii) a cutting from a plant; or
 - (iii) any other part or product of a plant from which another plant can be produced;
- (r) "plant specimen" means -
- (i) a plant;
 - (ii) plant reproductive material;
 - (iii) any article wholly produced by or from or otherwise wholly derived from a single plant; or
 - (iv) any readily recognisable part,
- of a species or any derivative thereof specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;
- (s) "prescribed scientific organisation" means a scientific organisation included in a class of scientific organisations declared as such by the Management Authority by notice published in the *Gazette*;
- (t) "readily recognisable part" includes any specimen which appears from its label, mark, description or any package or document accompanying it, to be a specimen specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;
- (u) "recipient" means -
- (i) in relation to a specimen that is exported from Guyana, the person in the State to which the specimen is exported who is to have the care and custody of that specimen; and
 - (ii) in relation to a specimen that is imported into Guyana, the person in Guyana who is to have the care and custody of that specimen;
- (v) "relevant authority", in relation to a State, means the authority, body or person in a country who is legally competent to authorise the export from that country, or the transportation out of or into that country of an animal or plant or any part or derivative of an animal or plant;

(w) "Scientific Authority" means the scientific authority nominated by the Management Authority under regulation 3(2);

(x) "scientific organisation" means an organisation engaged in any scientific research;

(y) "species" includes any sub-species, variety, form or geographically separate population, whether wild or domesticated, of any species;

(z) "specimen" includes a live or dead animal or plant specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV and any readily recognisable part or derivative thereof.

(3) For the purposes of these regulations, where an article consists of or is derived from a specimen and other material, two or more specimens, or two or more specimens and other material, that article shall be deemed to be a separate article, being -

(a) that specimen and an article consisting of that material;

(b) each of those specimens; or

(c) each of those specimens and an article consisting of that material.

(4) A reference in these regulations to a State shall be read as including a reference to a place that is a territory, dependency, colony or province (howsoever described) of that State.

(5) For the purposes of these regulations, a specimen shall be taken to have been imported into Guyana by way of introduction from the sea if, and only if, the specimen was taken in the marine environment not under the jurisdiction of any State and then imported into Guyana without having been imported into any other State.

(6) For the purposes of these regulations -

(a) where a live animal (other than animal reproductive material) that was bred in captivity dies, the dead animal and any specimen derived therefrom shall be taken to be specimens derived from that live animal; and

(b) where a live plant (other than plant reproductive material) that was artificially propagated dies, the dead plant and any specimen derived therefrom shall be taken to be specimens derived from that live plant.

(7) For the purposes of these regulations, an activity may be described as commercial if -

(a) its purpose is to obtain commercial benefit, including profit whether in cash or kind; and

(b) it is directed towards resale, exchange, provision of a service or other form of economic use or benefit,

so, however, that the burden of proof for showing that the intended activity is not commercial shall rest with the person or body seeking to deal in such activity.

(8) For the purposes of these regulations, the doing of anything to or with a live animal or plant for the purposes of scientific research shall not be taken as failure to provide suitable care for the animal or plant, provided there be compliance with the guidelines stipulated by the Scientific Authority.

PART II

AMINISTRATION

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| Designation of Management Authority. | 3. (1) The Minister may, by order, designate a group of persons or body to be the Management Authority. |
| | (2) The Management Authority designated under paragraph (1) shall nominate a group of persons or body to be the Scientific Authority. |
| Directions to Management Authority. | 4. The Minister may, after consultation with the Chairman of the Management Authority, give to the Management Authority such directions of a general character as to the policy to be followed by the Authority in performance of its functions as appear to the Minister to be necessary in the public interest and the Authority shall give effect to the directions. |
| Functions of Management Authority. | 5. (1) The functions of the Management Authority shall include - |
| | (a) taking such steps as are necessary for the protection of endangered species or animals and plants against over-exploitation through importation and exportation; |
| | (b) consulting with the Scientific Authority on the scientific aspects on the protection of species of wild animals and plants; |
| Schedule I, II, III or IV. | (c) devising measures to prevent trade in or possession of specimens specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV in violation of these regulations; |
| | (d) to promote public awareness of endangered species of wild animals and plants and to foster understanding of their importance to the conservation of the environment; |
| | (e) advising the Minister generally on matters relating to the importation and exportation in endangered species of wild animals and plants; |
| Schedule I, II, III or IV. | (f) granting permits and certificates in respect of importation, exportation and re-exportation of and other trade in endangered species specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV; |
| | (g) formulating and implementing or causing the formulation and implementation of a recovery and sustenance plan for endangered species of wild animals and plants specified in Schedules I, II or III; |

- (h) identifying, in consultation with the Scientific Authority, the critical habitats for the protection of species specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;
- (i) performing such other functions pertaining to the importation and exportation of species specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV, as may be assigned to it, by the Minister.

(2) The duties of the Management Authority shall be -

- (a) to review and propose amendments, after consultation with the Scientific Authority, to the provisions of Part V regarding the method of shipment, including container and other packaging requirement necessary for transport of a specimen specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;
- (b) to consult with the Scientific Authority on -
 - (i) matters under these regulations which require consultation on scientific aspects of protection of species;
 - (ii) matters regarding the amendment of Schedule I, III or IV;
- (c) to prepare annual reports regarding the importation and exportation of wild animals and plants specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV.

Schedule I, II,
III or IV.

Functions of
Scientific
Authority.

6. (1) The functions of the Scientific Authority shall be -

- (a) to advise the Management Authority on matters relating to the importation or exportation of species specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;
- (b) to advise the Management Authority of the measures which should be taken including the establishment of quotas, to limit the grant of export permits when the population status of a species so requires;
- (c) to carry out research, which, in its opinion, is relevant to the protection of species specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;
- (d) perform such other functions pertaining to trade in endangered species of wild animals and plants as may be assigned to it, from time to time, by the Minister or the Management Authority.

(2) The duties of the Scientific Authority shall be -

- (a) to advise, in case of a proposed import of a specimen specified in Schedule I, the Management Authority on whether or not the purposes of the importation are detrimental to the survival of the particular species;

Schedule I

- (b) to advise the Management Authority on whether or not a proposed export or introduction from the sea of a specimen specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV will be detrimental to the survival of the particular species;
- Schedule I or II (c) to advise, in case of a proposed import of a live specimen specified in Schedule I or II, whether or not it is satisfied that the proposed recipient of the specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it;
- Schedule I (d) to monitor the export permits granted for Schedule I, II, III or IV as well as actual exports of such specimens and to advise the Management Authority of suitable measures to be taken to limit the grant of export permits when it has determined that it is necessary to maintain the species throughout its range at a level consistent with its role in the ecosystems, and well above the level at which that species may become eligible for inclusion in column II of Schedule I;
- (e) to advise the Management Authority on the choice of a place for the disposal of confiscated specimens;
- (f) to do all such things pertaining to the protection of species of wild animals and plants, as are assigned to it by the Management Authority or the Minister from time to time.
- Scientific Reports. 7. (1) The Scientific Authority shall cause to be prepared and transmitted to the Management Authority an annual report on -
- (a) any specimen which is endangered, threatened, vulnerable, extirpated, extinct or at risk;
- (b) the status of the species of wild animals and plants specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;
- (2) A report under paragraph (1) may contain -
- (a) subject to paragraph (3), a list of species in Guyana and in other countries which are endangered, threatened, vulnerable, extirpated, extinct or at risk;
- (b) a description of any critical factor;
- (c) the reason for such endangerment, threat, vulnerability, extirpation, extinction or risk status and remedy, if any, therefor;
- (d) any recommendation for such species to be included in or removed from Schedule I, II, III or IV; and
- (e) an assessment of such specimen or species in other States.

(3) A list compiled under paragraph 2 (a) shall be based upon the best available scientific evidence or ecological principles so, however that where little or no scientific evidence is available, the Scientific Authority may ground its reasons on other relevant information or facts.

(4) The Management Authority may reject or accept any or all of the recommendations contained in the report.

(5) Where the Management Authority rejects the report, or any part thereof, it shall give reasons therefor and such reasons may include social or economic considerations.

(6) The Minister shall cause a copy of the report and any comments thereon to be laid before the National Assembly.

Schedule I, II,
III or IV.

(7) Any member of the public may, in writing to the Scientific Authority, recommend that any specimen be included in or removed from Schedule I, II, III or IV and the Authority shall consider such recommendation.

PART III

PERMIT AND CERTIFICATE

Requirement
for permit.

8.(1) No person shall import, export, re-export or introduce from the sea, any specimen of an endangered species of wild animal or plant including animals bred in captivity and artificially propagated species specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV except with a permit or certificate in accordance with the provisions of these regulations.

(2) A person who contravenes paragraph (1) commits an offence.

Breeding in
captivity.

9. (1) For the purposes of these regulations, a live animal of a particular kind, except animals bred in captivity and artificially propagated species, shall be taken to have been bred in captivity if, and only if, it was bred in circumstances in which the breeding of -

(a) any live animal;

(b) any live animal of that kind; or

(c) any live animal included in a class of live animals that include live animals of that kind,

would constitute breeding in captivity.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), an animal specimen included in column II of Schedule I bred in captivity for commercial purposes shall be deemed to be a specimen included in column III of Schedule I.

(3) The Management Authority may, on the recommendation of the Scientific Authority, cause proposals for the transfer of a specimen from one Schedule to another to be prepared and submitted to the Minister.

(4) Where, in relation to the export of an animal specimen, the Management Authority is satisfied that the specimen was bred in captivity, the Management Authority shall issue a certificate to that effect; and such certificate shall be in lieu of any permit granted under regulation 14.

(5) Where an animal is bred in captivity for scientific research and scientific exchange every progeny of such animal shall remain the property of the Government.

Artificial propagation.

10. (1) For the purposes of these regulations, a live plant of a particular kind shall be taken to have been artificially propagated if, and only if, it was propagated in circumstances in which the propagation of -

(a) any live plant;

(b) any live plant of that kind; or

(c) any other live plant included in a class that includes live plants of that kind,

would constitute artificial propagation.

(2) The propagation of any live plant shall constitute artificial propagation, where the plant has grown from seed, cuttings, divisions, callus tissues or other plant tissues, spores or other propagules in a controlled environment.

(3) A plant specimen included in column II of Schedule I which is artificially propagated for commercial purposes shall be deemed to be a specimen included in column III of Schedule I.

(4) Where, in relation to the export of a plant specimen, the Management Authority is satisfied that the specimen was artificially propagated, the Management Authority shall issue a certificate to that effect; and such certificate shall be in lieu of any permit granted under regulation 14.

(5) Where a plant is artificially propagated for scientific research and scientific exchange every progeny of such plant shall remain the property of the Government.

Application for permit.

11.(1) Subject to paragraph (2) any person who proposes to import, export, re-export or introduce any animal or plant or specimen from the sea specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV shall before commencing any action related thereto, apply to the Management Authority for a permit or certificate in Form A of Schedule V, accompanied by the fee prescribed in paragraph (4) and such information or document, if any, as the Management Authority may require.

(2) A person shall not import, export or re-export an animal bred in captivity unless the animal in captivity originates from a breeding operation registered by the Management Authority and

such animal in captivity has been permanently marked in a manner so as to render alteration or modification by unauthorised persons as difficult as possible.

(3) An application under paragraph (1) shall be in Form A of Schedule V and in the case of -

- (a) an application for a permit to import any animal or plant specified in Schedule I or II shall be accompanied by a valid export permit issued by the country of origin or a valid foreign re-export permit issued by the country of re-export;
- (b) an application for a permit to export or re-export any animal or plant specified in Schedule I shall be accompanied by a certificate of origin pertinent to such animal or plant.

(4) The fees in respect of an application for a permit or certificate (including renewal thereof) -

Permits

- 1. For an import permit - \$ 20,000.00
- 2. For an export permit - \$ 20,000.00
- 3. For an re-export permit - \$ 5,00.00

Certificates

- 1. For a certificate of introduction from the sea - \$ 10,000.00
- 2. For a certificate of captive breeding - \$ 10,000.00
- 3. For a certificate of artificial propagation - \$ 10,000.00
- 4. For a pre-regulation certificate - \$ 5,000.00

(5) The fees in respect of an application for a licence and for registration are:-

Licence

- 1. For a commercial Licence - \$ 50,000.00
- 2. For a Holding Premises Licence - \$ 250,000.00
- 3. Commercial Exportation Licence - \$ 50,000.00

Registration

- 1. For registration of breeding operations - \$ 25,000.00

Offences of
exporting,
importing, etc.

- 12. (1) Every person who imports, exports, re-exports or introduces from the sea any animal or plant before obtaining a permit or certificate under regulation 11 shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of not less than seventy thousand dollars nor more than one hundred and forty thousand dollars and shall be disqualified from obtaining an import, export or re-export permit or introduction from the sea certificate for such period as the magistrate determines.

(2) Any person who, while disqualified from holding an import, export or re-export permit or introduction from the sea certificate under paragraph (1), obtains or attempts to obtain such permit shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of one hundred and forty thousand dollars.

(3) A person convicted of an offence under paragraph (2) shall be disqualified for a period of not less than twelve months from the date of conviction from holding or obtaining an import, export or re-export permit or introduction from the sea certificate, and on a second conviction for a like offence shall be permanently disqualified from obtaining an import, export, re-export permit or introduction from the sea certificate.

Change in particulars.

13. Prior to the issue of a permit or certificate, any change in the particulars furnished in the application under regulation 11, or after the grant of a permit or certificate, any change in the information on the basis of which a permit or certificate has been granted shall be notified immediately in writing to the Management Authority by the applicant, or, as the case may be, by the holder of the permit or certificate.

Grant of permit or certificate.

14.. (1) Where the Management Authority on the advice of the Scientific Authority, is satisfied that with regard to an application for an export or re-export permit to which these regulations relate -

- (a) the proposed export is within the limit of the recommended annual export quota;
- (b) an import permit has been issued by the relevant authority of the State of destination;
- (c) the plant or animal has not been obtained in contravention of any law including such other obligations deriving from any treaty, convention or international agreement to which Guyana is a party;
- (d) the transportation arrangements for any living plant or animal is adequate and minimises the risk of injury or damage to health thereto;
- (e) the exportation or importation proposed is in the best interest of Guyana; and
- (f) the requirements of these regulations have been complied with,

shall grant the permit applied for in such form as the Management Authority may from time to time determine.

(2) Where the Management Authority on the advice of the Scientific Authority, in relation to an application for an import permit to which these regulations relate, is satisfied that -

- (a) the import shall not be for purposes that are detrimental to the survival of the species;
- (b) the plant or animal has not been obtained in contravention of any law including such other obligations deriving from any treaty, convention or international agreement to which Guyana is a party;

(c) an export or re-export permit or certificate of origin, authorising the import of any plant or animal, has been issued by the relevant authority of the exporting State; and

(d) the import proposed is in the best interest of Guyana,

the Management Authority shall grant the permit applied for on such terms and conditions as it sees fit and in such form as it may from time to time determine.

(3) Where the Management Authority on the advice of the Scientific Authority, in respect of an application for a certificate for the introduction from the sea of a specimen to which these regulations relate, is satisfied that -

(a) the introduction from the sea of the specimen is not for purposes that are detrimental to the survival of the species;

(b) the specimen is not intended to be used primarily for commercial purposes;

(c) in case of a living specimen, the proposed recipient of such specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it;

(d) in case of a living specimen, such specimen will be so prepared and transported so as to minimise the risk of injury to, deterioration of the health of or cruel treatment of the specimen;

(e) the specimen has not been obtained in contravention of any law including such other obligations deriving from any treaty, convention or international agreement to which Guyana is a party; and

(f) the proposed introduction from the sea of the specimen is in the best interest of Guyana,

the Management Authority shall grant the certificate applied for on such terms and conditions as it sees fit.

Validity of permit.

15. (1) An export and re-export permit shall be valid for a period of six months from the date of issue.

(2) An import permit shall be valid for a period not exceeding six months from the date of issue of the corresponding export permit or re-export permit, by the country of export or re-export, as the case may be.

(3) An import or export permit, or a re-export or certificate of introduction from the sea of a specimen shall be valid for three months from the date of issue.

Grounds for refusal to grant permit or certificate.

16. The Management Authority may refuse to grant a permit or certificate under these regulations, where it has reason to believe -

- (a) that the import will be for purposes that are detrimental to the survival of the species;
- (b) that the plant or animal has been obtained in contravention of any law including such other obligations deriving from any treaty, convention or international agreement to which Guyana is a party;
- (c) that the application contains or is based on false or misleading representation or information which is false in a material particular;
- (d) in case of an individual, that he -
 - (i) is under the age of eighteen years; or
 - (ii) is an undischarged bankrupt;
- (e) in case of a body corporate, that:-
 - (i) a resolution has been passed against it for its voluntary winding up or an order has been made by a court of competent jurisdiction for its winding up;
 - (ii) a receiver has been appointed to manage any of its assets; or
 - (iii) any of its directors has been convicted of any offence specified under these regulations during the period of five years immediately preceding the application;
- (f) the transportation arrangements, whether by land, sea or by air, for any living plant or animal are inadequate and present a serious risk of injury, damage thereto;
- (g) an export or re-export permit or certificate of origin, authorising the import of any plant or animal, has not been issued by the relevant authority of the exporting State; or
- (h) where in the opinion of the Scientific Authority, the issue of the permit or certificate would not be in the best interest of Guyana, having regard to such factors as the Scientific Authority considers relevant including -
 - (i) the need for the protection of certain species of wild animal or plant from over-exploitation through international trade; or
 - (ii) the preservation of the character of the environment, including animals and plants.

Renewal of
permit or
certificate.

17. (1) A permit or certificate granted pursuant to these regulations may, on its expiration, be renewed by the Management Authority if -

- (a) an application, accompanied by the fee prescribed in regulation 11(4) is made not later than one month before the date of expiry;
- (b) after consultation with the Scientific Authority, the Management Authority is satisfied that there has been no material change in the circumstances that existed at the time the permit or certificate was granted.

(2) Where the Management Authority -

- (a) receives an application for the renewal of a permit or certificate after the period specified in paragraph (1) (a); or
- (b) after consultation with the Scientific Authority, it is satisfied that a material change of circumstances has occurred since the grant of the permit or certificate,

it shall treat the application as a new application, and accordingly, the relevant provisions of these regulations relating to the application for a permit or certificate shall apply.

Restriction on
grant of permits
retrospectively

18. (1) The Management Authority shall not issue a permit or certificate retrospectively, in respect of any specimen specified in column II of Schedule I.

(2) The Management Authority shall not issue a permit or certificate retrospectively in respect of any specimen specified in column III of Schedule I, or in Schedule II, III or IV unless -

- (a) the Management Authority and any relevant authority are satisfied that no irregularity is attributable to the importer or exporter of any specimen; and
- (b) the importation or exportation of the specimen is in accordance with these regulations and any other laws of Guyana and any other State.

Modification
of permit or
certificate.

19. (1) A person to whom a permit or certificate has been granted pursuant to these regulations may apply to the Management Authority to vary or modify the permit or certificate stating clearly the reasons therefore.

(2) In considering an application under paragraph (1), the Management Authority shall have regard to the matters specified in regulation 16.

Suspension
of permit or
certificate.

20. (1) The Management Authority may suspend a permit or certificate for a breach of any provision of these regulations or of any term or condition subject to which the permit or certificate is granted.

(2) The Management Authority shall, on suspending a permit or certificate, notify the holder thereof in writing -

- (a) stating the breach which gave rise to the suspension;

- (b) requiring the holder of the permit or certificate to remedy the breach;
- (c) stating the time within which the breach is to be remedied ; and
- (d) stating whether the permit is to be returned within a specified time to the Management Authority.

(3) The holder of the permit or certificate, upon remedying the breach, shall so inform the Management Authority and the Management Authority shall, if it is satisfied that the breach is remedied, forthwith return the permit or certificate, as the case may be, to the holder thereof.

Grounds for
cancellation
of permit.

21. (1) Without prejudice to paragraph (2), the Minister may cancel a permit or certificate granted under these regulations -

- (a) upon breach of a condition subject to which the permit or certificate was granted;
- (b) where the holder of the permit or certificate contravenes any provision of the regulations;
- (c) where the Minister is satisfied that information which was misleading, false or deceptive to the Management Authority was submitted in support of the permit or certificate and on the basis of which the permit or certificate was granted;
- (d) upon failure of the holder of the permit or certificate to keep up-to-date records in accordance with regulation 26;
- (e) where there has been an outbreak of disease among any animal or plant in respect of which a permit was issued or there is a reason to believe that such an outbreak is imminent;
- (f) if the Minister is of the opinion that the permit or certificate granted is not in the interest of Guyana; or
- (g) for any other reason where the Management Authority thinks it proper to do so.

(2) Where the Management Authority cancels a permit or certificate, it shall as soon as practicable thereafter notify in writing to the person to whom the permit or certificate was granted and such notice shall state the reason for the cancellation, and such cancellation shall have effect on receipt of the notice by the addressee.

Appeal.

22. (1) Any person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Management Authority or the Minister may at any time within twenty-eight days of the decision, by notice in writing appeal against such decision.

(2) Appeals shall be made to the Environmental Appeals Tribunal, in accordance with rules applicable to appeals under the Act.

- Compensation. 23. Compensation shall not be paid to a the holder of the permit or the holder of the certificate where the decision to cancel the permit or certificate was necessary for the purposes of protecting and conserving the environment, any animal or plant or by reason of an unforeseeable change in circumstances on the basis of which the permit or certificate was granted.
- Non-transferability of permit. 24. A permit or certificate granted under these regulations shall not be transferable.
- Used permit, etc. to be retained. 25. The Management Authority shall cancel and retain a used export permit or a re-export certificate issued by the relevant authority and the corresponding import permit.

PART IV

KEEPING OF RECORDS

- Holder of permit or certificate to keep Wildlife Register. 26. (1) Every person who is granted a permit or certificate under these regulations shall keep books, documents, records or particulars in a register to be called the Wildlife Register relating to any specimen specified in Schedule I,II,III or IV showing -
- (a) the number of specimen he has imported, exported or re-exported;
 - (b) the date of such importation, exportation or re-exportation; and
 - (c) such other information as the Management Authority may require.
- (2) The Management Authority shall suspend a permit or certificate where the holder of such permit or certificate fails to keep a Wildlife Register specified under this paragraph.
- (3) The provisions of regulation 20 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the suspension procedure for the purpose of this regulation.
- Management Authority to keep records. 27. (1) The Management Authority shall keep registers which shall contain:-
- (a) the name of the person to whom the permit or certificate is granted;
 - (b) the type of permit or certificate;
 - (c) the date on which the permit or certificate is granted or renewed;
 - (d) the date of expiration of the permit or certificate;
 - (e) the date and reason for revocation and suspension of the permit or certificate and in respect of suspension the period thereof;

- (f) the specimen or class of specimen of wild animal or plant in respect of which the permit is granted;
- (g) the number of the permit or certificate;
- (h) any other relevant remarks.

(2) Every register under paragraph (1) shall be open for inspection by the public at the offices of the Management Authority during office hours, free of charge, and the Management Authority shall, on payment of the specified fee, cause to be made copies of any entry in any such register.

PART V

COMMERCIAL IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS

- License to trap or deal in animals on commercial basis.
28. (1) Any person who proposes to engage in activities to trap or deal in animals on a commercial basis shall, before commencing such activities, apply to the Management Authority for a commercial licence giving such particulars as the Authority shall require.
- (2) An application under paragraph (1) shall be accompanied by the fee prescribed in regulation 11 and with such information or document as the Management Authority may require.
- (3) A commercial licence shall be valid for a period of one year.
- (4) A person who contravenes paragraph (1) commits an offence.
- License to engage in commercial exportation.
29. (1) Any person who proposes to engage in the commercial exportation of animals and plants shall, before commencing such activities, apply to the Management Authority for a commercial exportation licence giving such particulars as the Authority shall require.
- (2) An application under paragraph (1) shall be accompanied by the fee prescribed in regulation 11 and with such other information or document as the Management Authority may require.
- (3) A licence to engage in commercial exportation of animals or plants shall be valid for a period of one year.
- (4) A person who contravenes paragraph (1) commits an offence.
- Medical examination of trappers, etc.
30. (1) Every person who is granted a licence to trap or deal in animals on a commercial basis shall undergo a medical examination every six months so as to ensure the physical health and well-being of the holder of the licence.

(2) Every person referred to in paragraph (1) shall at any time within fourteen days of his medical examination submit the report of the medical examiner to the Management Authority.

PART VI

TRANSPORTATION OF ANIMALS AND PLANTS

Shipment of
animals by air.

31. (1) Every person who exports from Guyana a live animal by air, shall prepare it for shipment and ship it in a container in accordance with the International Air Transport Association *Live Animals Regulations* in force at the time..

(2) Every person who exports from Guyana a live animal shall, where it is transported by land, sea or , in the case of a live plant shipped by air, prepare it for shipment and ship it in accordance with the *Guidelines for Transport and preparation for Shipment for Live Wild Animals and Plants*, in force at the time.

Shipment on
export permits.

32. Animals in respect of which export permits have been granted shall be prepared for shipment and shipped in accordance with the requirements of regulation 33.

Requirements for
Shipment.

33. Animals shall be shipped as follows-

- (a) snakes and lizards in transit for six hours or less shall be transported in bags made of cloth or other soft and porous material; for longer, these animals shall be placed in hard-sided containers for additional protection ;
- (b) bags containing reptiles shall be stacked no more than two deep;
- (c) turtles in transit for a longer period than six hours, shall be packed in boxes so as to prevent piling more than two deep on each other;
- (d) reptiles shall be transported in well-ventilated boxes;
- (e) birds shall be transported in cages that contain perching bars and so designed that the heads of the birds shall not be in contact with the top of the box when perched;
- (f) mammals shall be transported in containers so designed to ensure proper ventilation and that such mammals can move about in the container;
- (g) where a mesh container is used, it shall be so elevated as to ensure the protection of the toes of the animals at all times; and
- (h) every container that is used for the transportation shall be washed and sterilised after each use.

PART VII

LICENSING OF HOLDING PREMISES

- Licensing of holding premises. 34. A person shall not keep animals introduced from the sea or any other animal, except in holding premises licensed by the Management Authority.
- Application for licence. 35. (1) The owner or occupier of any premises who desires to keep animals referred in paragraph (1) shall before doing so apply to the Management Authority for a licence in respect of those premises in the manner prescribed in Form B of Schedule V.
- (2) An application to which paragraph (1) relates shall be accompanied by a receipt for a fee of fifteen thousand dollars issued by the Environmental Trust Fund.
- Pre-regulation holding premises. 36. Regulation 35 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the owner of premises used for keeping animals before the commencement of these regulations.
- Inspection of premises. 37. (1) Where an application for a licence has been made, an authorised person shall arrange for an inspection of the premises by a Veterinary Officer who shall prepare a report to be submitted to the Management Authority as early as possible.
- (2) Upon consideration of a report submitted under paragraph (1) if in the opinion of the Management Authority, the premises, facilities or staffing need to be altered to comply with the requirements of these regulations, the Management Authority shall issue a notice to the owner or occupier specifying the alterations to be made, and shall withhold the issue of any licence until the alterations are satisfactorily completed.
- Grant of licence. 38. Where the Management Authority is satisfied that in relation to an application before it, the requirements of these regulations have been complied with it shall approve the issue of the licence on such terms and conditions as it sees fit.
- Display of licence. 39. Where a licence has been issued relating to any premises, the owner or occupier of such premises shall display -
- (a) on the outside of the premises the Form C of Schedule V with the particulars therein; and
- (b) inside the premises the Form D of Schedule V with the particulars therein.
- Publication by Management Authority. 40. The Management Authority shall publish in the Gazette from time to time for public information -
- (a) a list of premises licensed as holding premises;
- (b) a list of holding premises, the licences of which have been cancelled or varied.

- * Cancellation or variation of licence. 41. Where the owner or occupier of premises licensed under these regulations has been convicted of any offence under these regulations, the Management Authority may cancel or vary the licence issued in respect of those premises.
- Notice of cancellation or variation. 42. Notice of cancellation or variation of a licence shall be sent to the owner or occupier of the premises, and such cancellation or variation shall have effect on receipt of such notice by such occupier or owner.
- * Appeal against decision of Management Authority. 43. Where the Management Authority refuses to grant a licence, an aggrieved applicant may appeal to the Environmental Appeals Tribunal within twenty-eight days of the receipt of the notice.

PART VIII

REQUIREMENTS FOR PREMISES LICENSED AS HOLDING PREMISES

- * Licenced premises. 44. Premises licensed as holding premises shall be operated in accordance with the requirements contained in regulations 45 to 51(inclusive)
- Operating requirements. 45. Holding premises shall be operated as follows -
- (a) holding premises shall not be sited, as far as practicable, from one mile radius of an active poultry farm or located in a city, town, residential or built-up area ;
 - (b) an adequate supply of water shall be readily available on the premises for drinking and washing purposes at all times;
 - (c) efficient waterers and feeders shall be available for the management of animals;
 - (d) domestic animals except guard dogs, shall not be kept at holding premises;
 - (e) specimen for export shall be separated from other wild specimen including rats and all contact with these shall be avoided;
 - (f) animals shall be housed separately and kept in a controlled manner which shall facilitate the observation, inspection and preparation of the animals for export;
 - (g) venomous reptiles shall be kept separately in a securely locked room labelled "POISONOUS REPTILE -DO NOT ENTER";
 - (h) cages shall be arranged such as to allow for adequate sanitation and ventilation and separated between rows by a minimum space of one foot with a minimum of three feet walkway between them;
 - (i) the keeping of large and extra large cages shall be discouraged;

- (j) adequately trained staff, sufficient in number for the discharge of the operation shall at all times be available at the holding premises;
- (k) premises shall be maintained and kept in a clean and orderly manner at all times;
- (l) floors, walls cages with solid floors and side walls in which reptiles and mammals are kept, shall be washed and disinfected at least twice weekly;
- (m) dead animals shall be incinerated on the premises or transported in sealed containers to the principal incinerator for incineration;
- (n) dead animals shall be disposed of on a daily basis.

Operable
incinerators.

46. Operable incinerators made of materials such as clay, brick or steel for the disposal of dead animals including birds shall be kept on holding premises.

Feeding
requirements.

47. (1) Animals shall be provided with a dietary protein source and vitamins in their diets.

(2) Animals shall be provided with an adequate supply of fresh food and water.

(3) Feeding and watering utensils shall be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected at the beginning of each day's operation.

(4) Unused food shall be properly disposed of so as not to pose a health and sanitation risk to the environment.

Veterinary and
quarantine
requirements.

48. (1) Mammals and birds shall be dewormed on entry into the holding premises and deworming shall be repeated within two weeks.

(2) Approved oral antibiotics and vitamin supplements shall be administered as preventative doses for the first two weeks of the quarantine period.

(3) Sick animals including birds shall be kept in a separate building for the care of sick animals and birds.

(4) Dead animals including birds which have died under unusual circumstances while under quarantine or on an exporter's holding quarantine premises shall be taken to the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory of the Ministry of Agriculture for necropsy and microbes tests.

(5) The quarantine period shall be as follows -

- (a) birds - four weeks;
- (b) mammals - four weeks; and
- (c) reptiles - two weeks.

Health
Certificate.

49. (1) A person shall not, except with a Health Certificate issued by the Veterinary Officer, export any animal including a bird.

(2) An applicant shall present his Wildlife Register at the time of making the application.

Licensed premises. 50. Premises licensed as holding premises shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of regulation 51.

Construction of premises. 51. Premises shall be constructed as follows -

- (a) the site shall not be constructed as to cause or allow the entry to run-off of liquid effluent into adjoining or adjacent property;
- (b) facilities for run-off from the premises shall be constructed so as to avoid contamination of public waterways;
- (c) buildings shall be of sound materials and shall be constructed in such a way to minimise contamination of adjacent premises;
- (d) the roofing and sloping around the building shall extend five feet from the base of the walls so as to protect the animals from heavy winds and rains;
- (e) the roofing shall be of the overlapping design, with a meshed opening of at least one and a half to two feet width to allow the free flow of hot air out of the building;
- (f) the middle in centre of the building shall be a minimum of twelve feet in height ;
- (g) main compartment and exit doors shall be provided with meshed doors which shall be spring loaded in order that they can be kept closed at all times;
- (h) buildings or portions of buildings in which animals are kept shall be mosquito proof;
- (i) darkened or nightlight enclosures shall be constructed for nocturnal animals;
- (j) floors shall be made of concrete or ceramic tiles so as to be capable of easy cleaning and disinfecting;
- (k) floors shall be constructed in such a way as to provide rapid drainage and drying;
- (l) a separate building shall be constructed for the care and isolation of sick animals.

PART IX

CAGES

Cage specifications. 52. (1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3) cages for the keeping of animals shall be constructed according to the following specifications -

- (a) materials used for the construction of cages, waterers, feeders, perches and exercise bars shall be of such a type so as not to pose a health hazard to the animals and shall be either of metal, plastic, welded mesh, expanded metal, steel rod or a combination of any of these materials ;
 - (b) the size of the cage shall be capable of accommodating not more than ten non-human primates and to permit the animals therein to move about comfortably;
 - (c) cages shall be so constructed so as to facilitate easy handling by keepers and cleaning;
 - (d) perches shall, when within a cage, be so placed so as to allow droppings of one animal to be deposited on another within the cage;
 - (e) perches shall placed at least one foot above the cage floor and be so arranged so as to prevent damage to plumage;
 - (f) wooden perches shall be replaced after each quarantine period.
- (2) The specifications in respect of cages for the keeping of certain specimen of birds are-

(a) Parakeets and Small Macaws

Minimum cage size	-	L-2 feet; W-2feet; H-2feet
Maximum capacity	-	Ten birds
Perches	-	Placed nine inches above cage floor

(b) Parrotlets

Minimum cage size	-	L-1.5 feet; W- 1.5 feet; H-1.5 feet
Maximum Capacity	-	Ten birds
Perches	-	Placed seven inches above cage floor

(c) Toucan

Minimum cage size	-	L-2 feet; W- 2 feet; H -2 feet
Maximum capacity	-	Two birds
Perches	-	Placed one foot above cage floor

(d) Powis, Marudis, Trumpeters

Minimum cage size	-	L - 5 feet; W - 5 feet; H -5 feet
Maximum capacity	-	Five birds
Perches	-	One per bird arranged at varying levels.

(e) Macaws

Minimum cage size	-	L - 3 feet; W - 3 feet; H - 3 feet
Maximum capacity	-	Five birds
Perches	-	Placed one foot above cage floor

(f) Parrots and medium-sized Macaws

Minimum cage size	-	L - 3 feet; W - 3 feet; H - 3 feet
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(3) Cages for the keeping of caiman, turtle and tortoise shall -

- (i) contain a body of water which shall comprise a minimum of one third of the floor space and be constructed in such a way as to facilitate easy cleaning and drainage;
- (ii) provide adequate floor space for and equal to the square of the length of each such animal.

(4) Cages for the keeping of snakes shall -

- (i) contain a maximum of five specimen;
- (ii) be no less than twice the combined width of all the snakes in the said cage, and
- (iii) contain a minimum of one perch for each snake.

PART X**OFFENCES AND PENALTIES**

Contravention of regulations. 53. A person who commits an offence under these regulations, except those offences referred to in regulations 54 and 58 (inclusive) shall be liable to summary conviction to a fine of twenty-five thousand dollars and imprisonment for one month.

False or misleading statements.

54. Every person who -

- (a) for the purposes of obtaining, whether for himself or for any other person, the issue, grant or renewal of any permit or certificate issued under these regulations, makes any declaration or statement which is false or misleading in any material particular;
- (b) furnishes to keep any other person performing any duty under these regulations, a document that to the knowledge of the first-mentioned person contains information which is false or misleading in any material particular;
- (c) knowingly utters, produces, or makes use of any such declaration or statement or any document containing any false declaration or statement;
- (d) tampers with or amends any information contained in a permit or certificate,

commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine of one hundred thousand dollars.

Unlawful trade. 55. Every person who -

- (a) imports or illegally brings into Guyana or exports therefrom any specimen contrary to the provisions of these regulations;
- (b) deals in any specimen by way of a transaction of any description whatsoever contrary to the provisions of these regulations,

commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two hundred thousand dollars and imprisonment for one year.

Unlawful possession.

56. (1) Every person who is in unlawful possession of, or has unlawfully under his control, or, offers or exposes for sale or displays to the public any specimen to which these regulations relate, shall be liable to a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars and imprisonment for six months.

(2) It shall be a defence for any person charged under paragraph (1) to prove at the time that

- (a) when the specimen came into his possession he made such enquiries, as in the circumstances of the case were reasonable, to ascertain whether the specimen was a specimen to which these regulations applies; and
- (b) when the alleged offence was committed he had no reason to believe that the specimen was a specimen to which these regulations apply.

Threatening etc. authorised person.

57. Any person who threatens, assaults or obstructs an authorised person acting in the execution of his duties under these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of fifty thousand dollars.

Failure to keep Wildlife Register.

58. Every person who fails to keep a Wildlife Register for the purposes of specimens specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV commits an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of not less than fifty thousand dollars..

PART XI

ENFORCEMENT

Liability of body corporate.

59. Where an offence against these regulations is committed by a body corporate, every director, manager, secretary or other officer concerned in the management of that body corporate shall, without prejudice to the liability of the body corporate, be deemed to have committed the offence unless at the trial it is proved -

- (a) that the offence was committed without the knowledge, consent or connivance of that officer; or
- (b) that the officer exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission thereof as ought to have been exercised having regard to the nature of his functions in the body corporate and the circumstances of the case.

Possession of
animal or plant.

60. (1) No person shall, subject to any other law, possess any animal or plant specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV imported into Guyana or exported or re-exported from Guyana contrary to the provisions of these regulations.

(2) The person referred to in paragraph (1), is exempted from the operation of paragraph (1) where the person who possesses it establishes a reasonable probability that it or, in the case of a specimen, the animal or plant from which it come -

- (a) was taken from its habitat prior to the commencement of these regulations;
- (b) was legally imported into Guyana;
- (c) the distribution of it or the offering to distribute it would be in accordance with any other applicable laws that relate to the conservation and protection of the animal or plant;
- (d) the animal or plant was acquired prior to the commencement of these regulations;
- (e) the animal or plant was bred in captivity or artificially propagated, or was part of or derived therefrom; or
- (f) the animal or plant is an herbarium specimen, other preserved, dried or embedded museum specimen or live plant material to be imported, exported or re-exported as a non-commercial loan, donation or exchange between scientists or scientific institutions.

Entry of
authorised
person.

61. (1) An authorised person may, for the purpose of the execution of these regulations, enter at any reasonable time the premises of any person trading in or suspected of trading in any specimen to which these regulations apply and inspect any book, document, permit, certificate or record or things relating thereto and while entering the premises take with him -

- (i) any person duly authorised by the Management Authority; and
- (ii) any equipment or materials required for any purpose for which the power of entry is being exercised.

Forfeiture
to State.

62. (1) Every specimen in respect of which there is a conviction for an offence against these regulations shall be forfeited to the State.

(2) Where any specimen is forfeited under paragraph (1) the Court may, on the advice of the Scientific Authority, order that the specimen be -

- (a) returned to the wild;
- (b) stored or kept in, placed under the control or management of, or donated to an approved zoological organisation; or
- (c) returned to its owner or country of origin,

as the Court thinks just.

PART XII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Savings of laws.

63. (1) These regulations shall be read and construed as being in addition to, and not in derogation of any provisions of -

Cap. 82:01

(a) the Customs Act;

Cap. 71:07

(b) the Wild Birds Protection Act;

Cap. 68:03

(c) the Plant Protection Act; or

Cap. 47:01

(d) the Post and Telegraph Act; or

(e) any other law.

(2) A person who is the holder of a permit or certificate to export, re-export or to import an animal or plant is not, by reason only of being the holder of the permit or certificate, exempt from compliance with any law referred to in paragraph (1) that applies in relation to that animal or plant.

(3) These regulations shall not be construed as authorising or permitting the doing of any act in contravention of any law relating to quarantine.

Exceptions.

64. (1) For the purposes of these regulations, where a specimen is brought into Guyana-

- (a) for the purposes of transshipment to another State; or
- (b) as part of an aircraft's stores or ship's stores,

that specimen shall not be taken to have been imported into Guyana, and when it leaves Guyana, shall not be taken to be exported from Guyana.

(2) For the purposes of these regulations, where a prescribed class of scientific organisation sends a specimen or brings a specimen into Guyana for the purpose of using such specimen in a diagnostic test that is to be carried out in an endeavour to identify a disease of humans,

animals or plants, that specimen shall not be taken to have been exported or imported, as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes of these regulations, where -

(a) a prescribed class of scientific organisation is satisfied that, in order to meet an emergency involving danger to the life or health of a human or animal, it is necessary or desirable that a specimen which could be used in treating that person or animal should be sent out of or brought into Guyana;

(b) that specimen is sent out of or brought into Guyana to meet that emergency,

that specimen shall be taken not to have been exported or imported, as the case may be.

(4) For the purposes of these regulations, where, in accordance with any law relating to quarantine, a person, exercising powers under that Act or law, brings into Guyana a specimen that is subject to quarantine, that specimen shall not be taken to have been imported unless and until it is released from quarantine.

Amendment
of Schedules.

65. (1) The Minister may, by order, amend Schedule I, II, III or IV.

(2) Where Schedule I, II, III or IV is amended under paragraph (1), the Management Authority shall cause a copy of that Schedule as amended to be published in a daily newspaper in Guyana.

Approved
institutions.

66. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Management Authority may, on the application of an organisation, being an organisation that is engaged in activities relating to live animals or live plants in Guyana or any other State, by order, declare that organisation to be an approved institution in relation to a particular specimen or class of specimen specified in the order.

(2) The Management Authority shall not declare an organisation to be an approved institution in relation to a particular specimen or class of specimen unless it is satisfied that the organisation is suitably equipped to and will -

(a) manage, confine, care for, and where appropriate, house the live specimens;

(b) maintain adequate records relating to the matters referred to in paragraph (a), and to the breeding, mortality and disposal of such animals or plants; and

(c) produce those records when required to do so by the Management Authority.

Scientific
organisations.

67. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Minister may, on the application of a scientific organisation in Guyana or in any other country, declare that scientific organisation to be an approved zoological organisation for the purposes of these regulations.

(2) The Management Authority shall declare a zoological organisation to be an approved zoological organisation where it is satisfied that -

- (a) the zoological organisation is owned by the Government or an organisation of any other State;
- (b) the zoological organisation is administered by the Government in another State;
- (c) a zoological society owns the zoological organisation, administers it or controls its administration;
- (d) the breeding or public exhibition of specimen is the main function of the zoological organisation;
- (e) the zoological organisation is a non-profit-making and primarily non-commercial organisation.

(3) The following class of scientific organisation is declared to be a prescribed class of scientific organisation, that is to say, scientific organisations that -

- (a) have the research or investigation into or involving specimens as one of their primary function;
- (b) are non-profit making and non-commercial;
- (c) are, where situated in Guyana, engaged in commercial transactions in specimens only where those specimen are, or are derived from animals and plants that are -
 - (i) bred in captivity or artificially propagated;
 - (ii) native Guyanese animals or native Guyanese plants;
 - (iii) specimens that have been taken in accordance with an approved management programme;
- (d) are, where situated outside Guyana, do not engage in commercial transaction -
 - (i) in specimens that are, or derived from, native Guyanese animals or native Guyanese plants; or
 - (ii) in specimens specified in column II of Schedule I unless they have been or are derived from animals or plants that have been bred in captivity or artificially propagated and are not native Guyanese animals or native Guyanese plants;
- (e) use specimens, the export or import of which is regulated by these regulations, for no purpose other than undertaking research or investigation or carrying out public education;

- (f) possess resources and qualifications that enable the undertaking of research or investigation;
- (g) publish or otherwise make available to the Management Authority and the public or the government of the country in which they are situated the results of their research or investigation into or involving species; and
- (h) import or export specimen that have been taken in the wild only if such specimen have been bred in captivity or artificially propagated and cannot be used for the purpose of research or investigation, or public education programme for which that specimen is required.

Inter-zoological organisation transfer.

68. For the purposes of these regulations, the export or the import of an animal specimen shall be taken to be an inter-zoological organisation transfer if, and only if -

- (a) the exporter or the sender, as the case may be, is an approved zoological organisation in relation to a class of specimens which includes that specimen;
- (b) in the case of a specimen that is a live animal, the animal is not required by the exporter or the sender, as the case may be, for the purposes of breeding or exhibition;
- (c) in the case of a specimen other than a specimen that is, or is derived from, a live animal, a live animal that was bred in captivity, that specimen was not purchased or otherwise obtained for the purposes of trade; and
- (d) the recipient is an approved zoological organisation in relation to a class of specimen that includes that specimen.

Markings.

69. The Management Authority may cause any specimen which is being imported or exported to be marked with an indelible imprint, seal, non-reusable tag, microchip, ring or other suitable means so as to prevent the imitation thereof by any person not authorised to import or export such specimen.

Export of household pet.

70. The import, export or re-export of a live native Guyanese animal from Guyana is an export of a household pet in accordance with this regulation if -

- (a) the animal is of a species specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV;
- (b) the exporter has owned and kept the animal as a household pet for not less than three years immediately preceding the export;
- (c) the exporter has been ordinarily resident in Guyana for no less than five years immediately preceding the export;

- (d) the exporter is leaving Guyana with the intention of taking up permanent residence in another State; and
- (e) it is not proposed to export more than one other animal of that species that has been kept as a household pet by the exporter or member of the exporter's household.

Non-application
of regulations to
certain specimen.

71. Where in relation to any specimen that is to be exported or re-exported -

- (a) the Management authority is satisfied that the specimen was acquired before the application of these regulations to that specimen; and
- (b) the Management authority grants a certificate, that is to say, a pre-regulation certificate, to that effect,

the provisions in respect of Schedule I, II, III or IV shall not apply to that specimen.

Comptroller
of Customs
to monitor.

72. The Comptroller of Customs, in consultation with the Management authority, shall monitor the use of any import, export or re-export permit granted by the Management authority in respect of a specimen specified in Schedule I, II, III or IV or the actual import, export or re-export of such specimen.

Schedule I (regs. 5,6,7,8,11,18,26,58,60,65,67,70, 71 and 72)

Column I	Column II	Column III
FAUNA		
CHORDATA		
MAMMALIA		
MONOTREMATA		
Tachyglossidae		<i>Zaglossus</i> spp.
DASYUROMORPHIA		
Dasyuridae	<i>Sminthopsis longicaudata</i> <i>Sminthopsis psammophila</i>	
Thylacinidae	<i>Thylacinus cynocephalus</i> p.e.	
PERAMELEMORPHIA		
Peramelidae	<i>Chaeropus ecaudatus</i> p.e. <i>Macrotis lagotis</i> <i>Macrotis leucura</i> <i>Perameles bougainville</i>	
DIPROTODONTIA		
Phalangeridae		<i>Phalanger orientalis</i> <i>Spilocuscus maculatus</i> =301
Vombatidae	<i>Lasiorhinus krefftii</i>	
Macropodidae	<i>Lagorchestes hirsutus</i> <i>Lagostrophus fasciatus</i> <i>Onychogalea fraenata</i> <i>Onychogalea lunata</i>	<i>Dendrolagus inustus</i> <i>Dendrolagus ursinus</i>
Potoroidae	<i>Bettongia</i> spp. <i>Caloprymnus campestris</i> p.e.	
CHIROPTERA		
Pteropodidae	<i>Acerodon jubatus</i> <i>Acerodon lucifer</i> p.e.	<i>Acerodon</i> spp. *
	<i>Pteropus insularis</i> <i>Pteropus mariannus</i> <i>Pteropus molossinus</i>	<i>Pteropus</i> spp. *

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
	<i>Pteropus phaeocephalus</i> <i>Pteropus pilosus</i> <i>Pteropus samoensis</i> <i>Pteropus tonganus</i>	
PRIMATES		PRIMATES spp. * =302
Lemuridae	Lemuridae spp.	
Megaladapidae	Megaladapidae spp. =303	
Cheirogaleidae	Cheirogaleidae spp.	
Indridae	Indridae spp.	
Daubentoniidae	<i>Daubentonia madagascariensis</i>	
Callithricidae	<i>Callimico goeldii</i> <i>Callithrix aurita</i> =304 <i>Callithrix flaviceps</i> =304 <i>Leontopithecus</i> spp. =305 <i>Saguinus bicolor</i> <i>Saguinus geoffroyi</i> =306 <i>Saguinus leucopus</i> <i>Saguinus oedipus</i>	
Cebidae	<i>Alouatta coibensis</i> =307 <i>Alouatta palliata</i> <i>Alouatta pigra</i> =308 <i>Ateles geoffroyi frontatus</i> <i>Ateles geoffroyi panamensis</i> <i>Brachyteles arachnoides</i> <i>Cacajao</i> spp. <i>Chiropotes albinasus</i> <i>Lagothrix flavicauda</i> <i>Saimiri oerstedii</i>	
Cercopithecidae	<i>Cercocebus galeritus galeritus</i> <i>Cercopithecus diana</i> =309 <i>Macaca silenus</i> <i>Mandrillus leucophaeus</i> =310 <i>Mandrillus sphinx</i> =310 <i>Nasalis concolor</i> =311 <i>Nasalis larvatus</i> <i>Presbytis potenziani</i> <i>Procolobus pennantii kirkii</i> =312 <i>Procolobus rufomitratus</i> =313 <i>Pygathrix</i> spp. =314 <i>Semnopithecus entellus</i> =315 <i>Trachypithecus geei</i> =316 <i>Trachypithecus pileatus</i> =317	
Hylobatidae	Hylobatidae spp.	

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
Hominidae	<i>Gorilla gorilla</i> <i>Pan spp.</i> <i>Pongo pygmaeus</i>	
XENARTHRA		
Myrmecophagidae		<i>Myrmecophaga tridactyla</i>
Bradypodidae		<i>Bradypus variegatus</i> =318
Dasypodidae	<i>Priodontes maximus</i> =319	<i>Chaetophractus nationi</i> °601
PHOLIDOTA		
Manidae		<i>Manis spp.</i>
LAGOMORPHA		
Leporidae	<i>Caprolagus hispidus</i> <i>Romerolagus diazi</i>	
RODENTIA		
Sciuridae	<i>Cynomys mexicanus</i>	<i>Ratufa spp.</i>
Muridae	<i>Leporillus conditor</i> <i>Pseudomys praeconis</i> <i>Xeromys myoides</i> <i>Zyzomys pedunculatus</i>	
Chinchillidae	<i>Chinchilla spp.</i> °602	
CETACEA		CETACEA spp. *
Platanistidae	<i>Lipotes vexillifer</i> <i>Platanista spp.</i>	
Ziphiidae	<i>Berardius spp.</i> <i>Hyperoodon spp.</i>	
Physeteridae	<i>Physeter catodon</i> =320	
Delphinidae	<i>Sotalia spp.</i> <i>Sousa spp.</i>	
Phocoenidae	<i>Neophocaena phocaenoides</i> <i>Phocoena sinus</i>	
Eschrichtiidae	<i>Eschrichtius robustus</i> =321	

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
	<i>Prionodon pardicolor</i>	<i>Prionodon linsang</i>
Hyaenidae		<i>Parahyaena brunnea</i> =331
Felidae		Felidae spp. * °602
Felidae (cont.)	<i>Acinonyx jubatus</i> °603 <i>Caracal caracal</i> ** +204 =332 <i>Catopuma temminckii</i> =333 <i>Felis nigripes</i> <i>Herpailurus yaguarondi</i> ** +205 =333 <i>Leopardus pardalis</i> =333 <i>Leopardus tigrinus</i> =333 <i>Leopardus wiedii</i> =333 <i>Lynx pardinus</i> =334 <i>Neofelis nebulosa</i> <i>Oncifelis geoffroyi</i> =333 <i>Oreailurus jacobita</i> =333 <i>Panthera leo persica</i> <i>Panthera onca</i> <i>Panthera pardus</i> <i>Panthera tigris</i> <i>Pardofelis marmorata</i> =333 <i>Prionailurus bengalensis bengalensis</i> ** +206 =333 <i>Prionailurus planiceps</i> =333 <i>Prionailurus rubiginosus</i> ** +207 =333 <i>Puma concolor coryi</i> =333 <i>Puma concolor costaricensis</i> =333 <i>Puma concolor cougar</i> =333 <i>Uncia uncia</i> =335	
Otariidae	<i>Arctocephalus townsendi</i>	<i>Arctocephalus</i> spp. *
Phocidae	<i>Monachus</i> spp.	<i>Mirounga leonina</i>
PROBOSCIDEA		
Elephantidae	<i>Elephas maximus</i> <i>Loxodonta africana</i> ** -103	<i>Loxodonta africana</i> * +208 °604
SIRENIA		
Dugongidae	<i>Dugong dugon</i> ** -104	<i>Dugong dugon</i> * +209
Trichechidae	<i>Trichechus inunguis</i> <i>Trichechus manatus</i>	<i>Trichechus senegalensis</i>
PERISSODACTYLA		

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
Equidae	<i>Equus africanus</i> =336 <i>Equus grevyi</i> <i>Equus hemionus hemionus</i> <i>Equus onager khur</i> =337 <i>Equus przewalskii</i> =338 <i>Equus zebra zebra</i>	<i>Equus hemionus</i> * <i>Equus kiang</i> =337 <i>Equus onager</i> * =337 <i>Equus zebra hartmannae</i>
Tapiridae	Tapiridae spp. **	<i>Tapirus terrestris</i>
Rhinocerotidae	Rhinocerotidae spp. **	<i>Ceratotherium simum simum</i> * +210 *605
ARTIODACTYLA		
Suidae	<i>Babyrousa babyrussa</i> <i>Sus salvanius</i>	
Tayassuidae	<i>Catagonus wagneri</i>	Tayassuidae spp. * -105
Hippopotamidae		<i>Hexaprotodon liberiensis</i> = 339 <i>Hippopotamus amphibius</i>
Camelidae	<i>Vicugna vicugna</i> *** -106	<i>Lama guanicoe</i> <i>Vicugna vicugna</i> * +211 *606
Moschidae	<i>Moschus</i> spp. ** +212	<i>Moschus</i> spp. * -107
Cervidae	<i>Axis calamianensis</i> =340 <i>Axis kuhlii</i> =341 <i>Axis porcinus annamiticus</i> =342 <i>Blastocerus dichotomus</i> <i>Cervus duvaucelii</i> <i>Cervus elaphus hanglu</i> <i>Cervus eldii</i> <i>Dama mesopotamica</i> =343 <i>Hippocamelus</i> spp. <i>Megamuntiacus vuquanghensis</i> <i>Muntiacus crinifrons</i> <i>Ozotoceros bezoarticus</i> <i>Pudu puda</i>	<i>Cervus elaphus bactrianus</i> <i>Pudu mephistophiles</i>
Antilocapridae	<i>Antilocapra americana</i> +213	

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
Bovidae	<i>Addax nasomaculatus</i>	<i>Ammotragus lervia</i> <i>Bison bison athabascaae</i>
	<i>Bos gaurus</i> =344 <i>Bos mutus</i> =345 +602 <i>Bos sauveli</i> =346 <i>Bubalus depressicornis</i> =347 <i>Bubalus mindorensis</i> =347 <i>Bubalus quarlesi</i> =347	
	<i>Capra falconeri</i>	<i>Budorcas taxicolor</i>
	<i>Cephalophus jentinki</i>	<i>Cephalophus dorsalis</i>
Bovidae (cont.)		<i>Cephalophus monticola</i> <i>Cephalophus ogilbyi</i> <i>Cephalophus silvicultor</i> <i>Cephalophus zebra</i> <i>Damaliscus pygargus pygargus</i> =348
	<i>Gazella dama</i> <i>Hippotragus niger variari</i>	<i>Kobus leche</i>
	<i>Naemorrhodus baileyi</i> =349 <i>Naemorrhodus caudatus</i> =349 <i>Naemorrhodus goral</i> <i>Naemorrhodus sumatraensis</i> =350 <i>Oryx dammah</i> =351 <i>Oryx leucoryx</i>	<i>Ovis ammon</i> *
	<i>Ovis ammon hodgsonii</i> <i>Ovis ammon nigrimontana</i>	<i>Ovis canadensis</i> +213
	<i>Ovis orientalis ophion</i> =352 <i>Ovis vignei vignei</i> =353 <i>Pantholops hodgsonii</i> <i>Pseudoryx nghetinhensis</i> <i>Rupicapra pyrenaica ornata</i> =354	<i>Saiga tatarica</i>

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
<u>AVES</u>		
STRUTHIONIFORMES		
Struthionidae	<i>Struthio camelus</i> +214	
RHEIFORMES		
Rheidae	<i>Rhea pennata</i> =355	<i>Rhea americana</i>
TINAMIFORMES		
Tinamidae	<i>Tinamus solitarius</i>	
SPHENISCIFORMES		
Spheniscidae	<i>Spheniscus humboldti</i>	<i>Spheniscus demersus</i>
PODICIPEDIFORMES		
Podicipedidae	<i>Podilymbus gigas</i>	
PROCELLARIIFORMES		
Diomedeidae	<i>Diomedea albatrus</i>	
PELECANIFORMES		
Pelecanidae	<i>Pelecanus crispus</i>	
Sulidae	<i>Papasula abbotti</i> =356	
Fregatidae	<i>Fregata andrewsi</i>	
CICONIIFORMES		
Balaenicipitidae		<i>Balaeniceps rex</i>
Ciconiidae	<i>Ciconia boyciana</i> =357	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>
	<i>Jabiru mycteria</i> <i>Mycteria cinerea</i>	
Threskiomithidae	<i>Geronticus eremita</i> <i>Nipponia nippon</i>	<i>Eudocimus ruber</i> <i>Geronticus calvus</i>
		<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>
Phoenicopteridae		Phoenicopteridae spp.

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
ANSERIFORMES		
Anatidae	<i>Anas aucklandica</i> =358	<i>Anas bernieri</i> <i>Anas formosa</i>
	<i>Anas laysanensis</i> =359 <i>Anas oustaleti</i> =360 <i>Branta canadensis leucopareia</i>	<i>Branta ruficollis</i>
	<i>Branta sandvicensis</i> <i>Cairina scutulata</i>	<i>Coscoroba coscoroba</i> <i>Cygnus melanocorypha</i> <i>Dendrocygna arborea</i> <i>Oxyura leucocephala</i>
	<i>Rhodonessa caryophyllacea</i> p.e.	<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>
FALCONIFORMES		FALCONIFORMES spp. * -108
Cathartidae	<i>Gymnogyps californianus</i> <i>Vultur gryphus</i>	
Accipitridae	<i>Aquila adalberti</i> =361 <i>Aquila heliaca</i> <i>Chondrohierax uncinatus wilsonii</i> =362 <i>Haliaeetus albicilla</i> <i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i> <i>Harpia harpyja</i> <i>Pithecophaga jefferyi</i>	
Falconidae	<i>Falco araea</i> <i>Falco jugger</i> <i>Falco newtoni</i> ** +215 <i>Falco peregrinoides</i> =363 <i>Falco peregrinus</i> <i>Falco punctatus</i> <i>Falco rusticolus</i>	
GALLIFORMES		
Megapodiidae	<i>Macrocephalon maleo</i>	
Cracidae	<i>Crax blumenbachii</i> <i>Mitu mitu</i> =364 <i>Oreophasis derbianus</i> <i>Penelope albipennis</i> <i>Pipile jacutinga</i> =365a <i>Pipile pipile</i> =365b	
Phasianidae	<i>Catreus wallichii</i> <i>Colinus virginianus ridgwayi</i>	<i>Argusianus argus</i>

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
Phasianidae (cont.)	<p><i>Crossoptilon crossoptilon</i> <i>Crossoptilon harmani</i> =366 <i>Crossoptilon mantchuricum</i></p> <p><i>Lophophorus impejanus</i> <i>Lophophorus lhuysii</i> <i>Lophophorus sclateri</i> <i>Lophura edwardsi</i> <i>Lophura imperialis</i> <i>Lophura swinhoii</i></p> <p><i>Polyplectron emphanum</i></p> <p><i>Rheinardia ocellata</i> =368 <i>Syrnaticus ellioti</i> <i>Syrnaticus humiae</i> <i>Syrnaticus mikado</i> <i>Tetraogallus caspius</i> <i>Tetraogallus tibetanus</i> <i>Tragopan blythii</i> <i>Tragopan caboti</i> <i>Tragopan melanocephalus</i> <i>Tympanuchus cupido attwateri</i></p>	<p><i>Gallus sonneratii</i> <i>Ithaginis cruentus</i></p> <p><i>Pavo muticus</i> <i>Polyplectron bicalcaratum</i></p> <p><i>Polyplectron germaini</i> <i>Polyplectron malacense</i> <i>Polyplectron schleiermachersi</i> =367</p>
GRUIFORMES		
Gruidae	<p><i>Grus americana</i> <i>Grus canadensis nesiotis</i> <i>Grus canadensis pulla</i> <i>Grus japonensis</i> <i>Grus leucogeranus</i> <i>Grus monecha</i> <i>Grus nigricollis</i> <i>Grus vipio</i></p>	Gruidae spp. *
Rallidae	<i>Gallirallus sylvestris</i> =369	
Rhynchotidae	<i>Rhynchotos jubatus</i>	
Otididae	<p><i>Ardeotis nigriceps</i> =371 <i>Chlamydotis undulata</i> <i>Eupodotis bengalensis</i> =371</p>	Otididae spp. *
CHARADRIIFORMES		
Scolopacidae	<p><i>Numenius borealis</i> <i>Numenius tenuirostris</i></p>	

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
	<i>Tringa guttifer</i>	
Laridae	<i>Larus relictus</i>	
COLUMBIFORMES		
Columbidae	<i>Caloenas nicobarica</i> <i>Ducula mindorensis</i>	<i>Gallucolumba luzonica</i> <i>Goura</i> spp.
PSITTACIFORMES		PSITTACIFORMES spp. * -109
Psittacidae	<i>Amazona arausiaca</i> <i>Amazona barbadensis</i> <i>Amazona brasiliensis</i> <i>Amazona guildingii</i> <i>Amazona imperialis</i> <i>Amazona leucocephala</i> <i>Amazona pretrei</i> <i>Amazona rhodocorytha</i> =372 <i>Amazona tucumana</i> <i>Amazona versicolor</i> <i>Amazona vinacea</i> <i>Amazona viridigenalis</i> <i>Amazona vittata</i> <i>Anodorhynchus</i> spp. <i>Ara ambigua</i> * <i>Ara glaucogularis</i> =373 <i>Ara macao</i> <i>Ara maracana</i> <i>Ara militaris</i> <i>Ara rubrogenys</i> <i>Aratinga guarouba</i> <i>Cacatua goffini</i> <i>Cacatua haematuropygia</i> <i>Cacatua moluccensis</i> <i>Cyanopsitta spixii</i> <i>Cyanoramphus auriceps forbesi</i> <i>Cyanoramphus cookii</i> =374 <i>Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae</i> <i>Cyclopsitta diophthalma coxeni</i> =375 <i>Eos histrio</i> <i>Geopsittacus occidentalis</i> p.e. =376 <i>Neophema chrysogaster</i> <i>Ognorhynchus icterotis</i> <i>Pezoporus wallicus</i> <i>Pionopsitta pileata</i> <i>Probosciger aterrimus</i> <i>Psephotus chrysopterygius</i> <i>Psephotus dissimilis</i> =377 <i>Psephotus pulcherrimus</i> p.e. <i>Psittacula echo</i> =378	

Schedule I

Column I	Column II	Column III
	<i>Pyrrhura cruentata</i> <i>Rhynchopsitta</i> spp. <i>Strigops habroptilus</i> <i>Vini ultramarina</i>	
CUCULIFORMES		
Musophagidae		<i>Musophaga porphyreolopha</i> =379 <i>Tauraco</i> spp.
STRIGIFORMES		STRIGIFORMES spp. *
Tytonidae	<i>Tyto soumagnei</i>	
Strigidae	<i>Athene blewitti</i> <i>Mimizuku gurneyi</i> =380 <i>Ninox novaeseelandiae undulata</i> =381 <i>Ninox squamipila natalis</i>	
APODIFORMES		
Trochilidae	<i>Ramphodon dohmii</i> =382	Trochilidae spp. *
TROGONIFORMES		
Trogonidae	<i>Pharomachrus mocinno</i>	
CORACIIFORMES		
Bucerotidae	<i>Aceros nipalensis</i> <i>Aceros subruficollis</i> <i>Buceros bicornis</i> <i>Buceros vigil</i> =384	<i>Aceros</i> spp. * <i>Anorrhinus</i> spp. =383 <i>Anthracoceros</i> spp. <i>Buceros</i> spp. * <i>Penelopides</i> spp.
PICIFORMES		
Ramphastidae		<i>Pteroglossus aracari</i> <i>Pteroglossus viridis</i> <i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i> <i>Ramphastos toco</i> <i>Ramphastos tucanus</i> <i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>
Picidae	<i>Campephilus imperialis</i> <i>Dryocopus javensis richardsi</i>	
PASSERIFORMES		

Schedule II

	<i>Casmerodius albus</i> =488	Ghana
	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	Ghana
Ciconiidae	<i>Ephippiorhynchus senegalensis</i>	Ghana
	<i>Leptoptilos crumeniferus</i>	Ghana
Threskiomithidae	<i>Bostrychia hagedash</i> =489	Ghana
	<i>Bostrychia rara</i> =490	Ghana
	<i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i>	Ghana
ANSERIFORMES		
Anatidae	<i>Alopochen aegyptiacus</i>	Ghana
	<i>Anas acuta</i>	Ghana
	<i>Anas capensis</i>	Ghana
	<i>Anas clypeata</i> =491	Ghana
	<i>Anas crecca</i>	Ghana
	<i>Anas penelope</i>	Ghana
	<i>Anas querquedula</i>	Ghana
	<i>Aythya nyroca</i> =492	Ghana
	<i>Cairina moschata</i>	Honduras
	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>	Honduras
	<i>Dendrocygna bicolor</i> =493	Ghana, Honduras
	<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>	Ghana
	<i>Nettapus auritus</i>	Ghana
	<i>Plectropterus gambensis</i>	Ghana
	<i>Pteronetta hartlaubii</i> =494	Ghana
FALCONIFORMES		
Cathartidae	<i>Sarcoramphus papa</i>	Honduras
GALLIFORMES		
Cracidae	<i>Crax alberti</i>	Colombia/Colombie
	<i>Crax daubentoni</i>	Colombia/Colombie
	<i>Crax globulosa</i>	Colombia/Colombie
	<i>Crax rubra</i>	Colombia/Colombie, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras
	<i>Ortalis vetula</i>	Guatemala, Honduras
	<i>Pauxi pauxi</i> =495	Colombia/Colombie
	<i>Penelope purpurascens</i>	Honduras
	<i>Penelopina nigra</i>	Guatemala
Phasianidae	<i>Agelastes meleagrides</i>	Ghana
	<i>Agriocharis ocellata</i>	Guatemala
	<i>Arborophila chartonii</i>	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Arborophila orientalis</i> =496	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Caloperdix oculea</i>	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Lophura erythrophthalma</i>	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Lophura ignita</i>	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Melanoperdix nigra</i>	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Polyplectron inopinatum</i>	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Rhizothera longirostris</i>	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Rollulus rouloul</i>	Malaysia/Malasia/Malaisie
	<i>Tragopan satyra</i>	Nepal/Népal

Schedule II

CHARADRIIFORMES

Burhinidae *Burhinus bistriatus* Guatemala

COLUMBIFORMES

Columbidae *Columba guinea* Ghana
Columba inditorques =497 Ghana
Columba livia Ghana
Columba mayeri =498 Mauritius/Mauricio/Maurice
Columba unicolor Ghana
Oena capensis Ghana
Streptopelia decipiens Ghana
Streptopelia roseogrisea Ghana
Streptopelia semitorquata Ghana
Streptopelia senegalensis Ghana
Streptopelia turtur Ghana
Streptopelia vinacea Ghana
Treron calva =499 Ghana
Treron waalia Ghana
Turtur abyssinicus Ghana
Turtur afer Ghana
Turtur brehmeri =500 Ghana
Turtur tympanistris =501 Ghana

PSITTACIFORMES

Psittacidae *Psittacula krameri* Ghana

CUCULIFORMES

Musophagidae *Corythaeola cristata* Ghana
Crinifer piscator Ghana
Musophaga violacea Ghana

PICIFORMES

Capitonidae *Semnornis ramphastinus* Colombia/Colombie

Ramphastidae *Bailloni bailloni* Argentina/Argentine
Pteroglossus castanotis Argentina/Argentine
Ramphastos dicolorus Argentina/Argentine
Selenidera maculirostris Argentina/Argentine

PASSERIFORMES

Cotingidae *Cephalopterus ornatus* Colombia/Colombie
Cephalopterus penduliger Colombia/Colombie

Muscicapidae *Bebromis rodericanus* Mauritius/Mauricio/Maurice
Terpsiphone bourbonnensis =502 Mauritius/Mauricio/Maurice

Fringillidae *Serinus canicapillus* =503 Ghana
Serinus leucopygius Ghana
Serinus mozambicus Ghana

Schedule II

Estrildidae	<i>Amadina fasciata</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Amandava subflava</i> =504	Ghana	
	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Estrilda caerulescens</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Estrilda melopoda</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Estrilda troglodytes</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Lagonosticta rara</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Lagonosticta rubricata</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Lagonosticta rufopicta</i>	Ghana	
	Estrildidae (cont.)	<i>Lagonosticta senegalae</i>	Ghana
		<i>Lagonosticta vinacea</i> =505	Ghana
		<i>Lonchura bicolor</i> =506	Ghana
		<i>Lonchura cantans</i> =507	Ghana
		<i>Lonchura cucullata</i> =506	Ghana
<i>Lonchura fringilloides</i> =506		Ghana	
<i>Mandingoa nitidula</i> =508		Ghana	
<i>Nesocharis capistrata</i>		Ghana	
<i>Nigrita bicolor</i>		Ghana	
<i>Nigrita canicapilla</i>		Ghana	
<i>Nigrita fusconota</i>		Ghana	
<i>Nigrita luteifrons</i>		Ghana	
<i>Ortygospiza atricollis</i>		Ghana	
<i>Parmoptila rubrifrons</i> =509		Ghana	
<i>Pholidornis rushiae</i>		Ghana	
<i>Pyrenestes ostrinus</i> =510		Ghana	
<i>Pytilia hypogrammica</i>		Ghana	
<i>Pytilia phoenicoptera</i>		Ghana	
<i>Spermophaga haematina</i>		Ghana	
<i>Uraeginthus bengalus</i> =511		Ghana	
Ploceidae	<i>Amblyospiza albifrons</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Anaplectes rubriceps</i> =512	Ghana	
	<i>Anomalospiza imberbis</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Bubalornis albirostris</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Euplectes afer</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Euplectes ardens</i> =513	Ghana	
	<i>Euplectes franciscanus</i> =514	Ghana	
	<i>Euplectes hordeaceus</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Euplectes macrourus</i> =515	Ghana	
	<i>Malimbus cassini</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Malimbus malimbicus</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Malimbus nitens</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Malimbus rubricollis</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Malimbus scutatus</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Pachyphantes superciliosus</i> =516	Ghana	
	<i>Passer griseus</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Petronia dentata</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Plocepasser superciliosus</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Ploceus albinucha</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Ploceus aurantius</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Ploceus cucullatus</i> =517	Ghana	
	<i>Ploceus heuglini</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Ploceus luteolus</i> =518	Ghana	
<i>Ploceus melanocephalus</i> =519	Ghana		
<i>Ploceus nigerrimus</i>	Ghana		

Schedule II

<i>Ploceus nigricollis</i>	Ghana	
	<i>Ploceus pelzelni</i>	Ghana
	<i>Ploceus preussi</i>	Ghana
	<i>Ploceus tricolor</i>	Ghana
	<i>Ploceus vitellinus</i> =520	Ghana
	<i>Quelea erythrops</i>	Ghana
	<i>Sporopipes frontalis</i>	Ghana
	<i>Vidua chalybeata</i> =521	Ghana
	<i>Vidua interjecta</i>	Ghana
	<i>Vidua larvaticola</i>	Ghana
	<i>Vidua macroura</i>	Ghana
	<i>Vidua orientalis</i> =522	Ghana
	<i>Vidua raricola</i>	Ghana
	<i>Vidua togoensis</i>	Ghana
	<i>Vidua wilsoni</i>	Ghana
REPTILIA		
TESTUDINATA		
Trionychidae	<i>Trionyx triunguis</i>	Ghana
Pelomedusidae	<i>Pelomedusa subrufa</i>	Ghana
	<i>Pelusios adansonii</i>	Ghana
	<i>Pelusios castaneus</i>	Ghana
	<i>Pelusios gabonensis</i> =523	Ghana
	<i>Pelusios niger</i>	Ghana
SERPENTES		
Colubridae	<i>Atretium schistosum</i>	India/Inde
	<i>Cerberus rhynchops</i>	India/Inde
	<i>Xenochrophis piscator</i> =524	India/Inde
Elapidae	<i>Micrurus diastema</i>	Honduras
	<i>Micrurus nigrocinctus</i>	Honduras
Viperidae	<i>Agkistrodon bilineatus</i>	Honduras
	<i>Bothrops asper</i>	Honduras
	<i>Bothrops nasutus</i>	Honduras
	<i>Bothrops nummifer</i>	Honduras
	<i>Bothrops ophryomegas</i>	Honduras
	<i>Bothrops schlegelii</i>	Honduras
	<i>Crotalus durissus</i>	Honduras
	<i>Vipera russellii</i>	India/Inde
FLORA		
GNETACEAE	<i>Gnetum montanum</i> #1	Nepal/Népal
MAGNOLIACEAE	<i>Magnolia liliifera</i> var. <i>obovata</i> =525 #1	Nepal/Népal
MELIACEAE	<i>Swietenia macrophylla</i> #5	Bolivia/Bolivie +218, Brazil/Brasil/Brésil +219, Costa Rica +220,

Schedule II

Mexico/México/Mexique +221

PAPAVERACEAE

Meconopsis regia #1

Nepal/Népal

PODOCARPACEAE

Podocarpus nerifolius #1

Nepal/Népal

TETRACENTRACEAE

Tetracentron sinense #1

Nepal/Népal

SCHEDULE III

(regs. 5,6,7,8,18,26,58,60,65,70,71 and 72)

Species threatened with extinction in Guyana

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Mammals	
* Giant Anteater	<i>Myrmecophaga tridactyla</i>
Giant Armadillo/Yasi	<i>Priodontes maximum</i>
Jaguar/Tiger cat	<i>Panthera onca</i>
Oncilla	<i>Felis tigrina</i>
Manatee	<i>Trichechus manatus</i>
*Tapir/Bush Cow	<i>Tapirus terrestris</i>
Birds	
Harpy eagle	<i>Harpia harpyja</i>
*Sun Parakeet	<i>Aratinga solstitialis</i>
*Cock of the Rock	<i>Rupicola rupicola</i>
*Canje Pheasant	<i>Opisthocomus hozain</i>
Reptiles	
Marine Sea Turtles	
Fish	
*Arapaima	<i>Arapaima gigas</i>

SCHEDULE IV

(regs. 5,6,7,8,18,26,58,60,65,70,71 and 72)

Species requiring protection in Guyana

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Mammals	
Labba	<i>Agouti paca</i>
Tamandua	<i>Tamandua tetradactyla</i>
*Water dog	<i>Pteronura brasiliensis</i>
*Haka tiger	<i>Felis yagouroundi</i>
*Ocelot	<i>Felis pardalis</i>
*Puma/Mountain Lion	<i>Felis concolor</i>
*Spider monkey	<i>Ateles paniscus</i>
*White faced saki	<i>Pithecia pithecia</i>
Birds	
*Curry Curry	<i>Eudocimus ruber</i>
Jabiru/Wood Stork	<i>Jabiru mycteria</i>
*King vulture	<i>Sarcorampus papa</i>
Humming bird	<i>All species</i>
*Parrolets	<i>Touit spp</i>
*White eyed Parrot	<i>Amazona farinosa</i>
Toco Toucan	<i>Ramphastos toco</i>
*Tower Tower	<i>Oryzoborus angolensis</i>
*Twa Twa	<i>Oryzoborus crassirostris</i>

Reptiles	
Inland turtles	<i>Podocnemis unifilis</i>
Inland turtles	<i>Podocnemis expansa</i>
*Black Caiman	<i>Melanosuchus niger</i>
*Dwarf Caiman	<i>Paleosuchus palpebrosus</i>
Land Camudi	<i>Boa constrictor constrictor</i>
Amphibians	
Poison Arrow frogs	<i>Dendrobates spp</i>

SCHEDULE V

(reg. 11)

FORM A

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT/CERTIFICATE TO TRADE, IMPORT, EXPORT, RE-EXPORT or
INTRODUCE FROM THE SEA ANIMALS OR PLANTS LISTED IN SCHEDULE I, II, III, IV OR V

1. Name of Applicant(s)
(Surname first, if a person)
2. Address of Applicant
(Registered or principal office, if a body corporate)
3. Nationality of Applicant
4. Species scientific & Common name of the animal/ plant/taxa to be covered
.....
5. Number of animal/plant, quantity (kg.)
6. Type of goods mark (if any)
7. Activity to be authorised
(trading, importing, exporting, re-exporting, introduction from the sea)
8. State whether living, dead or in the wild
9. Description of animal/plant
(include size, sex (if known, type of goods if a derivative)
10. Description of method of transportation, type, size and construction of container used for
transportation of live animal/plant, arrangements for watering, caring during transportation
.....
.....
.....
11. In case of import, name and Address of recipient/exporter in foreign country
.....
.....
12. Name of country and place where animal/plant is taken from the wild
.....
.....
13. Statement of purposes and details of activities where Schedule I animal/plant is to be
imported.

13. Statement of purposes and details of activities where Schedule I animal/plant is to be imported.

14. Brief resume of technical expertise of applicant etc. who will take care of Schedule I animal/plant

15. Name, address, description, where Schedule I animal/plant including diagrams, photographs of facility where maintained

16. Description of mortalities in last two years before application or genus of similar animal or family where Schedule I plant/animal and steps to avoid such mortalities.....

17. State documents, sworn affidavits or other evidence showing whether animal/plant acquired before commencement of regulations, bred in captivity, artificially propagated or derived therefrom, herbarium, dried specimen etc., exported, re-exported as a non-commercial loan, donation exchange between scientists, scientific institutions

18. In case of import, particulars of documents from sending country.

(valid export permit/valid foreign re-export permit)

19. In case of export/re-export particulars of documents from receiving country

(where application for export, re-export permit)

20. I hereby declare that I shall comply with the law relating to trading, exporting, re-exporting, importing and introducing from the sea, of animal and plant specimen and articles and agree to give the Management Authority such information as may be lawfully required by the Authority.

Signature of Applicant

Date.....

SCHEDULE V

(reg. 35)

FORM B

FORM OF LICENCE

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1996
(No. 11 of 1996)

A licence is hereby granted to

To hold animals on premises situated at

.....
.....
.....

for a period of

.....
.....for the purposes of *trade, *import, *export or *re-export

Dated this day of 19

.....
Executive Director,
Environmental Protection Agency

- Cross out which do/does not apply.

SCHEDULE V

(reg. 39)

FORM C

**NOTICE TO BE DISPLAYED OUTSIDE PREMISES FOR
THE KEEPING OF ANIMALS**

1. The notice shall be on wood or metal, of a size not less than eighteen (18) in width and twelve (12) inches in height, with words in black on a white background, maintained in a legible state.
2. The notice shall be displayed at a height between five (5) and six (6) feet above the floor level on the entrance of the premises, easily visible from the approach to the entrance.
3. The wording on the notice shall be as follows:

**"ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1996"
(No. 11 of 1996)**

"These premises are licensed for the holding of animals for the purposes of trade, import, export and re-export".

Number.....

SCHEDULE V

(reg. 39)

FORM D

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1996 - LICENCE FOR HOLDING PREMISES

These premises situated at

.....

and owned/leased by.....

are licensed as from

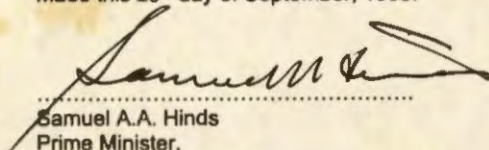
for a period of one year for the holding of animals for the purposes of *trade, *import, *export, *re-export as prescribed in the Protection of Particular Species of Flora and Fauna Regulations, 19.....

Licence Number

.....
Executive Director,
Environmental Protection Agency

-
- Cross out which does not apply

Made this 29th day of September, 1999.



.....
Samuel A.A. Hinds
Prime Minister,
Performing the functions
Of the President.